The New-York Times.

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EDITORS NEW-YORK TIMES.

Gentlemen: We most respectfully submit the Annual Report of

THE NEW-YORK MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
NO. 8 UNION SQUARE.
NEW YORK.
TO JANUARY 1, 1864.

Number of Patients Registered			5,150	
do.	do.	Cured		3,650
do.	do.	Benefitted		840
do.	do.	Not yet heard from		600
do.	do.	Incurable		60
Total			5,150	5,150

E. G. GAUFFREAU. Secretary.

This Institution, devoted to the treatment of all diseases of the New School Practice of Medicine, is under the personal charge of the below-named well-known Physicians and Surgeons.

It is one of the most complete and extensive Medica establishments in America, and is daily thronged with hundreds of patients from all parts of the country,

What may seem almost incredible is, that many diseases which have hitherto been pronounced incurable, are, by the new practice, cured in a few days or weeks, and we cordially invite investigation to cures which have no parallel in the present day.

These researches unfold entirely new principles governing the laws of life!!!

It has fallen to our province to treat some of the most frightful and complicated diseases afflicting men and women, and our success has exceeded anything ever recorded in any age.

The Institute is founded on the principles of Science, Truth and Humanity; and all who visit us may rest assured of receiving all that *Honest, Frank* and *Human Treatment* and true *Science* and *Skill can bestow!*

We fearlessly take in hand and cure a class of acute and chronic diseases which have in all ages resisted the best medical skill.

Our practice is the most extensive in the United States and many of our prominent physicians send us patients whom they cannot cure, or whose cure would involve long time and great expense.

Among diseases most successfully treated at the Institute, may be enumerated:

Female Compl'ts...Neuralgia..........Paralysis.
Consumption....Deafness..........Palpitation Heart.
Scrofula..........Nervousness......Eye Diseases.
Dropsy..............Asthma..............Epilepsy.
Rupture............Diabetes............Cancers.
Bronchitis........Headache...........Rheumatism.
Catarrh............Impotence..........Piles..........
Salt Rheum........Weakness..........Osseous Joints.
Spinal Diseases....Liver Complaints..Deformities.
Dyspepsia..........Kidney Compl'ts...Spermatorrhea.

Our cures may be found in nearly every city and village of the North.

Dr. Scott and Associates, No. 8 Union-square, N. Y.:

Dear Sir: Having been afflicted with paralysis [*Hemiplegia*] for a number of years, and after giving up all hopes of cure, I write this for the benefit of similar sufferers. My entire left side was totally paralyzed; my left arm felt like a weight of lead, and I could walk with great difficulty; my mouth was also drawn to one side, rendering articulation almost impossible. Under your treatment, in the space of a few weeks, I felt the most wondrous change throughout my whole system. I can now walk without any trouble, I have recovered the use of my arm, my face is straight, and I can talk as well as ever.

MRS. A. SOULE,
No. 103 Madison-st,

Dr. Scott—*Dear Sir:*

After suffering for more than four years from nervous debility, and trying various physicians and medicines without avail, I placed myself under your treatment, and now feel perfectly restored. No words are able to convey an idea of the change wrought in my whole system by the physicians of the Institute. For the sake of thousands of young men, who have suffered like myself, and been imposed on by quacks and nostrums, I give you permission to refer to my case.

Very truly yours,
GEORGE HOFFMAN,
No. 677 Water-street.

CASES TREATED BY CORRESPONDENCE AS HERETOFORE.

Our interesting little work, THE GOLDEN BOOK, descriptive of our treatment, system and principles, sent free to any address, or may be had by calling at the Institute. Other works are in press and will shortly be announced.

An interesting paper descriptive of the NEW PRACTICE will appear next Saturday in the Daily *Times*.

J. WALTER SCOTT, M. D.,
TALBOT CLARKE, M. D.,
WM. TRIPP, M. D.,
Resident Physicians.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

ARRIVAL OF THE CREOLE.

How Gen. Banks' Proclamation is Regarded.

Capture of the Blockade-Runner Gray Jacket.

INTERESTING FROM TEXAS AND MEXICO.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION AT MATAMORAS.

AN AFFAIR IN MATAGORDA BAY.

Burning of the Rebel Steamer J. G. Carr.

The steamers *Creole* and *George Washington*, from New-Orleans, arrived here yesterday afternoon, bringing intelligence to Jan. 16.

We are indebted to their respective Pursers for prompt delivery of files and correspondence.

New-Orleans, Thursday, Jan. 14.

The late proclamation of Gen. Banks is the chief topic of conversation. It is much commended by loyal men, and condemned by only one secession paper here, the *Courier Francais*.

The question of who shall be Governor is much debated. The name most prominent before the public is Thomas J. Durant, an eminent lawyer of this city, and a staunch loyalist.

A steamer of 400 tons, named the *Gray Jacket*, with a valuable cargo of cotton, turpentine, resin, etc., was putting out from Mobile Bay, on the last of December, when she was captured by the gunboat *Kennebec*. The *Grey Jacket* was built and commanded by Capt. Tim Meagher, who had boarded her and was trying to run her to Havana.

A pleasant interchange of courtesies took place on board the sloop-of-war *Pensacola* yesterday morning. Don Jose Ramon Pacheco, Special Minister from Mexico to France, who is now in New-Orleans on his way home, accompanied by Col. Don Francisco N. de Bordon and Lieut. Col. J. R. Ortega, nephew of Gen. Gonzales Ortega, visited the flagship for the purpose of paying their respects to Commodore Bell. They were received with the courtesy and ceremony due their rank. As they left the *Pensacola* a national salute of 21 guns was fired.

Señor Pacheco leaves for Mexico in a day or two.

A long term of unprecedented cold and wet weather for this lattitude, is at last succeeded by sunshine.

New-Orleans, Friday, Jan. 15.

Gen. Grover's division has been ordered to Madisonville, a town lately captured on the other side of Lake Ponchartrain.

P. S. Gilmore, of Boston, arrived here this morning, by the steamer *Mississippi*, having in charge two bands for Ged. Anderson's division.

Gen. Dana has been ordered to Matagorda Bay, and Gen. Herron to Brownsville.

The steamer *Melville*, from Matamoras, has arrived with 390 bales of cotton.

Commander J. H. Strong, of the United States steamer *Monongahela* has reported to the Navy Department that on the 29th of December, at the request of Gen. Washburne, he sent the United States steamer *Granite City* and *Scioto* ud the Peninsula off the entrance of Matogarda Bay, Texas, with Gen. Ransom and one hundred troops to cut off the rebel pickets. While the *Scioto* was absent on a reconnoissance, at the mouth of Brazos River, the troops, which had been landed, were attacked by a force of 800 or 1,000 rebel cavalry, but were defended by the *Granite City*, which fired 140 rounds before the enemy was driven off. On the return of the *Scioto*, the *Granite City* went down to Pass Caballo and brought up the *Monongahela* and *Penobscot*, and falling in with the United States gunboat *Estrella* on her way back. On their arrival they found that the cavalry had made several attacks during the night, but had been kept off by the *Sciota*, which anchored close into the breakers and shelled on either side of the troops. During the day a rebel steamer on the inside came close up and shelled our troops out of their position, and forcing them to retreat down the beach. The *Scioto, Granite City* and *Estrella* were sent in close to the shore to protect the troops during the night, and a Norther coming on the next morning the rebel steamer was discovered ashore, probably driven on by the gale. The weather prevented steaming in to destroy her during the day, but on going in the next morning she was found to have been destroyed by fire. The name of the steamer was subsequently ascertained to be the *J. G. Carr*.

After throwing a two hundred pound shell at the wreck to ascertain if any person still remained about there, Commander Strong returned to Pass Caballo and found that the *Sciota, Granite City* and *Estrella*, having succeeded in getting the troops on board, had brought them back there.

Another revolution has occurred at Matamoras. Ruiz took charge of the city Jan. 1st. He was to resign the next day, and the names of three persons were to be presented to the Supreme Government, out of whom to select a Governor; none of them to be persons who have taken part in the pending questions.

Col. Rojas is to be Prefect of the city. Capistrau is to be Commanding-General of the troops which are to march against the French at Tampico, with Cortina as second in command.

A Brownsville letter reports that Gov. Serna's forced loan was made on foreigners as well as Mexicans, including four Americans. One of them Mr. Galvan, was imprisoned for refusing to advance $10,000. He subsequently paid the money under protest.

All the acts of Serna, including the forced loan, are approved by Gov. Ruiz.

Gen. Dana was informed of the proceedings, and promptly notified Gov. Serna that such indignities to American citizens could not be tolerated, and it would be his best policy to return the funds he had exacted. The three other Americans had, it seemed, paid their assessments without protest. Gen. Dana then took possession of the ferry-boats at Brownsville and Freeport, and had a force drawn up, provided with two days' rations, preparatory to business. Serna immediately repaid the borrowed money.

The Texas regiments are filling up rapidly. Col. Davis' and Col. Haynes' cavalry regiments have each 1,100 men.

An expedition to Roma, which had been absent a month, captured a considerable quantity of cotton, and three cotton agents. Gen. Herron, on the 2d of January, relieved Gen. Dana, who assumes command at Matagorda. This change was ordered previous to the above-named affair.

Gen. Washburne is a passenger on the *Cahawba*, which left New-Orleans in company with the *George Washington*, for New-York. He was relieved by Gen. Dana.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

Affairs in Louisiana—Gen. Banks' Proclamation—How it was Received—The Gubernatorial Candidates.

From Our Own Correspondent.

New-Orleans, Friday, Jan. 15, 1864.

GEN. BANKS' PROCLAMATION.

Scarcely anything else is thought of or spoken of, in New-Orleans, just now, but the admirable Proclamation issued by Gen. Banks on the morning of Jan. 12th; a document as eloquent in its terms as it was well devised and far-reaching in its effects. Never were a people, apparently, so completely taken by surprise; never did the excellent plans either of mice or of men gang so completely aglee. Columbus showing the Spaniards how to make an egg stand on end was nothing but a mere historic trifle to what history will have to say of how the magician, Banks, taught the people of Louisiana to stand on their own legs; and many who were, up to Tuesday last, plotting all sorts of ways for seeing the State brought in as a free one, gazed upon the Proclamation of the Commanding General with much the same mixture of astonishment and joyous admiration that the Spaniards are said to have done at the egg of Columbus.

And really the cases were exactly the same in one very essential particular: they were both exceedingly simple, and only required the operator to know *how to do it*. We all knew that Slavery was practically dead here long ago; no other view of it has been taken among the loyal people, and yet here were we all acting as if the monster had yet to be killed, until Gen. Banks came and showed us how to believe our own eyes. He not only talks but acts as if Slavery were really dead. Starting upon the basis that Slavery is abolished by this war, and consequently out of the pale of all further discussion, he tells us that the State officers elected by virtue of his Proclamation shall, when elected for the time being and until others are appointed by competent authority, constitute the civil government of the State, under the constitution and laws of Louisiana, "except so much of the said constitution and laws as *recognize, regulate and relate to Slavery, which being inconsistent with the present condition of public affairs, and plainly inapplicable to any class of persons now existing within its limits, must be suspended, and they are therefore and hereby declared to be inoperative and void.*"

There is the whole matter literally in a nut-shell; or I should perhaps have said in an egg-shell. Slavery being dead, there is literally nothing more to be said about it. And all we have to do is to go straight ahead with the business of election, for there is now no other possible bone of contention about anything else. Gen. Banks, seeing that the process that was being carried on by the Free State organizations for calling a State Convention, would consume necessarily a vast amount of time and probably bring our State politics into the dangerous vortex of the Presidential campaign, very wisely—and doubtless with a pretty broad hint from somebody not far from the White House—came to the conclusion that we would arrive much sooner at the point to which we were aiming, by reversing the method and electing our State officers first, upon an unmistakably loyal and Anti-Slavery basis.

The merit of this really deep and masterly stroke of policy, is that it completely dumfounders all political schemers among the loyal ranks, while no really truly loyal man can possibly find one word to complain about. It simply does our work for all of us much better and quicker than any of us seem to have imagined possible. The consequence of the sudden and unexpected issue of this Proclamation is consequently most amusing in its visible effects upon people of, hitherto, apparently precisely the same mode of thinking. Your true and honest loyalist, who never had any thought beyond the good of his State and his country, tosses up his hat and hurrahs for every word of it. Your calculating patriot, on the contrary, who had, for months past, been zealously displaying his spread-eagle patriotism, for the sake of pelf and power, looks chapfallen, and finds no ends of flaws in the Proclamation. A calcium light suddenly turned upon the darkness of midnight could not show things more plainly than this sterling document reveals the inmost recesses of men's motives in this department; and the exposure is all the more keen and searching because nobody seems to have been at all prepared for it, and had not a minute's notice to put in their pockets any juggling machinery.

I am glad to say that the leading press of the City are unanimous in their support of the Proclamation in its entire shape; the *Times*, the *Era*, and the *True Delta*, (lately changed hands as I told you,) having come out in several leaders each, all warmly indorsing the measure.

THT NEW GOVERNOR.

Following immediately and necessarily upon the Proclamation is the excitement as to who the parties are to be for nomination to the various offices mentioned in it; that of Governor, Lieutenat-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney-General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Auditor of Public Accounts. The principal man to find is of course, the Governor; and you may imagine the wire-pulling now at work, with the day of election so unexpectedly fixed and the time comparatively so short. People are casting about everywhere, each one a double-distilled Diogenes, running about, lantern in hand, and trying in broad daylight to find an honest man: although I knew several myself and and could nominate half a dozen, any one of whom *ought to be* Governor, but probably, for that very simple reason, never *will be*.

The *Times* has not yet hoisted its flag for any candidate, being probably anxious to gain time for making a wise and good selection, and then go in and win. The *Era* is also still on the fence, but came out this morning with sundry names by outsiders, but with no editorial indorsement of either. Among these were Thomas J. Durant, Hon. Cuthbert Bullitt, Judge Howell, L. Madison Day, George A. Fosdick, Judge A. A. Atocha and Mr. Horner. There are good names among those, but it is yet too soon to even guess at their individual chances of success. The ingredients of the political cauldron are all still being violently stirred, and I must wait until they settle a little before I venture to give an opinion as to the merits of its contents. There is one name not mentioned there—indeed not eligible if it were—but to which the New-Orleans *Times* has paid the following well-deserved compliment:

"We should be wanting, indeed, at this hour—when the fact that the next Governor must be chosen under the Constitution of the State, requiring a four years' residence for eligibility, will relieve us from any imputation of attempting to curry favor—if we did not say one word in this connection of the administration of Gov. Shepley. The State has great cause to regret that this constitutional provision concerning eligibility stands in the way of his retaining the chief magistracy. Able, patriotic and honest, he has labored zealously and effectively for us. There is no one of the long list of Governors of this State to whom more praise is due, and will be due from posterity, for successful efforts to render enduring services to her. Did our laws admit of it, he would be our first civil Governor; and the regret is everywhere expressed that he cannot be. The loyal electors would be relieved from all difficulty as to their choice, could his name stand at the head of their ticket."

NEMO.

Gen. Lorenzo Thomas.

Philadelphia, Friday, Jan. 22.

Gen. Lorenzo Thomas, of the United States Army, was the recipient to-day of a complimentary dinner from the Corn Exchange of this city at the Girard House.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Passage of the Internal Revenue Bill in the House.

SYNOPSIS OF ITS PRINCIPAL FEATURES.

OPERATIONS OF THE BLOCKADING FLEET.

Washington, Friday, Jan. 22.

SBECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WHAT DID THE HUBBUB MEAN?

Sharp musketry firing continuing for several minutes was heard about three o'clock Thursday morning, among the rebels, over the Rapidan, near Ely's Ford. It was supposed to be occasioned by a concerted attempt to desert all at once, by a considerable body of their men. The hour at which it occurred was sufficient evidence that something unusual was up among them.

ABOUT THE EVACUATION OF RICHMOND.

Reports that Richmond is being gradually evacuated by the rebel Government continued to be brought here by persons from that place. It is positively stated that the removal of the gun-making machinery from the Tredegar Iron Works has been going on for weeks. It has been sent to Columbia, S. C.

THE HOUSE CONSCRIPTION BILL.

The House Military Committee labored three hours to-day upon its conscription bill, which, by the by it prefers to the Senate's.

THE LEAF-TOBACCO AND PETROLEUM TAXES.

The Committee on Ways and Means, beside working upon their Legislative and Executive bills, underwent boring from the average number of delegations sent here by the leaf and manufactured tobacco and the petroleum and whisky interests. They will submit to this boring again to-morrow.

THE RESTORATION OF LOUISIANA.

The Unionists of Louisiana are laboring to have the State election ordered by Gen. Banks' proclamation postponed, until after a convention of the people to adopt a new Constitution and abrogate the old State laws, recognizing Slavery. The President has been earnestly requested to order this postponement.

THE NEW-YORK CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Deputy Collector Embree was before the Committee who are investigating the New-York Custom-house mismanagement. Mr. Bailey, the secret traveling Agent of the Treasury will testify to-morrow.

GEN. BUTLER'S ADMINISTRATION AT NORFOLK.

Gov. Pierrepont and the Alexandria-Virginia Legislature are said to have been to the President, to add their own complaints to those of the secesh of Norfolk against the vigorous administration of Gen. Butler.

DISCHARGED FROM FORT LAFAYETTE.

Col. Alfred States, President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, who was sent to Fort Lafayette by Gen. Schenk, was to-day discharged by the Secretary of War.

WHAT THE TAX BILL WILL DO.

The friends of the Tax Bill, which passed the house to-day, claim that it will increase the revenue at least one hundred and fifteen millions of dollars a year. The additional tax on whisky alone will add over fifty millions to the revenue.

THE PROJECTED MONSTER STEAMERS.

The monster war-steamers now awaiting contract will have beam-engines, with four 90-inch cylinders and four feet stroke; two brass screws, 19 feet diameter; two lines of shafting, tubular boilers, with 2,000 square feet of grate surface, 56,000 square feet heating surface and brass tubes, and surface condensers. From stem to stern, the vessels will be 475 feet long, 63¾ feet wide at extreme breadth, and 23¾ feet deep from floor plate to the lower side of the casemate deck. They must be, in the words of the proposals, of the best quality in matarial and workmanship that can be produced.

A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR THE REGULARS.

All enlisted men now in the regular army, whose terms of service expire during the present year, are permitted to reënlist at any time before the 1st of March, 1864. On reënlisting they will be entitled to the extra bounty of three hundred dollars.

ARRIVAL OF DESERTERS.

Six deserters of the rebel army came into the lines of Gen. Kilpatrick on Wednesday. Two of them have been placed on picket. The number coming in for a day or two past has been unusually large. Among those brought to headquarters, yesterday, was a Captain.

PROMOTION.

Lieut.-Col. Otto Harhous has been promoted to the Colonelcy of the Harris Light cavalry, Second New York.

APPOINTED.

Samuel F. Jacobs has been appointed to a lieutenancy in the Second regular dragoons and assigned to duty on Gen. Halleck's Staff.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, Friday, Jan. 22.

THE BLOCKADE—NAVAL OPPERATIONS.

On the 20th of December last, the schooner *Fox*, tender to the U. S. Flag-ship *San Jacinto*, Eastern Gulf Squadron, destroyed in the Suwanee River, Florida, a rebel steamer, supposed to be the *Little Lila*, formerly the *Nan Nan*, and before that the *Flushing*. She was set fire to by a boat's crew belonging to the *Fox*. On the 24th of December, the same vessel captured the British schooner *Edward*, from Havana, off the mouth of the Suwanee River. The cargo consisted of salt and lead. On the same day, the U. S. steamer *Sunflower*, captured off Tampa Bay, the rebel sloop *Hancock*, from Havana, loaded with salt, borax, etc.

On the 4th of January, the U. S. steamer *Tioga* captured off the southwest point of Great Bahama Island a schooner, name not given, loaded with salt, liquors, coffee and segars. She claimed to be bound from Nassau to Havana, but when discovered, was about eighty-five miles north of the port of clearance, and standing directly for the blockaded coast about Indian River.

At daylight on Jan. 11 a steamer was seen beached and burning near Lockwood's Folly Inlet, west of Cape Fear River, N. C. On being boarded with the loss of one man from the fire of the sharpshooters on shore, her log-book was rescued from which it appeared she was the *Ranger*, from Newcastle, via Bermuda. On the 10th of January, she made our coast and landed her passengers, and the next morning at daylight, being intercepted by the flagship *Minnesota* and three other blockaders, in her approach to Western Bar she was beached, and fired by her crew. The attempts to extinguish the fire and haul the vessel off, being frustrated by the enemy's sharpshooters, the blockading vessels were brought as near as possible to the shore, and a fire opened to dislodge them. It being found impossible to save the *Ranger*, she was also fired into until she was burned completely out. Meanwhile a black smoke rising further westward, the *Aires* proceeded there, but soon returned and reported it to be a fine-looking, double-propeller blockade runner—ascertained to be the *Vesta*—was beached and fired, and that the sharpshooters on shore prevented them boarding her. This was supposed to be the one cleared the previous evening by the *Quaker City, Tuscarora* and *Keystone State*; and that communicating with the shore, and learning of the presence of the blockaders in forced, and perhaps being short of coal, she was beached by her crew and fired, rather than be captured. In reporting this, Admiral Lee remarks: "The Department will perceive that this is the twenty-second steamer lost by the rebels and blockade-runners attempting to violate the blockade off Wilmington within the last six months—an average of nearly one steamer every eight days. These losses must greatly lessen the means of the rebel authorities to export cotton, obtain supplies and sustain their credit, and thus dispirit and weaken them very much." A subsequent report states that the latter of the two vessels above mentioned was boarded on the 12th of January.

Under cover of the gunboats *Yankee, Currituck, Anacostia, Tulip* and *Jacob Bell*, of the Potomac flotilla, Gen. Marston landed a force of cavalry and infantry between the Potomac and Rappahannock Rivers, and succeeding in capturing a small body of the enemy and a large number of cavalry horses.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Washington, Friday, Jan. 22.

THE COINAGE COMMITTEE.

The Speaker announced the following gentlemen as the newly authorized Committee on a uniform system of Coinage, Weights and Measures:

Messrs. Kasson, of Iowa; Schenck, of Ohio; Winfield, of New-York; Williams, of Pennsylvania, and Grider, of Kentucky.

It was then resolved that when the House adjourn it be until Monday at 12½ o'clock.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the bill to increase the internal revenue, and agreed to the amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) offered a substitute for the amended bill. He said it was similar to the bill as originally reported from the Committee of Ways and Means, making more distinct the feature that a tax of 60 cents per gallon on spirits shall be levied on that which may be distilled or sold, or distilled and removed for consumption or sale after the 12th of January, 1864. He said the legislators of 1862, when the internal tax system was inaugurated, after a free and full discussion distinctly declared that all our taxes should be prospective. This principle was decided by those who at that time had control of the legislation of Congress. They had a right to suppose that that was the policy of the country. To depart from it now, by adhering to the amendments agreed to-day, would be rank injustice to those who had governed themselves by this principle.

The House then voted on and rejected the substitute, 51 against 10.

The amended bill was then passed by a vote of 87 Yeas against 68 Nays, as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs Alley, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Arnold, Ashley, Bailey, Baldwin of Michigan, Baldwin of Massachusetts, Baxter, Beaman, Blaine, Blair of Western Virginia, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandagee, Broomall, Brown of Western Virginia, Ambrose W. Clark, Clay, Cobb, Cresswell, Davis, Deming, Dixon, Driggs, Eckley, Eliot, Farnsworth, Ganson, Garfield, Gooch, Grider, Grinnell, Griswold, Hale, Hall, Hotchkiss, Hubbard of Iowa, Hubbard of Connecticut, Hulburd, Hutchins, Jenckes, Julian, Kalbfleisch, Kasson, Kelley, Kellogg of Michigan, Kellogg of New-York, Kernan, Longyear, Marvin, McClurg, McIndoe, Miller of New-York, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Norton, Odell, O'Neill of Pennsylvania, Perham, Pike, Price, Randall of Kentucky, Rice of Maine, Rice of Massachusetts, Scofield, Rollins of Missouri, Stebbins, Steele of New-York, Sweat, Thayer, Thomas, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Wadsworth, Washburne of Illinois, Washburne of Massachusetts, Whaley, Wheeler, Williams, Wilson, Windom, Winfield, Woodbridge, Yeaman.

Nays.—Messrs. James A. Allen, William J Allen, Ancona, Bliss, Blow, Brooks, Brown of Wisconsin, Chanler, Coffroth, Cole, Cravens, Davis of New-York, Dennison, Dawson, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, English, Fenton, Finck, Frank, Harding, Harrington, Harris of Maryland, Herrick, Holman, Johnson of Ohio, Knapp, Lazear, Leblond, Long, Mallory, McAllister, McDowell, McKinney, Miller of Pennsylvania, Morrill, Morris of New-York, Morris, of Ohio, Morrison, Noble, O'Neill of Ohio, Orth, Pendleton, Perry, Pomeroy, Pruyn, Radford, Randall of Pennsylvania, Robinson, Rollins of New-Hampshire, Ross, Schenck, Scott, Shannon, Smith, Smithers, Spaulding, Steele of New-Jersey, Stevens, Stiles, Stuart, Voorhees, Elijah Ward, Chilton A. White, Joseph W. White, Wilder, Fernando Wood.

The bill, as passed, provides that after the passage of this act in lieu of the duty in the act of July 1, 1862, and in addition to duties payable for licenses, there shall be levied, collected and paid on all spirits that may be distilled and sold or removed for consumption and sale of first proof, the duty of 60 cents on each and every gallon, and said duty shall be a lien and charge on said spirits, and also on the interest of all persons in default in the distillery used for distilling the same, with the stills, vessels, fixtures and tools therein, and in the lot or tract of land whereon the distillery is situated until the duty shall be paid, and all whisky or any other spirits on being rectified or mixed with any other spirit or fluid whatever, or into which any matter whatever may be infused, and to be sold as whisky, brandy, rum, gin, wine, or by any other name and not otherwise provided by this act or for the act to which it is amendatory, shall pay an additional tax of 20 cents per gallon; provided, that the said duty on spirituous beverages enumerated in this act shall be collected at no lower rate than the basis of first proof, and shall be increased in proportion for any greater strength than the strength of first proof; provided, that all spirits on hand for sale, whether distilled prior to the date of this act or not, shall be subject to the rates of duty provided by this act from and after the 12th day of January, 1864, except that spirits which have been already taxed under the law of July 1, 1862, shall not bear more than the additional or increased tax provided by this act.

The second section provides for the seizure and forfeiture of spirits or other articles taxed in this bill, when there is reason to believe that the same are possessed or held for the purpose of being sold in defraud of the Internal Revenue Laws; the penalty on conviction to be $500, or not less than double the amount of duties fraudulently attempted to be evaded.

The third section provides that all distilled spirits upon which an excise duty is imposed by law, may be exported without the payment of duty; and when the same is intended for exportation, it may, without being charged with duty, be removed. No drawback shall in any case be allowed on any distilled spirits upon which an excise duty shall have been paid, either before or after it shall have been placed in a bonded warehouse, as aforesaid. But no provision of this act shall be construed to repeal existing laws, which provide that distilled spirits may be removed from the place of manufacture or bonded warehouse for the purpose of being redistilled for exportation, or which provides for the manufacture for exportation of medicines, compositions, perfumery and cosmetics.

The fourth section provides that from and after the passage of this act, in lieu of the duties heretofore levied, there shall be paid on all cotton produced or sold and removed for consumption, and upon which no duty has been paid, a duty of two cents a pound, provided, that on all cotton on which the duty of a half cent has been paid, the additional duty of one and a half cents shall be levied and collected, and provided further, that all provisions of law whereby cotton in the hands of manufacturers of cotton fabrics on Oct. 1, 1862, and prior theoeto, is exempted from taxation, are hereby repealed, and the same shall be subject to the rate of taxation imposed by this act.

The bill also provides that from and after the passage of this act in addition to the duties heretofore imposed by law, there shall be levied, collected and paid on spirits distilled from grain or other materials, whether of American or foreign production, imported from foreign countries, if first proof, a duty of 40 cents on each and every gallon, and no lower rate of duty shall be levied or collected than upon the basis of first proof, and shall be increased in proportion for any greater strength than the strength of first proof, and that upon all such spirits imported prior to the passage of this act, there shall be levied, collected and paid, an additional tax of 40 cents per gallon, to be collected under the directions, and according to the regulations established by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It is made the duty of Assessors and Assistant Assessors to assess the additional duties levied by this act upon all spirits and cotton, on which the duty already prescribed shall have been paid or assessed at the time when this act takes effect. The duties so assessed shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all the real and personal estate of the owner of such spirits or cotton, to be enforced in the same manner as is provided in the case of manufacturers who neglect or refuse to pay the duties provided by the act, to which this is an addition, provided that the additional duty of one and a half cents per pound shall be levied upon cotton sold by the United States previous to the passage of this act, and on which a duty of one-half of one cent per pound has been paid, and upon all cotton so sold on which no duty has been paid, a duty of two cents per pound shall be assessed and collected.

THE CONFISCATION ACT.

The House resumed the consideration of the joint resolution amendatory of the Confiscation Act.

Mr. Spaulding, of Ohio, (Union,) indicated an amendment he meant to offer, that no proceeding shall work any forfeiture of real estate of the offender contrary to the provisions of the Constitution. He expressed his views in favor of confiscation, declaring that he had more respect for the open and avowed traitor in the field than for their sympathizers. He was for compelling the rebels to submit. If this could not be done, he would drive them into expatriation, if not into extermination.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) denied that the Constitution has the least reference to any of the provisions of the pending resolution. The forfeiture of estates in fee was purely a proceeding under the laws of war and of nations, over which the Constitution has no control or effect whatever. The property of alien enemies is to be seized and treated as enemies' property. The rebels had risen to a separate government, having been recognized as belligerents not only by foreign nations, but by our own. So far as they are concerned they are absolved from the guarantees of the Constitution. Whichever nation conquers, has a right to treat the other as a conquered province. They are in the attitude of a foreign nation. If a State, as a State, makes war and becomes a belligerent power, we can, when we conquer it, treat it as any other foreign nation; and this is not a question under but outside of the Constitution. By the laws of war the conqueror may seize and convert to his own use everything belonging to the enemy and sell it to pay the expenses of the war and the damages occasioned by it. As the Confederate States have voluntarily thrown themselves out of the provisions of the Constitution, placed themselves under the law of nations, it is our duty to knock off every shackle from every limb. The cry for the "Union as it was, and the Constitution as it is," was but an attempt to perpetuate Slavery. May the God of justice paralyze all such efforts.

There were no further proceedings on the joint resolution.

BOUNTIES TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

Mr. Ward, of New York, (Dem.,) introduced a bill which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, to amend the act entitled an act to authorize the employment of volunteers to aid in enforcing the laws and protecting public property, approved July 22, 1861, providing that every non-commissioned officer, private or other person, who has been, or shall hereafter be honorably discharged from the army of the United States, within two years from the date of their enlistment, by reason of the expiration of the term of service, consolidation of any regiment, battalion or company, in consequence of disease contracted in the service, or other cause, shall be entitled to receive the same bounty as is granted, or may be granted to the same class of persons, who are discharged after a service of two years.

At 5 o'clock the House adjourned till Monday.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Albany, Friday, Jan. 22.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY.

For the Preservation of Historical Manuscripts in the office of the Secretary of State.

To incorporate the Roosevelt Hospital, New-York.

To incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company.

BILLS NOTICED.

By Mr. Dutcher—To amend the charter of the Lebanon Springs Railroad Company.

Also, to amend the charter of Poughkeepsie.

By Mr. Folger—Relative to proceedings to compel a determination of real property.

Also, relative to cemeteries incorporated in villages.

By Mr. Laimbeer—Relative to corporations in New-York.

By Mr. Angel—Relative to appeals from Justices Courts.

By Mr. Strong—For relief for the Brooklyn, East New York and Rockaway Railroad Company.

Also, for a railroad in Lexington-avenue and other avenues and streets in New-York.

Also, to amend the Brooklyn Water Act.

Also, to extend Park-avenue, Brooklyn.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Cornell—Providing that every Bank shall be entitled to one Notary Public.

By Mr. White—Relative to the Syracuse water-works.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

For the relief of Lucius Southwick and others.

Relative to the Cemetery Association in Camden, Oneida County.

Authorizing the employment of a stenographer in the Monroe County Court.

The resolutions proposing the amendment of the Constitution so as to provide for five Commissioners of Appeal.

Adjourned till Monday evening.

ASSEMBLY.

Albany, Friday, Jan. 22.

Gov. Seymour transmitted the annual report of the Metropolitan Police Commissioners.

The Speaker presented the annual report of the Canal Commissioners; also, that of the Superintendent of the Onondaga Salt Springs.

REPORTS.

By Mr. Reddington—The Soldiers' Voting Bill.

By Mr. Green—Against the claim of Gen. Ward B. Burnett.

By Mr. Robinson—Relative to the Police Justices in Brooklyn.

By Mr. T. Dewey—To punish the adulteration of milk.

By. Mr. Douglass—Relative to the American Seamen's Fund Society; also, the Ancient Britons' Benefit Society.

By Mr. Morgan—The Kent-avenue, Brooklyn, Main Sewer Bill.

By Mr. Hopkinson—To amend the charter of Sing Sing Village.

The bill to facilitate the submission to the people of the proposed amendment of the Constitution to enable soldiers to vote was referred back, with power, to report complete.

Mr. Bullock, from the Committee appointed to inquire into the condition of the soldiers at Riker's Island and other military depots, reported that the matter required personal investigation, and moved the appointment of a Special Committee for that purpose.

After debate by Messrs. Pinckney, Crooke, G. Parker, Bullock and Barnes in favor, and Messrs. Healey, Alvord and Parker against, the subject was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, to report within a week.

BILLS NOTICED.

By Mr. Filkins—To provide for the better protection of passengers on railroads.

By Mr. L. Green—Relative to the compensation of Supervisors.

By Mr. Crook—For the relief of the Brooklyn, East New-York and Rockaway Railroad.

By Mr. O'Connor—To close the Jamaica Plank-road in the City of Brooklyn.

By Mr. Perry—For the relief of the Long Island Gas Company.

By Mr. Ingraham—To authorize the First-avenue and Jersey Ferry Railroad Company to lay a track in certain streets.

Also to incorporate the Manhattanville and Carmansville Railroad Company.

By Mr. Reed—For the protection of seamen in the port of New-York.

By Mr. Rogers—To incorporate the Lexington-avenue and Thirty-fourth-street Railroad Company.

By Mr. Benedict—For the construction of a Railroad on Grand and other streets.

By Mr. Olvany—To incorporate the Grand-street and South Ferry Railroad Company.

By Mr. Curtis—To incorporate the Christopher and Houston-street Railroad Company.

By Mr. Eickhoff—Relative to the Board of Appeals of the New-York Fire Department.

Also to legalize certain resolutions of the Common Council.

By Mr. Mattoon—To incorporate the Lexington-avenue Railroad Company.

By Mr. McNiel—To incorporate the New-York and Brooklyn Baggage and Express Company.

By Mr. Reddington—To amend the act relative to the charter of the City of New-York, passed 1863.

Also relative to actions against the Corporation of New-York or its officers.

By Mr. Stanford—To amend the charter of Union College.

By Mr. Lockwood—To incorporate the New-York and Westchester Railroad Company.

By Mr. Pinckney—To construct a railroad through Fulton, Ann, and other streets in New-York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Robinson—To amend the Auburn Free School Act.

By Mr. Post—For a swing bridge in Elmira.

By Mr. L. Green—To amend the charter of Batavia.

By Mr. Walsh—To construct a public market in Brooklyn.

By Mr. Reed—Relative to the accommodation of freight and passengers in New-York.

By Mr. Eickhoff—To incorporate the Brooklyn Germania Society.

By Mr. Olvany—Prohibiting the use of chain bridges at ferry landings.

By the Speaker—To legalize certain orders of County Judges.

By Mr. Bookstaver—To amend the railroad law.

By Mr. Collins—To provide for a State reporter for the Supreme Court.

By Mr. Lockwood—To fix the boundary line between New-York and Westchester.

By Mr. Mattoon—For a railroad in Lexington and other avenues in New-York. Adjourned.

The One Hundred and Second New-York Volunteers.

Pittsburgh, Penn., Friday, Jan. 22.

The One hundred and second Veteran Volunteers, from Gen. Geary's division, pass through Philadelphia to-morrow on their way home.

THE METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The Clergy and the Metropolitan Fair.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The article in the TIMES of this morning, headed "The Clergy and the Fairs," it seems to me, should not be allowed to pass without a distinct and emphatic protest. I feel perfectly sure that the remarks of "An Episcopal Clergyman," which have called forth your unhandsome comments, will meet the entire approval of the large body of the clergy of all denominations in the City. They are based on conscientious grounds, which good people of every name will justify; and they are expressed in a moderate and becoming tone. The truth is, that this whole business of lotteries and gambling at fairs, under the pretense of Christian benevolence, has always been felt to be wrong in principle, as well as a direct violation of the laws of the land; a practice which should never be allowed, therefore, to plead Christian example in its support. But it became so flagrant at a great fair given in this City, a few years ago, that I believe the feeling was general that this thing would not again be shielded by silence on the part of the clergy. When, then, there is reason to apprehend that it may be done, unreflectingly, on a larger scale than ever before, I am sure the moral and religious portion of this community will be much more ready to honor the clergy for their fidelity in giving warning, than to approve the matter and tone of your editorial remarks upon your Episcopal correspondent and the clergy in general. How far the loyalty of the clergy in this City can be justly impeached, what has been their course and influence, as a body, in the present civil strife, what record they have made now, as in former times, I apprehend is no secret to any who seek to be informed. They may rest in quietude on that point, for I suppose their course as a body and as individuals is well-known.

But in relation to the Fair for the Sanitary Commission, that object is too noble. The war, more, as it is conscientiously believed, for principle and more Christian in its purposes than any ever before waged, is too holy to be defiled by the spirit of gambling. And for one I do sincerely hope that they who have the matter in charge, will at once relieve all minds and remove all grounds of opposition, by arrangements that shall respect conscientious scruples and the sentiment of reverence for law—a sentiment which eminently at this moment and in all things relating to this war, should be most carefully cherished.

THOS. E. VERMILYE.

Law and Gospel.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A member of the Legislature in a neighboring State made a most impressive speech, if we may judge by the frequency with which it has been quoted.

"Mr. President—Have we laws, or have we not laws? If we have laws and those laws are not regarded, to what purpose are those laws?"

A brother member rejoined: "Mr. President—Has the gentleman spoken to the purpose, or not to the purpose? And if he has not spoken to the purpose, to what purpose did he speak?"

Believing that he spoke very much to the purpose, I wish to apply his pertinent inquiries to the present vexed question of raffles and lotteries at fairs. Time was when public opinion tolerated lotteries; by them money was raised for charitable, nay, for religious purposes, and it stands on record that some funds for Union College were raised by lottery.

But law, supported by public opinion, recognizing the mischiefs of fostering a gambling spirit, has put down lotteries in our State at least.

The Revised Statutes read thus:

§ 29. SEC. 22. No person shall set up, or propose any money, goods, chattels or things in action, to be raffled for, or to be distributed by lot or chance, to any person who shall have paid or contracted to pay any valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining such money, goods or things in action. Any person offending against this provision shall forfeit three times the sum of money or value of the article so put up, together with the sum of ten dollars, to be recovered by and in the name of the overseers of the poor of the town in which the offence was committed.

SEC. 22. Forbids the buying in such raffle or distribution by lot or chance, under the same penalty. All such contracts are declared null and void.

SEC. 26. Provides that any lottery, game or device of chance in the nature of a lottery, by whatever name it may be called, other than such as have been authorized by law, shall be declared unlawful, and a common nuisance.

Our country is just now excited by an outburst of fairs, for a good and noble object, and one feature in all these fairs is a raffle, a sort of lottery, a plain and clear violation of the statute. Individual sentiment is against this violation of law, men say, and women, too. "I know it is against the law, but there is no other way of disposing of the articles; no other way of raising the money." Law is law, and a burglar might as well say, I know it is against the law to rob and steal, but I have no other means of supporting my family. (I speak of the two with regard to *law*, not of the relative value as crimes.)

A mammoth fair is in contemplation in New-York, and we were told it was to be conducted on strict and honorable business principles, and yet when the names of committees come out, lo! we read, "Committee on Raffles."

Suppose a shopkeeper on Broadway has a valuable article which has slow sale, and he wishes to dispose of it. So to all customers who choose he sells tickets at a dollar a piece. It would not take long to dispose of them, for most people would be willing to pay a dollar for a chance.

But how long would it be, think you, before he would have the police down upon him? "But," groans the poor man, "I could not dispose of it any other way." "Can't help it," says Policeman X.; "there's the *law*."

"But I must support my family; I want to raise money." Again he is met by *law*.

Now, the question is simply this, have good people, for a good object, a right to break the law? Yes? or No?

St. Paul was a lawyer as well as a perfect gentleman; and a very shrewd man, as well as right-minded. He had a very clear way of "putting things," and he said words not be forgotten, about "doing evil, that good may come."

One of the growing evils in our country is a disregard of law, producing mischiefs we all see and lament. Whatever may be individual opinions as to "harm done," (and that question can hardly be settled till some children who draw prizes can be followed to the gaming table, through a taste, possibly, thus awakened,) will not all good, right-minded persons sustain the law?

IONE.

Raffles at Fairs.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your views on lotteries in Fairs, in the comments on the communication of an "Episcopal Clergyman," that good men should use their influence to eliminate evil where it is incidental, are the expression of a higher Christianity than that which shrinks from the encounter.

But in respect to lotteries in the approaching Metropolitan Fair in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission, you are mistaken. They are to be allowed. In the official regulations, the fourth and fifth are as follows:

Fourth—In all raffles, the number of tickets sold shall not exceed the original valuation of the articles raffled for.

Fifth—No person shall be importuned to buy articles or tickets for raffles.

These regulations—the first of which is a specimen of composition discreditable to, the literary men and artists connected with the Fair, and defies all rules of construction—are adopted by and published under the sanction of an officer whose sworn duty it is to enforce the laws against gambling and lotteries.

W. H. A.

Sanitary Fairs—The Action of the Clergy.

THURSDAY, Jan. 21, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Two communications from clergymen concerning the forthcoming Fairs have already appeared in your paper. Permit a third minister to consider the subject, for it is one of considerable importance, whatever may be the light in which we look upon it.

The conclusion to which the clergymen seemed to arrive was, "The Sanitary Fair countenances raffling, lotteries and balls, therefore we shall give it at best only passive assistance." Now, it may be that I do them wrong—it may be they only meant to imply, "We believe balls and lotteries to have a pernicious influence. Believing this, we will denounce them by voice and pen, in sermons and by the press; and if the receipts of the Fairs are smaller in consequence, we are sorry, but we cannot help it." If this *was* the meaning, I have nothing to say against it. But the impression made upon my mind and the minds of others was, that the clergymen would have Christian churches and Christian individuals refrain from taking part in getting up the Fairs because unholy means for raising money were to be used in them. To this view I must take exception, for three reasons:

1. *The Fair is not a Christian one.* Its object is to obtain money for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers. This is its only object—money giving is its only creed. Religious opinions, social distinctions, political differences, are all lost sight of. Catholics and Protestants, Christians and Infidels, Jews, Turks and Heathen, tetotalers and moderate drinkers, Democrats, Republicans, Copperheads, Abolitionist and Contraband, all are asked but one question: "Will you aid in raising money which can be used in bringing comfort to our hospitals?" This certainly is the true view of the object. When this catholicity of object is admitted—this broad platform—does it not seem wrong to strive to force upon the whole the opinions of a part? Does it not seem wrong to set up another standard? Does it not look even uncharitable to demand that it should be conducted on Christian principles? If this was done, how could the Jew and the infidel take part? Yet these may be of a more liberal spirit than some Christians.

With regard to the legality of raffling, certain members of one of the Committees and the husbands of certain ladies belonging to the second, ought to know, being jurists of high standing, a great deal more about law than those who have spent their time in another field of mental labor.

2. The members of the Committee could not have prevented raffling, balls, &c., if they had tried.

There is no conclusion which is more clearly seen than that a law, to be enforced, must be sustained by public opinion. That public opinion and custom does sustain the measures which have been objected, is most evident. This very season, at nine fairs—all of them religious ones—seven had grab-bags or lotteries. At one there was raffling on Tuesday night, while on the previous Sabbath it had been denounced as a sin. All these things show that not even the religious public is opposed to this way of selling articles given to a church. What shall we say of the irreligious?

With public opinion so decided, you might levy any fine that you pleased, nay, you might place a policeman at every table, and there would be chance tickets sold in some form. The Committee could not have prevented it, but they could try and have tried to regulate it.

If the pulpit could in the interim convince the people that they were wrong, they would be given up. They would not.

3. Because if raffling, &c., be wrong and they are to be broken up, it can only be done by devising a more liberal way. Ministers are not to let their flocks wander in forbidden paths? They must not permit themselves to sanctify unholy means by throwing upon them the holy mantle of a good end. No, they must open their mouths and condemn what is worthy of condemnation or they incur the ridicule of their people and the displeasure of their God. The time-serving minister who is afraid to denounce wrong or to contend for the right, because his salary may be lessened, because his church may be taken from him, or because those in ecclesiastical power may be offended, is one of the most contemptible things of earth. No; let there be a thorough ventilation of the subject. Let the Christian minister explore the field of ethics, and gather arguments from the Word of God. Let the minister who believes that dancing is wrong—that a ball is always wrong—denounce the dance even though that sermon may keep a thousand people from paying $5 a piece for a ball-ticket. Let him show that it is never right to do wrong. But at the same time he should make appear that he is as zealous, as faithful, as willing to use religious means to increase the fund of a noble charity, as another is to make use of irreligious means. He can do this without any sacrifice of principle.

Each table in the Fair is as much under the owner's direction as one's own house. There are certain common regulations. Then all is left to the individual. He can raffle his goods if he please; he can sell them if he will. Each one is responsible for what he does.

New-York is not responsible for Slavery in Maryland, and the Newark City table is not responsible for what is sold or the manner of sale on some New-York City table. How noble, then, it would be for Christian ministers, after denouncing the sin of lotteries and balls for sanitary purposes, should add, "But we will conduct our table on Christian principles." How noble it would be for them to beg from the rich and poor some article for sale. How Christ-like it would be for them to expose some article for sale worth a thousand dollars.

Are there no professed Christians who would buy it? How absurd. Our Stewarts, our Phelpses, our Dodges, our Browns, our Grinnells are not dead yet.

How much more noble; how much more like Christ would such conduct be than to raise hands in holy horror and say: "We will have nothing to do with it." What a noble opportunity it would be to show that Christians are willing to spend and be spent. How glorious it would be to show that in a Christian way a greater sum could be raised than in any other. Lotteries should spur us to obtain more than is got through their means. They would then die a natural death.

On the other hand, if it be not right for ministers to help in getting up these fairs, then, in all consistency, they must stay away altogether.

K.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—FRIDAY, Jan. 22, 1864,
1 o'clock, P. M.

Present—John T. Henry, Esq., President, Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Ottiwell, Masterson, Farley, Long.

The minutes of January Fifteen were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Ryers—

Bill of the New-York World newspaper, for advertising for the Committee on National Affairs for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, amounting to two hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty-five cents.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

By Alderman Long—

Bill of Adam Allian for fitting up poll of Fifth District, Twelfth Ward.

Which was referred to Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Chipp—

Petition of Arcularius, Bonnot and Company; Spencer, Jennings and Company, and other merchants in Vesey, Fulton and Greenwich streets and Broadway, for the extension of Church-street.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Henry—

Bill of Patrick Lynch for fitting up polls of the Third, Fourth, Sixth and Seventh Districts, Fourth Ward; also, number eight Chambers-street, Sixth Ward.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Alderman Jones—

Petition for the extension of Worth-street, from Baxter to Mott streets and Chatham, in accordance with the accompanying map.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Hardy—

Bill of James Somers, for fitting up polls of the Second Election District of the Twentieth Ward.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Alderman McMahon—

Petition of George W. Vesey, for use of City Assembly rooms, for reception of returned volunteers, as named.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

By Alderman Farley—

Petition of the Hebrew Benevolent Society, for donation to remit assessment on their property.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman McMahon—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Calvin Witty to exhibit goods on the stoop of his place of business, number four hundred and fifty Broadway, in the City of New-York, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Fox—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Ayers & Williams to show goods in front of their place of business, number eighty-three Fulton-street, not to extend beyond their stoop-line, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Whereas, The term of enlistment of many of the regiments from this City that volunteered at the outbreak of hostilities for three years has nearly expired, all of whom have reenlisted, and, by direction of the War Department, have returned home on furlough for the purpose of recruiting to the full standard previous to entering upon a new campaign; and

Whereas, It is clearly the imperative duty of the Municipal authorities of this City to extend to the veterans comprising such regiments, upon their temporary return to their homes, such a reception as will exhibit to them the estimation in which their gallant services in behalf of the integrity of the Union are held by the patriotic City of New-York, speaking through its representation in the Common Council, as well as to give expression to the admiration entertained by our entire population for the patriotism, devotion to and love of country exhibited in again enlisting in its service for an additional period of three years; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs of both Boards of the Common Council be and hereby are directed to confer with the commandants of all such regiments as already have or may hereafter arrive in this City, with a view of setting apart a day for their formal reception by the Mayor and Common Council, and of affording our citizens an opportunity of manifesting their regard for these defenders of the Union; also, that said Committee confer with Major-General Sanford, commanding the First division New-York State militia, in order to obtain the services of the division, and take such other means as they may deem appropriate to do honor to the brave officers and men comprising the reenlisted regiments of volunteers from the City.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of Thomas Cosgrove for four hundred and eighty-two dollars, being extended as a remission of the penalty for excess of inspection fees on the work of regulating and grading Fifty-sixth street, between Bowery and Eighth-avenue, to be taken from accounts of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That Ninetieth-street, from Broadway to Ninth-avenue, be regulated and graded, and the curb and gutter stones be set, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That Forty first-street, from the Sixth-avenue to the Eighth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, one-half the expense thereof to be paid by the owners of property, the other half by the City.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman McMahon—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to Edward McGill to place a sign in front of his store, six hundred and sixty-one Broadway, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Reverend P. Francis Kaul, pastor of the Saint Joseph Church, corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street and Ninth-avenue, for the sum of three hundred and thirty-two dollars, as a donation to reimburse the said pastor for expenses of regulating the street in front of said church, the amount to be charged to the account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Long—

Resolved, That the low and sunken lots on the south side of Manhattan-street, on both sides of Tenth-avenue, be filled in with good and wholesome earth, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to open that portion of Ninetieth-street, where not already open, according to law.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By the President—

Resolved, That the following ordinances be and they are hereby amended by striking out the name of Charles McNeill, and inserting in place thereof the name of Sorin Jones, who has been appointed to fill the place in the Board of Assessors made vacant by the resignation of said McNeill, viz:

An ordinance for building a basin and culvert at the northwest corner of Seventeenth-street and Irving-place, approved December twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

An ordinance for building a basin and culvert at the southwest corner of Irving-place and Seventeenth-street, approved December twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

An ordinance for filling sunken lots adjoining New avenue, east and between One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-third streets, approved January three, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

An ordinance for flagging a space four feet wide in One Hundred and Seventeenth street, between Third avenue and East River, approved October thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

An ordinance for flagging sidewalks on the east side of Fourth avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-sixth and One Hundred and Twenty-seventh streets, approved December eleven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

An ordinance for flagging sidewalks southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, where not already done. Approved June eighth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

An ordinance for filling vacant lots southwest corner Oak and Roosevelt streets, approved September fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

An ordinance to set curb and gutter and flag sidewalks in Eighty-fourth-street, between Eighth-avenue and Broadway, approved December nineteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

Which was referred to Committee on Ordinances.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to the Hudson River Railroad Company to place a small switch-house in front of the premises number seventy-eight Hudson-street, the said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Messrs. Masterson and Steele to place a small sign on the lamp-post on the southeast corner of Pine and William streets, the same to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Croton Aqueduct Department in relation to the pay of laborers employed by the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

A communication was received from His Honor the Mayor, transmitting another statement from Mr. Carr, relative to the malpractice in the City Inspector's Department.

Which was received and referred to the Special Committee on Retrenchment and Reform.

A communication was received from the City Inspector, transmitting his annual report of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was received, and the usual number ordered to be printed in document form.

A communication was received from the Society for the protection of destitute Roman Catholic children, transmitting their annual report for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was received and ordered on file.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report in favor of amending resolution granting Engine Company number Thirty-six a new engine, the same to be a steam fire-engine.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report, permitting James Cook to erect a portico in front of building in Fourteenth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was recommitted to the Committee.

INVITATIONS.

An invitation was received from the McClellan Association to attend their sociable, at the City Assembly Rooms, on Friday evening, February five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was accepted.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Jeremiah moved to discharge the Committee on Sewers from the further consideration of a paper permitting Edward S. Innes to lay a drain to connect with sewer in Twenty-second-street.

Which was carried.

Alderman Jeremiah then presented the following resolution in connection

Resolved, That the permission asked for in the accompanying petition of Edward S. Innes, to lay, at his own expense, a drain-pipe or sewer on the east side of Third-avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, passing in front of the adjacent property, and so to connect with the public sewer in Twenty-second-street, the work to be done under the supervision of the Croton Aqueduct Department, be and the same is hereby granted.

Which was adopted.

Alderman Jones moved to discharge the Committee on Salaries and Offices from further consideration of a resolution from the Board of Councilmen, appointing Asa Butman a commissioner of deeds, in place of Alexander H. Keech, resigned.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then concurred in.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Bill of G. W. Roome, for refreshments, &c., for the funeral of Brigadier-General Michael Corcoran, amounting to four hundred and forty-one dollars and fifty cents.

Which was laid over.

Subsequently taken up, and on yeas and nays adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—15.

Resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built at the northwestern corner of Washington and Watts streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

Resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built at the northeast corner of Watts and West streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the north side of Twenty-third-street, at a point about four hundred feet west of Tenth-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Special Committee appointed by the Common Council to make arrangements for the funeral of Archbishop Hughes, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Alexander T. Stewart and Company for the sum of thirteen dollars and fifty cents, for crape furnished for the funeral of Archbishop Hughes, and charge the same to account of City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, the President, McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Ottiwell—12.

Report of Committee on Repairs and Supplies in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to lease the upper floors of the building numbers one hundred and fifteen and one hundred and seventeen Nassau street for a term of ten years, for the accommodation of the First District Court, at an annual rental of three thousand dollars.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—15.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George Schiebel and J. Stewart, each for the amount charged for services rendered at the funeral of Brigadier-General Michael Corcoran (as will be seen from the annexed bill,) and charge the same to its appropriate account.

STATEMENT OF BILLS.

George Schiebel, music, &c., for Father Matthew United Benevolent Total Abstinence Society, New-York, on occasion of funeral of Brigadier-General Michael Corcoran	$152 00
Father Matthew Temperance Society of South Brooklyn, for music, &c., on occasion of funeral of Brigadier-General Michael Corcoran	145 00
Total	$297 00

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, the President, McMahon, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell—13.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the annexed bill of E. Van Ranst, for carriages furnished on the occasion of the funeral of Brigadier-General Corcoran, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

STATEMENT OF BILL.

E. Van Ranst, carriages furnished for funeral of General M. Corcoran	$282 50

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, the President, McCool, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson—10.

Negative—Aldermen McMahon, Ottiwell—2.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of W. Carroll for the sum of one thousand one hundred and six dollars and twenty-five cents, for funeral expenses of Brigadier General Corcoran and Colonel T. O'Meara, as per annexed bill, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

STATEMENT OF BILL.

W. Carroll for articles furnished for funeral of Colonel T. O'Meara	$422 50
W. Carroll for articles furnished for funeral of Brigadier-General M. Corcoran	683 75
Total	$1,106 25

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

Resolution of Board of Councilman, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the annexed bill of Conklin and Butts, for carriages furnished on the occasion of the funeral of Brigadier-General Corcoran, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

STATEMENT OF BILLS.

George W. Butts and R. Conklin, for curriages furnished for funeral of Brigadier-General Corcoran, six hundred and eighteen dollars and fifty cents.

Which was laid over.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Bill of John Reddy, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Sixth election district, Twenty-second ward.

(By Board of Councilmen, ordered to be paid.)

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the name of Robert Wakeman in the list of Commissioners of Deeds recently appointed be altered to read Robert Wakefield.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to John Gorman to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number seven Catherine-street, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, with resolution that a portion of the house now occupied by the Exempt Engine Company be set apart as a wood and coal depot for the supply of steam fire-engines doing duty in the Seventh and Eighth Districts.

Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to procure a temporary location for Lafayette Engine Company number Nineteen, during the time that their present house is in process of repair; such temporary location to be within the district in which they are now doing duty.

Which was referred to Committee on Fire Department.

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of W. Carroll, for the sum of two hundred and eighty dollars, for burial expenses of John F. Culligan, late messenger of the Board of Councilmen, as per accompanying bill.

Which was laid over.

Bill of A. T. Stewart & Company, amounting to one hundred and ninety-two dollars and twenty cents, for articles furnished for the funeral of General Corcoran.

(By Board of Councilmen ordered to be paid)

Which was laid over.

On motion the Board adjourned, and the President announced that it stood adjourned to meet on next Tuesday, the twentieth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

RESPONSE OF MR. CARR TO MR. BOOLE.

The accompanying message from the Mayor, with the statement from Mr. Carr, was presented to the Board of Aldermen, and referred, as suggested, to the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, January 22, 1864.

To the Honorable the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: On the 11th inst., I deemed it my duty to lay before your honorable body the report of Thomas N. Carr, Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection and Street Cleaning, relative to various abuses and malpractices existing in the City Inspector's Department. This communication elicited a response from the City Inspector, which was referred by the Honorable the Board of Aldermen to the special committee on Retrenchment and Reform appointed by that Board.

I herewith transmit to your honorable body another statement from Mr. Carr, in vindication of the course pursued by him in office, and specifying additional abuses in the management of the City Inspector's Department. I would suggest, as a matter of justice to Mr. Carr, as well as for the thorough examination of the alleged malpractices, that his present statement be referred to the Committee having this subject under consideration.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

NEW-YORK, January 19, 1864.

Hon. C. Godfrey Gunther, Mayor:

SIR: A Duty which I owe to you as chief officer of the City, and which I equally owe to the community, renders it necessary that I should reply through you to the communication of the City Inspector of the fifteenth instant.

Perhaps the most striking feature of that smartly prepared document is its entire absence of all allusion to some of my most serious charges, and the evasive manner, equally adroit, with which that official deals with other charges, from the notice of which we cannot entirely escape.

Whether his standing mute be an admission of guilt, or whether, as is sometimes the case with charitably disposed Judges, it will be regarded by the court of public opinion as a plea of not guilty, that court before which we both stand must decide. I shall proceed to answer his defence, if such it may be called, paragraph by paragraph, and with as little waste of words as possible.

In his first paragraph I am charged with a want of propriety in withholding from the City Inspector all information in relation to the correspondence which has taken place on the subject of the abuses of his department. To this I reply that on the exact reverse is the case. More than two weeks since in a private interview with that official I informed him of the letter I had received, and that I was answering it. On that occasion I freely expressed to him my dissatisfaction at the manner in which much of the business was conducted in that department, and unhesitatingly informed him that I could have such work better done at less than half its present cost to the City. There was no reply to this, when I proceeded to state that to remain longer in the Department would be disagreeable to me, as every one of my duties as Superintendent had been taken from me. I supposed that while I was addressing him in a plainness and directness of speech which could not be misunderstood, the last charge to be brought against me would be that I was acting without the knowledge of my superior officer. If so to have acted was official contumacy, I was not then informed of it.

When speaking of the large amount of money annually appropriated for the department for salaries, no reference was made to the City Inspector as being the cause of creating that state of things, and its application to himself was wholly unprovoked by anything I said. Not so, however, in relation to the Contingent fund. On this subject the City Inspector replies, that there was very little of this fund left when he came into the department; but he forgets that he had added to it by the Common Council about eight thousand dollars. Instead of dismissal, which he said he made of men who were receiving pay from the fund, they were in the aggregate merely transferred over to the Street and other pay rolls, the better to enable the City Inspector, were he so disposed, to have a free use of this fund, which, for the year just closed, will amount to about twenty-eight thousand dollars. The City Inspector, being a practical man, knew how to use that fund, for the city does not require a very minute examination into the manner in which it has been spent. It is only twenty-eight thousand dollars. Two thousand dollars for carriage hire in six months could be taken from it and the loss would not be discovered, and perhaps numerous other incidental expenses might be equally beyond the power or scrutiny. The precise objects to which this fund is applied it might be difficult to arrive at, but that a large proportion of it is devoted to purposes wholly illegitimate and never intended by its creation, is a fact so notorious to almost every member of the department and of previous Common Councils that I will not dwell longer upon the subject.

I am charged by the City Inspector with neglect of duty in not reporting to him negligence of duty on the part of clerks. I made no charge of negligence on their part; but I did charge, as evidence of the inefficiency of the department and the neglect of the City Inspector, that but little business was left to these clerks to perform. I now come to a series of charges of a different character, and involving more important consequences, than those thus far referred to. The City Inspector affirms that, with the exception of supervising the cleaning of the streets, I enjoyed all the duties belonging to me by the ordinances. I again assert that every duty as Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection was taken from me shortly after the City Inspector entered upon his office, and that such duties as were left me to perform were merely clerical, with scarce even the appearance and none of the substance of power intended to be conferred upon my office by the City charter. This deprivation of my official rights and duties, while made under the plea of making my office easy and agreeable, had an object of a far different character. In the exercise of my just powers I would undoubtedly have been in the way of carrying into effect the newly-inaugurated system. Had the City Inspector continued to intrust me with the duties of my bureau, it would have been impossible for that official to have spent upon the streets at the rate of six hundred thousand dollars per year for work that could have been done for less than one-half that amount. On such points my "visionary ideas" were soon made known to him, and he took what he deemed sufficient summary measures to prevent me from disturbing him with such ideas by taking my duties from me and conferring them upon a record clerk in my bureau, and the officer thus selected was removed to another part of the building, and his doors secured by day and night by patent locks provided for that purpose. All access to information was denied to me, and the new system was going on with remarkable success, "regardless of expense," until it received a sudden check from the Comptroller, who refused to longer answer the drafts of the City Inspector for more money. My want of practical business qualifications became apparent by my earnest opposition to measures which I clearly saw were intended to carry with them a wanton waste of public money without any corresponding benefit to the city.

There is another point on which my ideas were and are somewhat "visionary" in the estimation of the City Inspector. Among his first measures was one to abolish a system of checks which, under the approval of Colonel Delavan, had been introduced to prevent and detect fraud on the part of dirt and ash cartmen, and to substitute in its place the ticket system by which the City has been defrauded out of thousands of dollars for the benefit of certain employes attached to the department. Another example of this want of practicability was in my remonstrance to the City Inspector against the shameless waste of money in cleaning the streets; to which I received in reply, brimful of practicability, "that he did not care a damn what it cost, that the people should pay it." Again was I deficient in practicability when I urged the City Inspector to accept the proposals for freighting away the dirt of the City free of cost, for which the City is at present paying from forty to fifty thousand dollars. I was so far visionary and impractical in my views upon these points that I stated to the City Inspector, in presence of his brother, in my office, that unless some stop was put to this reckless expense the scenes which took place in California would be reenacted in this City. Bold, indiscreet, impracticable or visionary as such language might have seemed to the City Inspector, I repeat its utterance at this time as some evidence of the earnestness with which I addressed that official, and as an additional reply to his charges that I did not exert myself to correct abuses.

The City Inspector charges that I never made a practical suggestion, and that I was instructed by him to prepare such communications as he directed to the Grand Jury and Common Council. So utterly at variance with fact is this assertion, that there has not been a sanitary communication sent to the Common Council during the present City Inspector's administration that was not wholly written by me, but the preparation of which the City Inspector was in entire ignorance of until presented for his approval, among which the most prominent was the subject of *abattoirs*. The mention of this fact may bear the appearance of vanity, but self-defence, forced upon me, renders it unavoidable. The communications to which the City Inspector alludes as having been prepared by others than myself related chiefly to the expenses of the departments, in which figures may have been made to perform certain offices to which I was too visionary or impracticable to apply them.

The City Inspector ventures to explain the reason for his refusal to accept the proposals for freighting from the City the dirt and ashes free of cost. He informs us that before the contractor offered his proposal he had contracted with another person to do the work for a month. The meaning intended to be conveyed by this assertion is that the contract so made by him included all the ashes and dirt of the City, whereas the contract in question was confined simply to one dumping ground, from which not a tenth part of the stuff of the City was taken. Beside this dumping-ground there are eight or nine others, and the contractor, as he expressed to me, would have willingly waited the expiration of the month for the one dumping-ground contracted for, and have commenced work immediately at the other dumping-grounds. But, beside this contractor, the City Inspector knew that there were and are several railroad companies and other associations in want of the dirt, who would have removed it for nothing. No, no; these are not the reasons that prompted Mr. City Inspector to refuse these proposals, thereby adding upon the City an expense of from forty thousand to fifty thousand dollars for work that need not have cost it one cent. When the motives which governed the City Inspector in his decision are revealed, it will be seen whether the interests of the City or those of the official named were uppermost in making this refusal.

In relation to the charge of clerkships in the receipt of from six hundred dollars to two thousand dollars a year without rendering services in return, the City Inspector says that this state of things existed when he came into office. This is another specimen of prevarication and untruthfulness. He is the direct author of at least three offices, with salaries from two thousand dollars to two thousand five hundred dollars and two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, which are of no use whatever either to the City or to the department, but whose incumbents draw their pay from the City Treasury. Besides these there is still another clerk, who does not perform a week's work in a year, whose salary is two thousand dollars. The City Inspector, before he came into office, knowing the necessity of providing for friends in the department, did not permit the opportunity to pass unprofited.

In the next paragraph I have a repetition of the charge that I should have made known to him how the work in the streets could be done for my estimate. The answer is brief. The City Inspector had not been a week in the department before my estimate of men and money required to clean the City was placed before him. It was deemed visionary, and the work of downhill progress and public waste at once commenced. I have already stated that I had subsequently protested to our City Inspector against this waste, and on one occasion it was in presence of a third party, who is willing to testify to the truth of my statement, when it was answered that "he did not care a damn what it cost, the people should pay for it." Of course my estimate in this, as in the $20,000 contingent fund, and the $40,000 or $50,000 free freighting, was an "impracticable" one, in the sense in which the term practicability is understood by this practical official. In the following paragraph the City Inspector, alluding to the act of cleaning the streets, states that "it is true the expense is great," and then adduces figures so adroitly twisted and multiplied that the most ingenious can with difficulty understand them. I will take the liberty of examining them.

From the middle of July last until the end of the month of November, had Colonel Delavan been permitted to remain in office, the City would have been cleaned far better than it was, at a less sum than eighteen thousand dollars a month; whereas, under the present incumbent, it has cost over fifty thousand dollars. By reference to the meterological tables in the reach of all, it will be seen that on the twenty-eighth of November the weather was stormy and the work upon the streets an absolute impracticability. On the twenty-eighth of November the returns showed that seven hundred and seventy-three men were charged as being at work on that day, but there is not a Street Inspector who would dare purjure himself by swearing that he had five sweepers employed. The above is but a solitary instance of like abuse that marked every day's return to this Department. I make these comments from a perusal of the official papers I was permitted to use.

The next paragraph in order in the City Inspector's communication is a fling at the Mayor, who, in his communication to the Common Council, condemns the policy of investing power in the City Inspector to receive and disburse moneys on his own unchecked account, and the City Inspector in reply says that no resolution of the kind giving such power was passed by the Common Council. Instead of the word "resolution" I should have written "ordinance," and this mistake is grasped at to introduce and enlarge upon matters evasive of my charge. That this power was thus conferred by the Common Council its records will show; and that the money was thus paid to the City Inspector, at times against the earnest remonstrance of the Comptroller, the latter official himself can bear evidence.

A communication from the Comptroller to the Common Council, I think in the early part of December, states, in substance, that he is determined not to obey longer the order to pay the City Inspector, but will assume the responsibility of departure from it by paying for the future the bills of the department himself. But before this determination has made known the City Inspector had sent in his pay-rolls to the Comptroller, under the expectation that, as usual, the warrants would be furnished him. I am credibly informed that there is a very large number of names on these pay-rolls the representatives of which names have not called for payment, and that a large number have been refused payment upon detection by the Comptroller that they had no legal claim to the money of the City. Doubtless the Comptroller is prepared to give these facts when called upon.

The City Inspector also denies that any such power over the public money as he is charged with possessing is a new thing, and refers to the custom under previous administrations. Other City Inspectors, he says, were allowed to make their own payments, but he omits the material point that these payments were never made without the Comptroller having one or more trustworthy clerks as witnesses to the payments. The means to pay were entrusted solely to these clerks, and fraud of any considerable portion of the sum total of the pay rolls was an impossibility. In this particular how stands the case under the present system? The City Inspector also assures the public that he can bring vouchers for all the money expended. Exactly so. I have seen his pay-roll clerk with a criss-cross write scores of these vouchers without a person being present but myself in the office. Why, the pay-rolls are never seen, much less signed, by these men. And these are the City Inspector's vouchers for the money expended under the present system.

The City Inspector states that he was warned by his friends not to keep me in office, those friends prophesying that I would do what I have done. These advising friends were, doubtless, members of the ring, and knew the difference between my practicability and the practicability of the City Inspector. They evidently knew that I regard a system of public plunder in the same light as other kinds of robbery, and it was doubtless the knowledge of my possessing such visionary ideas that caused them to remonstrate against my retention in office. It may be that the City Inspector was unfortunate in not taking such disinterested advice, and it may also be that the City may be a gainer by the operation. There are means of testing the question—not, however, in precisely the way suggested by the City Inspector. He states that he is willing to have an investigation by the Common Council. This is very well, as they are all disinterested parties. But if the elucidation of truth as to my charges be the earnest desire of the City Inspector, I would suggest to him the selection of three private gentlemen to undertake the investigation—as, for instance, James R. Whiting, Judge Bosworth and William Curtis Noyes. What answer does the City Inspector give to this proposition?

The City Inspector complains of my charge relative to the department being a political machine, and that it controls, with the Street Department, the elections; and then, with an air of triumph, answers that if this had been the case the Mayor would not have had an opportunity to make his late attack upon him. I said no such thing as he charges upon me. I said nominations, and not elections. They are different things in many senses, as I think recent events have proved. The system which sometimes controls one sometimes sadly fails in controlling the other. I will add no further unwelcome comment on this point.

The City Inspector complains of my statement as to the large mortality, and asks why I had not discovered it before. I would answer, that during the last six months the mortality of the City has increased about twenty per cent. over the mortality of the preceding year, which, in a measure, was owing to all absence of system in the department. During the sickly month of July, when the services of the Health Wardens were most required, there were not more than ten out of the forty-four receiving pay that could be made available. These officials had received leave of absence from the City Inspector, and this without so much as my previous knowledge of the fact. But the Department, during the four years that it was under Colonel Delavan, did not cease to point out the grievances referred to, in special communications to the Common Council and in its annual reports. But in no instance were these representations attended to in that body, of which the leading member was the present City Inspector. Perhaps the remedies then suggested were "visionary," or perhaps projects of gain were paramount to any consideration for the health of the City.

My statement in relation to the application of the City Inspector to the Common Council for the issuing of street cleaning bonds are pronounced to be false, and the responsibility of recommending the issue of the bonds is placed upon the Board of Health as a measure of its own. To my personal knowledge the contrary is the case. The idea originated with the City Inspector, and in a conversation with me upon the expediency of submitting the project to the Common Council I remarked that it was in contravention of the charter. The usual "practical" answer "I don't care a damn" was received in return. The Board of Health was afterwards convened for the purpose of acting upon the City Inspector's measures, which I had read, before it went to that body, and which he was the originator and planner. And here ends the communication of the City Inspector. I answer it paragraph by paragraph, without hesitancy or reserve, plainly and directly, and, as I think the public will decide, conclusively. And having thus answered, let me ask, where can be found in all the long replication of the City Inspector, a single direct confutation of any one of my most serious charges? Prevarication, misrepresentation and evasion are the all-pervading characteristics of that laboriously-prepared document. But there is one of my charges, and the most important by far of any I have made, involving in its costs to the City at the rate of from $150,000 to $200,000, which is passed over by the City Inspector without even an allusion to it. I stated that from two to three hundred men had been receiving pay from the City, who in return had not performed a day's work. Where is the answer of the City Inspector to this charge? Who were these men—if men they were—and where are they to be found, for their names were charged on the pay-rolls? An answer must be found in the convenient system of the City Inspector, which he has inaugurated. The City Inspector has evidently not considered this charge a "practical" one, and he has passed it over in silence. But the public will not be silent upon this subject, or the subject of other abuses which have crept into City Inspector's Department during the last six months. It is a deep disgrace to the City that it should have permitted itself to be misgoverned by a mere handful of political adventurers, numbering in all less than twenty men.

The blow which this combination has received renders comparatively easy the work of reform and regeneration so loud and so long demanded by the community. They have resolved to "break down the Mayor" if he cannot be forced into their embrace.

The signal for this fight is already foreshadowed in the assaults upon that functionary in the ring papers of the day. He was elected against their will, and from his reform suggestions since he has been in power, this "practical" combination, with its usual foresight, has measured the chances, and the struggle to break down the Mayor has commenced. But will the honest portion of the community look on unmoved while such a contest is going on? Corruption in office in this City exists to a greater extent than in any other city in the civilized world. Do our taxpayers desire its continuance? Its consequences fall more heavily upon the property owners than upon the humble person writing these lines, who has already been made to pay the penalty for exposing these abuses. There is only one way that the City can hope to effect a change. The suggestion has already appeared in one of our daily papers, and I renew it, with but few modifications. It is this. Let the Astors, Stewarts, and men of that class, immediately petition the Legislature for power to examine, through a committee of their own selection, into abuses of the municipal system, with powers to send for persons and papers. Let this committee be further empowered to recommend all needed amendments to the charter and report the same without delay for the action of the Legislature. The charter provides for the removal of delinquent heads of departments. Let these delinquents be reported, and summary action may follow. Let the petitioners announce to the Legislature that the cost of the investigation will be paid by them, to avoid unnecessary disputations on the subject, and to prevent the waste of time and money on the part of the Legislature to send committees of investigation to this city, or to have these investigations conducted at Albany. It is impossible for them to succeed, for want of the necessary time to arrive at details; and with this I close my reply to the City Inspector's communication.

THOMAS N. CARR,
Late Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....Jan. 22, 1864.

$1,000	U. S. 6s, '67	106	1000	Reading R.	[illegible]
10,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg.	105	100	do	[illegible]
16,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, Co.	103	100	Mich. Cen. R.	[illegible]
35,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Co.	106	10	do	[illegible]
1,000	U. S. 6s, Oregon W. L., ½-yearly	101⅛	100	do	[illegible]
			100	do	[illegible]
6,000	U. S. 6s, 1y.c...N	97⅞	100	do	[illegible]
2,000	N. C. State 6s	50	500	do	[illegible]
1,000	M. 6s, iss. to H. & St. Jo.	84½	100	do	[illegible]
			44	do	[illegible]
5,000	Brook. C. 6s W. L.	106¾	700	M. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
10,000	N. Y. St. 6s, '87	103	500	do	[illegible]
25,000	K. 5th M. Bs.	110	200	do	[illegible]
5,000	do	110½	300	do	[illegible]
14,000	Ohio & Miss. R. C.	36¾	100	do	[illegible]
1,000	B., N. Y. & E. 1st M.	104	1500	do	[illegible]
3,000	M. C. 8s Co. 1st M. Sk. Fd. B.	123	300	do	[illegible]
			100	do	[illegible]
4,000	Mich. So. 2d M. B.	104½	300	do	[illegible]
6,500	Ill. Cen. Bs.	121	100	do	[illegible]
1,000	Chic. & N. W. I. B.	95	100	do	[illegible]
34,000	C. & N. W. 1st M.	94	200	M. S. & N. I. G.	[illegible]
5,000	C. & N. W. R. 2d M. b30	78	10	Panama R.	[illegible]
			200	Ill. Cen. F. S.	[illegible]
10,000	do	77¼	91	Chi., Bur. & Q.	[illegible]
46,000	do	77	850	Ill. Cen. R. S.	[illegible]
10,000	Tol. & W. 1st M. Ex.	101¾	200	do	[illegible]
5,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 3d.	87¼	500	do	[illegible]
5,000	do	87	100	do	[illegible]
9,000	Cl. & Pitts. 3d M.	103	200	do	[illegible]
1,000	do	102¼	300	do	[illegible]
1,000	Penins. R. 1st M.	80	100	do	[illegible]
3,000	McGr. W. 1st M.	92¾	200	do	[illegible]
29	Hanover Bank	98	200	do	[illegible]
45	Continental Bank	100	570	do	[illegible]
6	do	100¼	300	Cleve. & Pitts.	[illegible]
10	Park Bank	125	100	do	[illegible]
50	Bank of Commerce	101⅛	800	do	[illegible]
12,000	Am. Gold	157⅞	100	do	[illegible]
500	Canton Co. b3	36¾	100	do	[illegible]
1000	do	36	2000	do	[illegible]
300	Cumb. Coal Pf.	48	600	do	[illegible]
200	do b30	48½	2000	do	[illegible]
100	do b10	48¾	500	do	[illegible]
200	Quick. M. Co.	56	150	Gal. & Chi. R.	[illegible]
200	do	55½	100	do	[illegible]
400	do	55¼	250	do	[illegible]
50	Cen. Am. Tr. Co.	38	200	do	[illegible]
100	do	37¾	200	do	[illegible]
150	Del. & H. Ca. Co.	176	100	do	[illegible]
200	Mar. Min. Co. b30	31	100	do	[illegible]
100	do b30	30¾	300	do	[illegible]
100	do b10	30¾	60	Cleve. & Tol.	[illegible]
400	do	30¼	300	do	[illegible]
700	do s30	30	200	do	[illegible]
200	do s15	30	500	do	[illegible]
200	do s10	30	200	do	[illegible]
100	Pacific M. S. S. C. b30	231	200	do	[illegible]
100	do b15	231	133	Chi. & R. I. R.	[illegible]
100	do b5	230	100	do	[illegible]
100	do b15	230¼	100	do	[illegible]
200	N. Y. Cen. R.	136⅛	100	M. & P. Du C.	[illegible]
50	do b10	136⅛	100	do	[illegible]
245	do c.	136¼	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	[illegible]
100	do s10.	136¼	350	do	[illegible]
100	do	136¼	200	do	[illegible]
800	Erie R. opg.	108⅜	200	do	[illegible]
300	do b30.	108⅜	50	do	[illegible]
200	do	108½	100	do	[illegible]
2000	do	108⅛	200	do	[illegible]
800	do	108⅜	100	do	[illegible]
200	do b30	108⅜	100	do	[illegible]
500	Erie R. Pr. snwk.	102⅜	50	Alt. & T. Haute R.	[illegible]
400	do	102½	500	do	[illegible]
100	do opg.	102⅜	50	Alt. & T. H. Pr.	[illegible]
290	Hud. R. R.	140	100	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
100	do s10.	140⅜	150	do	[illegible]
100	do b5.	141	5	Chic. & N. W. Pr.	[illegible]
200	do b30.	141	800	Chic. & Alt.	[illegible]
50	do b10.	140⅜	150	do	[illegible]
350	do	140⅜	150	do	[illegible]
100	do b6.	140¼	200	Chi. & Alton Pr.	[illegible]
100	do	140¼	400	Mar. & C. 1st Pr.	[illegible]
100	Harlem R. s30	95	400	Quartz H. G. M.	[illegible]
100	do b15	95	100	Copake Iron M.	[illegible]
200	do	94¾	100	Miss. & Mo. R.	[illegible]
1500	do	94⅜	100	do	[illegible]
10	N. H. & Hartford R.	200	100	do	[illegible]

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg.	105	400	Hud. River R.	[illegible]
20,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou.	106	100	do	[illegible]
5,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr. C...N	97⅞	500	do	[illegible]
3,000	American Gold	156⅞	500	Harlem R.	[illegible]
5,000	do	156⅞	100	do	[illegible]
900	Canton Co.	36	200	do	[illegible]
400	do s30	36	100	Reading R.	[illegible]
100	do	36¼	300	do	[illegible]
250	do	36¾	100	do	[illegible]
500	Cum. Coal Pref.	48½	100	Mich. Cen. R.	[illegible]
200	do s30	48½	500	do	[illegible]
100	Quicks. M. Co. b10	56	250	do	[illegible]
200	do	55½	100	do	[illegible]
200	Pac. M. S. Co. b3.	231	200	M. S. & N. I. R.	[illegible]
200	do b15	231	200	do	[illegible]
500	Ill. Cen. R. S. opg	130⅜	600	do	[illegible]
500	do	130¾	200	do	[illegible]
500	N. Y. Cen. R. b10.	136⅞	200	do	[illegible]
500	do	136¾	400	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
100	do s10	136⅜	1000	do	[illegible]
500	do b10.	137	600	do	[illegible]
100	do b3.	137	400	do	[illegible]
200	do b10	137¼	100	Gal. & Ch. R.	[illegible]
300	do b10.	137⅜	100	Clev. & Tol. R.	[illegible]
900	do b10.	137⅜	200	do	[illegible]
600	do	137	60	do	[illegible]
2000	Erie R.	108	1500	Chic. & R. I. R.	[illegible]
800	do	107⅞	200	P., Ft. W. & C.	[illegible]
6	do	107⅞			

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$20,000	Am. Gold	156⅞	100	M. S. & N. I. R.	[illegible]
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	136⅛	800	do	[illegible]
100	do b3	136⅛	100	do	[illegible]
200	do c	136	1200	do	[illegible]
300	Erie R. ex-div.	107¾	300	do	[illegible]
400	do	108	100	do	[illegible]
600	do c	107⅞	700	do	[illegible]
200	do at the op'ng	108	200	do	[illegible]
100	do s3.	108	160	M. So. & N. I. G.	[illegible]
2100	Hud. River R.	140	50	Pacific M. S. Co.	[illegible]
100	do b3.	140	900	Ill. Cen. R. ex-div.	[illegible]
100	do b10.	140½	100	do	[illegible]
400	do c.	140	600	do	[illegible]
200	do s3	140	200	Cleve. & P. R.	[illegible]
400	Harlem R. c	95	1000	do	[illegible]
800	do	95	1500	do	[illegible]
50	do	94¾	900	do	[illegible]
1400	Read R. ex-div.	116½	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	[illegible]
100	do c.	116½	300	do	[illegible]
100	Mich. Cen. R.	136¼	150	Canton Co.	[illegible]
100	do c.	136⅜	100	do	[illegible]
300	do	136⅜	100	Quartz H. G. M.	[illegible]

PUBLIC BOARD—3½ P. M.

150	New-York Cen.	136⅞	200	Reading R. ex-d.	[illegible]
100	do b4	137	300	Ill. Cen. R. ex-d.	[illegible]
200	do	137	100	do	[illegible]
600	Erie R. ex-div.	108½	1000	do	[illegible]
100	do b3.	108⅜	100	do	[illegible]
100	do p&c. b4.	108⅜	880	Cle. & Pitts. R.	[illegible]
200	do s3	108⅜	1000	do	[illegible]
300	do	108⅜	200	do	[illegible]
100	Erie Pref.	102⅜	300	do	[illegible]
100	do	102⅜	500	Gal. & C. R. ex-d.	[illegible]
300	Hud. R. R.	141⅛	200	do	[illegible]
300	do b3.	141⅛	100	do	[illegible]
300	do	141¼	100	Clev. & Tol. R.	[illegible]
200	do	141	200	P., Ft. W. & Ch.	[illegible]
100	do b5.	141¼	400	do	[illegible]
100	Harlem R.	96	100	do	[illegible]
300	do	96¼	200	Chic. & Alt. R.	[illegible]
300	do	96⅛	100	Tol. & Wab. R.	[illegible]
700	Mich. Cen. R.	137	250	Canton Co.	[illegible]
200	do b3.	137	300	do	[illegible]
200	do	136⅞	200	do	[illegible]
100	M. S. & N. I. R.	89	100	do	[illegible]
100	do s3	89	100	do	[illegible]
100	do s3	89¼	300	Cum. Coal	[illegible]
600	do	89½	200	do	[illegible]
150	do	89⅞	50	Quicks. M. Co.	[illegible]
150	do	89¼	100	Mariposa Min. C.	[illegible]
500	do b3	89¾	1200	Lancaster Lead	[illegible]
300	do	89⅞	900	do	[illegible]
100	do b3	89¾	1000	do	[illegible]
100	do b10	89⅞			

FRIDAY, Jan. 22—P. M.

The Popular Loan of Five Hundred Millions was closed out at the Treasury Department last night. The entire amount has been taken by the People of the United States at par. The whole negotiation is the cheapest ever made by any great Government, including all abatements, banking agencies and incidentals. And not a dollar has been lost by the extra allowance of interest. As intimated yesterday, we find that the new National Banks have been permitted to share largely in the closing subscription. The Fourth Bank, of this City, subscribed for $2,000,000, to be paid for a few days hence, on the incoming of their capital—a preliminary payment, by way of securing the subscription, being made to the amount of $200,000. The Stock advanced in the market to-day to 102½@103½ per cent, the rate depending upon the payment of the accrued interest since the 1st of November in Currency or Gold.

The pressing demand for ordinary Legal Tender to pay into the Treasury for this Loan ends to-day. The Sub-Loan Agents in Wall-street will gradually close up their accounts without further difficulty on this score. It was thought early in the day, that Money would be severely tightened up in consequence of the heavy payments yesterday, but before 3 o'clock it was found that the market, to borrowers, was much the same as before. The Brokers paid, directly, high rates, all the way from 7 up to 14 per cent. ⅌ annum, but there is no real trouble in regard to the supply at a price. The impression already prevails, that easier terms will be made next week.

The price of Gold and rates of Exchange opened this morning on appearances of reaction from the lower figures of yesterday, but ultimately the market left off somewhat weaker than last night. London is 171@171¼ ₩ cent. at the close of business for Saturday's steamer.

On the Stock Exchange the Railway speculation continues very active. At the early Board it was somewhat unfavorably influenced by the apprehension of increased difficulty in borrowing Money. A number of holders eased their operations by selling for cash delivery. Other parties sold *short* in anticipation of a preference for Money, which was not really felt. The consequence was an upward reaction in the afternoon and a stronger market in the Street at 4 o'clock. The fluctuations of the day, after all, have not been very violent on the actual sales made, considering the previous rapid advance since Monday last. The excitement on the Street continues to increase, rather than fall off, and the signs at the close of the day were of a higher market to-morrow. Four-fifths of the outsiders are *Bulls*, operating for a further rise, and the old fashioned, so-called conservative *Bears* inside the Stock Exchange Board, confess themselves utterly at fault in reference to the rapid appreciation of the market, especially on the Railway list, which in years past was regarded as its most vulnerable point.

At 4 o'clock the following prices were made in comparison with Thursday night; the general market leaving off firm:

	Thurs.	Fri.		Thurs.	Fri.
Gold Coin	157	157	Mich. Central	136¾	137
U.S. 6s, 1881	105¾	106	Mich. Southern	87½	89⅜
N. Y. Central	136⅜	136⅞	Mich. Guar'nt'd	139	140
Erie	108⅜	108¾	Illinois Cen	130	131⅛
Erie Preferred	102¾	102⅞	Pittsburgh	117	117½
Hudson	140⅜	141⅛	Fort Wayne	87¼	87¾
Pacific Mail	229	231	Rock Island	147⅜	149
Harlem	93¼	97	Galena	114⅜	114¾
Canton	36	36¼	Reading	116¾	116¾
Treas. Cer., new	97¾	97¾	Quicksilver	56	56
Toledo	140	140	Cum'land Coal	47¼	49
Northwest	50	50	Mariposa	30½	30½

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	118	Mech's' B'king Asso.	96
Manhattan	140	Am. Exchange	108
Merchants'	104	Bk. of the Republic	103
Mechanics'	110	Hanover	97
America	125	Irving	99
City	135	Market	102
Butchers' & Drovers'	120	Nassau	105
State of New-York	103	Continental	100
Commerce	100		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	105	Al. & T. H. 2d Income	82½
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Real Est.	101	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	104
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subs.	101	Chi. & N. W. firsts	94
N. Y. Cen. 7s '64	100	Chi. & N. W. seconds	76½
Erie seconds, '79	117	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	101½
Erie thirds, '83	111¼	Tol. & Wab. seconds	85
Erie fourths, '80	110	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	110
Erie fifths, '88	109	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	107¼
Buff., N.Y.&E. 1sts, '77	104	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2ds	100
Hud. R. 1sts, '69	112	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 3ds	87
Hud. R. sec'ds, S.F. '85	115	Clev. & Pitts. thirds	101
Mich. C., '69 & '72	121	Clev. & Pitts. fourths	82½
Mich. C. new 1sts, '83	123	Miss. & Mo. L. G.	63
Mich. S. seconds	104½	Chi. & Alt. 1sts	100
Ill. Central '75	120	Chi. & Alt. Income	90

Mr. THOMAS TILESTON has been made a Director of the Long Island Railroad Company, to fill a vacancy in the Board of management.

Transactions in Dry Goods during the past week have been less extensive, checked in part by the unfavorable weather at the commencement, and by the recent reaction in Gold from the extreme rates at the close of last week. The demand, however, has been fair from the near-by, and, to some extent, from the Western trade, absorbing a very considerable amount of domestic Cottons and Woolens, at generally very full and, in the instance of really desirable fabrics, much firmer prices, the market closing with more buoyancy. Business in Foreign Goods is increasing in volume. Dress Goods, especially British, find ready buyers, in part for the New-Orleans and other Southwestern markets, at improved prices. Importations are again heavy this week, and hurried into market to meet the early Spring demand.

The import entries of Foreign Dry Goods at the port of New-York for the week ending Jan. 21, were $2,988,922, against $1,967,300 same week last year. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Mf. of Wool	2,555	$1,189,819	125	$44,080	533	$213,790
Mf. of Cot'n	1,245	430,267	39	12,149	551	172,420
Mf. of Silk	717	769,540	42	59,141	100	130,639
Mf. of Flax	1,014	298,912	28	8,444	516	118,533
Miscellan's	585	174,076	24	2,494	25	13,309
Total	6,116	$2,862,614	258	$126,308	1,725	$648,691
		126,308				2,862,614
Total entered		$2,988,922	Total marketed			$3,511,305

The day's business at the Office of the Assistant Treasurer U. S., New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $5,604,801 17; including for Customs, $141,000; Payments, $5,762,519 07; Balance, $42,099,971 60.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Jan. 22, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 38 bbls. Ashes, 11,072 bbls. Flour, 75 bbls. and 1,174 bags Corn Meal, 195 bushels Wheat, 195 bushels Corn, 5,024 bushels Oats, 375 bushels Malt, 3,055 pkgs. Provisions, and 454 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 30 bbls., including Pots at $8 62½@$8 75, and Pearls at $9 75@$10 ₩ 100 lbs.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Have been in moderate demand, and held with much firmness.

BEESWAX—Western Yellow has been less sought after at 52c.@53c. ₩ lb.

CANDLES—Continue in fair request, including Adamantine, at 21c.@24c.; Sperm at 35c. for plain and 45c. for patent; Stearic, 27c.@28c., ₩ lb.

CHEMICALS—Are in more demand and quoted firmer.

COFFEE—Is quiet at former rates. Java at 40c.@41c.; Ceylon 34c.; Rio, 32½c.@34½c.; Laguayra, 33½c.@34½c.; Maracaibo, 33c.@35c.; St. Domingo, 30c.@31c., ₩ lb.

COPPER—A fair inquiry prevails for Refined Ingot, at 40c.@41½c.; New Sheathing, 50c.; Yellow do., 36c., ₩ lb.

COTTON—Is in moderate request at buoyant rates. Middling 83½c.@84½c. ₩ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 1,800 bales.

FISH—Dry Cod and Mackerel are in good request at full and buoyant prices. Herring are attracting more attention and held firmly. We quote: Dry Cod at $7@$7 37½ ₩ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel at $15 50@$18 50; No. 2 do. at $9@$11 50; No. 3 do. at $6 25@$7 25, ₩ bbl.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in moderate demand to-day, at essentially unchanged prices. Sales since our last, 10,700 bbls., including Superfine State and Western, at $6 40@$6 70, inside price for inferior; poor to choice extra State, at $6 90@$7 35, chiefly at $6 95@$7; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 45@$7 65, chiefly at $7 55@$7 60, and inferior do. at $7 35@$7 45 ₩ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$6 40	@$6 70
Extra State	6 90	@ 7 35
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 00	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds	7 45	@ 7 65
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	7 70	@ 9 25
Extra Genesee	7 40	@ 9 25
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	7 65	@11 50

Southern Flour is in fair demand at steady rates; sales since our last, 1,800 bbls., at $7 65@$8 15 for poor to good superfine; $8 20@$10 75 for fancy to very choice extra brands, ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour is unaltered; sales, 600 bbls. extra at $7@$8 90, the latter an extreme rate, ₩ bbl. Rye Flour continues in limited demand at $5 50@$6 60 ₩ bbl., sales 145 bbls. Corn Meal is in light supply and fair demand at $5 30@$5 70 for Jersey, $6 20@$6 25 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl. Total sales, 300 bbls. Buckwheat Flour, $2 75@$3 62, the latter an extreme, ₩ 100 lbs.

FRUIT—A good inquiry prevails for the principal kinds, including Layer Raisins, at $4 35@$4 45, and Bunch do. at $4 15@$4 25 ₩ box; Currants, 14½c.@15c. ₩ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more active, and prices of desirable lots, especially of Spring, have advanced slightly. The demand has been mainly for export, though in part from speculative buyers. Sales, since our last, 153,000 bushels, including Canada Club at $1 56; White Western at $1 78; Amber Western, at $1 68@$1 72; Red Western, at $1 63@$1 67, chiefly at $1 65; Red do., old, at $1 50; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay, at $1 57@$1 66, in store and delivered; Milwaukee Club, at $1 54@$1 59; Chicago Spring, at $1 52@$1 56½ in store and delivered, ₩ bush. Corn has been in more demand, at easier prices. Sales, since our last, 69,000 bushels at $1 23@$1 24 for Mixed Western, in store and $1 19@$1 24 for New Yellow and White Jersey ₩ bushel. Rye is in limited supply and request at $1 28@$1 35 for poor to very choice Western and Northern, ₩ bushel. Sales 650 bushels. Oats are in lively request at firmer rates. We quote Canada at 90c.@92c.; Western at 91c.@92½c.; State at 90c.@92c.; Jersey at 85c.@88c. ₩ bushel. Sales, 175,000 bushels, chiefly for Government use. Barley is in fair demand, at $1 30@$1 50, as extremes, ₩ bushel. Sales 14,500 bushels, chiefly Maine, $1 28, with Canada East and State, at $1 35. Barley Malt at $1 55@$1 65 ₩ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been more sought after at 20c.@20½c., and 14c.@14½c., respectively.

HEMP—Is attracting rather more attention from buyers, and is on the advance. We quote: Manila, at 13c. ₩ lb., Jute, at $230@$235; American, undressed, at $150@$165; do. dressed, at $275@$300 ₩ ton.

HAY—North River Bale is in fair demand at $1 35@$1 65, in large and small lots, ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—New continue in fair demand, at from 25c.@33c., according to quality, ₩ lb.

HIDES—Have arrived more freely, and have been in very moderate demand at former prices.

IRON—Is less abundant and in demand at buoyant prices, including No. 1 Scotch Pig at $49@$50, and No. 1 American do. at $44 50@$45 50 ₩ ton, Refined English Bar, $105@$110; English Sheet, at 6½c.@8c.

LATHS—Eastern are inactive at $1 50 ₩ M.

LEAD—Pig is in better request at $10 50@$10 75; Bar, $12 50; Sheet, $13 50 ₩ 100 lbs.

LEATHER—Sole is less abundant and is in active request at very full prices. Week's receipts of Sole, about 43,000 sides. Upper is also in good demand and held firmly. Calfskins are more sought after, and prices favor sellers. We quote: Sole—Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Light, 41c.@42½c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Middle, 42c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Heavy, 42c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, Good, 46c.@46½c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, Good, 47c.@48c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Light, 31c.@32c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Middle, 32c.@33c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Heavy, 32c.@33c.; Hemlock, California, Good Light, 31c.@32c.; Hemlock, California, Good Middle, 31½c.@33c.; Hemlock, California, Good Heavy, 31½c.@32½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Light, 30c.@31½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Middle, 31c.@32c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Heavy, 30c.@31½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and B. A. Damaged, all weights, 28c.@29½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and B. A. Poor, all weights, 21c.@24c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, 42c.@45c.

LIME—Has been in limited demand, including Common Rockland, at $1 35, and Lump do. at $1 60 ₩ bbl.

MOLASSES—The demand has been fair, mainly for New-Orleans, at 50c.@70c. for old and new crop, ₩ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in limited demand, including Spirits Turpentine, at $2 85@$3 ₩ gallon; Resin, at $25@$35 ₩ 280 lbs.; Tar, at $10@$14; Pitch, at $17@$22 ₩ bbl.

OILS—Have been in fair request, at buoyant rates. We quote: Crude Whale, $1 10@$1 12; Crude Sperm, $1 62½@$1 65; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 22½@$1 25; Unbleached Sperm at $1 87½@$1 95; Linseed at $1 56; No. 1 Lard at $1 07½@$1 12½; City Red at 79c.@80c.; Olive at $1 90@$2 ₩ gallon; and $6 37½@$6 50 and $4 50@$4 75 for pints and quarts; Crude Petroleum at 31c.@32c.; Refined do. at 55c.@54c.@58c.—the latter an extreme rate—free, and 47c.@48½c., in bond, ₩ gallon. Receipts of Petroleum, 2,433 bbls.

OIL CAKE AND MEAL—Have been in request, at $47@$53, and $2 40, respectively.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been rather quiet, and prices have been depressed. Sales, since our last, 1,700 bbls., at $22 50@$23 for New Mess; $19 87½@$20 for Mess, last season's packing; $18 87½@$19 for two year old Mess; $23@$26 for Old and New Clear Mess; $18@$20 for Thin Mess; $19 50@$22 for Western and City Prime Mess; $16 50@$17 for Sour Mess; $15 75@$18 for Old and New Prime, ₩ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate request, at 10½c.@13½c. for Hams, and 7¾c.@9c. for Shoulders, ₩ lb.; sales, 400 pkgs., part for future delivery. Bacon continues in moderate demand, at 10½c.@13c., according to quality, ₩ lb.; sales 550 boxes, for immediate and future delivery. Dressed Hogs are in less request, at 9c.@10c., the latter for choice City, ₩ lb. Lard is tending downward; sales 1,250 tcs. and bbls. at 13c.@13½c., the latter an extreme rate, for very choice New City, ₩ lb. Beef is in demand and firm; sales, 570 bbls., at $14 50@$16 for Extra Mess, and $12 50@$14 25 for plain Mess ₩ bbl.; Prime Mess, $24 50@$25 50; India Mess, $26 50@$30 ₩ tierce; sales, 115 tierces. Beef Hams, $18 50@$21 ₩ bbl.; sales, 270 bbls. Butter is in fair demand to-day, at 22c.@28c. for poor to choice Western, and 27c.@33c. for common to choice State, ₩ lb. Cheese is in moderate request, at 13c.@16½c. ₩ lb.

RICE—Continues in moderate request, including East India, chiefly at from $7 50@$8 ₩ 100 lbs. Sales 175 bags.

SALT—Has been in fair demand, including Liverpool Ground at $1 75@$1 77½; do. Fine at $2 50@$2 90 ₩ sack, and Turk's Island at 45c. ₩ bushel.

SEED—Are in light supply and moderate demand, including Clover, at 13c.@13½c. ₩ lb.; Flax at $3 20@$3 25; Timothy at $2 75@$3 25, and Linseed at $3 84@$3 90 ₩ bushel.

SOAP—Castile has been in moderate demand at 17½c.@18c. ₩ lb.

SPICES—Have been in rather more request, and quoted firmer. No. 1 Nutmegs $1; Mace 60c.@62½c.; Cassia 51c.@52c.; Clover 41c.@42c.; Pepper 30c.@31c.; Ginger 27c.@28c.; Pimento 23½c.@24½c. ₩ lb.

SPELTER—Is in demand at 9½c. ₩ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in lively demand at rising rates. Sales, since our last, 2,340 hhds., including New-Orleans, at 13c.@15½c., and Cuba at 12c.@12¾c.; also, 1,108 boxes Havana, at 13c.@14c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars continue quiet at 13½c.@17½c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 120,000 lbs., at 12½c.@12¾c.

TEAS—Have been in more demand, especially Blacks, which have been held with increased firmness, though the market closes tamely, in view of a fresh arrival.

TIN—Is in less request and less buoyant, including Banca, at 56c.@57c., and Straits at 47c.@47½c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported since our last of 850 bbls. at 85c.@91c., chiefly at 85c.; also 200 bbls. State at 83c. ₩ gallon, but the market continues unsettled, and prices are little more than nominal.

FREIGHTS—Have been quiet and heavy. For Liverpool, the engagements include 500 bbls. Flour, at 1s. ¾d.; 28,000 bushels Wheat, at 4½d.@4¾d.; 200 tcs. Beef, 2s.; 400 boxes Bacon, at 11s. 6d.@17s. 6d. For London, 500 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 9d.; 100 tcs. Beef, at 4s.; 100 boxes Bacon, at 20s.; 100 bales Hops, at 3-16d.; 5000 Staves, at 75s. For Havre, 200 bbls. Refined Petroleum, at 3s. 4d.; 900 boxes Sugar, at 40 francs. For Bremen, 150 boxes Extract Logwood, at 17s. 6d.; 300 bbls. Shoe Pegs, at 2s.; 90 hhds. Tobacco, at 27s. 6d. For Rio de Janeiro, 3000 bbls. Flour, at 75c. For a Windward Island, Dry Barrels, at 50c. each.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.			
Sidon	Jan. 22	New-York	Liverpool.
Teutonia	Jan. 23	New-York	Southampton.
City of London	Jan. 23	New-York	Liverpool.
Columbia	Jan. 26	Boston	Liverpool.
Scotia	Jan. 27	New-York	Liverpool.
Etna	Jan. 30	New-York	Liverpool.
Canada	Feb. 3	Boston	Liverpool.
Kedar	Feb. 3	New-York	Liverpool.
Germania	Feb. 6	New-York	Southampton.
City of New-York	Feb. 6	New-York	Liverpool.
Hibernia	Feb. 9	New-York	Liverpool.
Australasian	Feb. 10	New-York	Liverpool.
America	Feb. 13	New-York	Southampton
Asia	Feb. 17	New-York	Liverpool
Bavaria	Feb. 20	New-York	Southampton.
Saxonia	Mar. 5	New-York	Southampton
Borussia	Mar. 19	New-York	Southampton.
FROM EUROPE.			
Etna	Jan. 6	Liverpool	New-York.
Damascus	Jan. 7	Liverpool	Portland.
City of Limerick	Jan. 9	Liverpool	New-York.
Canada	Jan. 9	Liverpool	Boston.
Germania	Jan. 12	Southampton	New-York.
Kedar	Jan. 12	Liverpool	New-York.
City of New-York	Jan. 13	Liverpool	New-York.
Columbia	Jan. 15	Liverpool	New-York.
Australasian	Jan. 16	Liverpool	New-York.
Asia	Jan. 23	Liverpool	Boston.
Bavaria	Jan. 26	Southampton	New-York.
China	Jan. 30	Liverpool	New-York.
Saxonia	Feb. 9	Southampton	New-York.
Borussia	Feb. 23	Southampton	New-York.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Morning Star	Jan. 23	New-York	*New-Orleans.
Creole	Jan. 27	New-York	New-Orleans.
Eagle	Jan. 27	New-York	Havana.
Corsica	Feb. 1	New-York	Nassau.
Evening Star	Feb. 6	New-York	*New-Orleans.
Morning Star	Feb. 20	New-York	*New-Orleans.
Evening Star	Mar. 5	New-York	*New-Orleans.
Morning Star	Mar. 19	New-York	*New-Orleans.
Evening Star	April 2	New-York	*New-Orleans.

* Via Havana.

For California, &c.

Illinois .... Feb. 3 .... New-York .... Nicaragua.

European Mails.

The mails for Europe by the *Hibernia*, via Portland, will close on Friday, at 1:30 P. M.

The mails for the United Kingdom and the Continent, by the *City of London*, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Hamburgh and the German States, by the *Teutonia*, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

For Havana, New-Orleans, &c.

The mails for Kingston, Jamaica and Port Au Prince, by the *Saladin*, will close on Friday, at 2 P. M.

The mails for Havana, New-Orleans, &c., by the *Morning Star*, will close on Saturday, at 2 P. M.

For the South Pacific and California.

The mails for the South Pacific and Central America, by the *Ariel*, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at .... 5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South Mails close at .... 5 A. M. 4:30 and 10 P. M.
Western Mails (via Erie Railroad) ... 5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Eastern Mails at .... 5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:30 P. M.

Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

REAL ESTATE.

LOTS FOR SALE.

For sale, sixteen lots of ground on west side of 2d-av., at 54th and 55th streets, in all 200 feet square, suitable for a church or other public building.

The entire purchase money may remain on mortgage, if the property be immediately and satisfactorily improved. Apply to JOHN RILEY,
President Second-av. R. R. Co., corner 42d-st., or
JOHN O'BRIEN, Treasurer, No. 40 Wall-st., or
THOMAS CRANE, No. 340 Madison-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Lots on 4th-av., near 125th-st.
2 lots on 123d-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
2 lots on 122d-st., 275 feet west of 1st-av. All on good grade and ready for improvement. Also, 1 lot on 76th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, THE PHŒNIX HOUSE, MENDHAM, N.J.—The executors of William Phœnix, deceased, will offer at private sale the large and spacious boarding-house, situated in the village of Mendham, Morris County, about six miles from Morristown, known as the Phœnix House. The place is noted for its healthfulness, beautiful scenery, fine air, etc., and combines all the requisites of a country resort. The property consists of TWO LARGE THREE-STORY BUILDINGS CONNECTED.

The rooms are large and airy, and well calculated to accommodate about sixty boarders. There is a good barn and garden attached.

They also offer for sale a valuable farm, which will be sold with the house, containing about forty acres of land, all in a high state of cultivation, about one mile from the house. If the property is not sold by the 15th of February next, it will then be offered for rent.

For further particulars, inquire of T. W. & J. W. PHŒNIX, on the premises, or of WHITLOCK & ANDERSON, No. 332 Broadway, corner of Worth-st.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE (COTTAGE-BUILT,) 50 feet front by about 42 feet in depth, with six lots of ground, each 25 feet by 133 feet 5 inches, situated on 3d place, south corner of Henry-st., South Brooklyn. The house is replete with every modern convenience; the city sewerage assessment is paid on both fronts of the property; the garden is stocked with the best fruits, both tree and shrub. There is a brick stable 30x20 feet fronting on Henry-st. The purchaser may take the carpets, and some portions of the furniture, at a fair valuation; over the first story of the stable is a large room, 18x28, with a billiard table; the room is properly fitted. Inquire on the premises of the tenant, W. S. WOODWARD, Esq., or of EDWARD V. CLARK, No. 167 President-st., Brooklyn, or of E. S. MUNROE, No. 22 William-st., N. Y. Two-thirds (⅔) of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Price $18,000.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE, WITH NINE lots, southwest corner of Clinton and De Kalb avs., Brooklyn. The house is frescoed throughout; has every convenience; basement floor laid in black-walnut and ash; has store-room, milk-room, laundry, kitchen, &c.; on first floor, drawing-room, parlor, library, in black-walnut; dining-room, in solid oak; elaborately-carved buffet, mantel and mirror frame, with marquetrie floor; the bedrooms are airy and handsome. Part or all of the furniture (made to order, without regard to expense) will be sold with the house, if desired. On the premises is a billiard-room and bowling-alley, elegantly fitted. The stable has two box and two plain stalls, and carriage-room fitted in chestnut; loft, coachman's-room, &c., &c.

Also 13 lots of land on New-York av., Dean and Bergen sts., Brooklyn. A builder's loan will be made if required. Apply to ABIEL HEYWOOD, No. 38 Burling-slip, New-York.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Three English basement brown-stone front houses, Nos. 83, 85 and 87 Montague-place, 90 feet easterly from Henry-st.; dimensions are 20x60 feet, and four stories high, built in the most thorough manner, and replete with all modern conveniences. The situation is very desirable. Also, one house of the same class, No. 74 Pierrepoint-st., opposite the Dutch Church. Also, house No. 18 Nassau-st., between Liberty and Washington, brown-stone front, 30 feet wide, well built, and conveniently arranged. Also, four very desirable houses in Hicks-st., near Orange. Apply to H. K. CORNING, SON & CO., No. 84 South-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ALL THOSE CERTAIN LOTS OF ground, with the buildings erected thereon, situate on south side of Pearl-st., and east side of William-st., containing in front on Pearl-st., 126 feet 6 inches, and in depth on William-st., 100 feet, known by the street numbers 439, 439½, 441, 441½, 443, 443½, 445, 445½, 447, 447½ Pearl-st., and Nos. 268 and 270 William-st. The property will be sold either in one parcel or by separate lots. For particulars inquire at the Treasurer's Office of the Reformed Dutch Church, No. 192 Broadway, of JAMES PHYFE.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—BROWN-STONE, FOUR-story English basement, finished throughout with all modern improvements, including baths, furnace, dumb waiter, &c., &c.; exactly opposite the residence of Gen. Sandford, 22d-st., convenient of access by several lines of omnibuses and cars, on a street free from nuisances or tenements. Apply for particulars and permit at the office of present occupant, between 10 and 11 A. M., or 4 and 5 P. M. CHAS. H. TOWNSEND, No. 20 Reade-st.

THAT PROPERTY AT THE HEAD OF Chatham-square, running through to Catharine-st., with a large frontage on East Broadway; together with No. 19 Catharine-st., No. 13 Market-st., No. 61 St. Mark's place, and also fifty feet front on Grand, corner of Cannon-st. (All improved.) Will be sold at auction by Messrs. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., on TUESDAY, Jan. 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesrooms, No. 111 Broadway.

AT PRIVATE SALE—TWO DWELLING houses and about 48 acres of land, at Far Rockaway, L. I., near the Marine Pavilion, in sections of from 3 to 5 acres, beautifully situated for building purposes or gardening; has a fine view of the Atlantic Ocean. For particulars inquire of WILLIAM H. BOLTON, No. 53 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, where maps of the same can be seen, or of WILLIAM SMITH, near the premises.

JERSEY CITY.—DWELLING-HOUSE AND two lots of ground for sale, with or without the furniture, located on the northeast corner of Wayne and Barrow sts.; house large and commodious, with modern improvements, finished in the best manner. Possession at once, if wanted. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—LOT 22X98; house four stories, with modern improvements, and in first-rate order; the location is one of the pleasantest in the City. Apply at No. 26 Lamartine-place, from 11 to 3 o'clock. Price, $14,000.

MANUFACTORY FOR SALE.—FIVE STORY brick building on Spring-st., with basement and vault; well lighted, with or without a lot and building on Thompson-st., forming an L. Apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 18 Nassau-st.

VACANT GROUND ON BROADWAY, BEtween 29th and 30th sts., to let or lease; a large piece, equal to about 65x100 feet, in rear, with one or more small houses and lots in front on Broadway, for entrance or in addition. Apply to H. M. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 17 West 27th-st., near Broadway.

FOR SALE—DWELLING HOUSE, NO. 15 UNIversity-place, between 8th and 9th sts.; lot full width, house three rooms deep to 2d story, and in good order; if not sold by Feb. 1, will be for rent. Apply to I. C. MARTIN, No. 364 Broadway, up stairs.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FURNITURE ON Murray Hill, between Madison and Park avs. A four-story brown stone house, in perfect order, 21 feet front, well furnished, partly new. Price $22,000. Address W. D., Box No. 553 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF ELEGANT RESIdences on 5th-av.; also, on 14th-st., 23d-st. and 34th-st. For particulars apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

CLINTON AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE—The house and twelve lots of ground on the northeast corner of Clinton and Green avs., Brooklyn. Apply to SUMNER R. STONE, No. 46 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS LARGE BRICK dwelling-house and lot on 14th-st., near 6th-av., with brick stable in the rear. Lot 37½ feet front by 125 feet deep. A. FINDLEY, No 31 Pine-st., second floor.

MANUFACTURING OR TENEMENT PROPERTY.—The lot No. 63 Park-st., 25.3 feet by 147 feet, will be sold at auction by ADRIAN H. MULLER, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, on THURSDAY, Jan. 28.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE DOWN-TOWN PROPerty, situated on Nassau-st., Vesey-st., and Cedar-st., east and west of Broadway. For particulars, apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY—SEVERAL DESIRable dwellings, situated on Third-place, Clinton-place, Green-av., Pacific, Clinton and other streets, for sale. For particulars apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY NO. 752 BROADway, between Astor-place and 8th-st., upon very easy terms. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN STONE house, No. 67 East 23d-st. Lot 28x110; house 28x60. Apply to JAMES CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE NINETY miles from the City via Hudson River Railroad, containing some five acres of thoroughly tilled land, upon which there are fruit trees and fruits of all kinds. The house is a large, first-class two-story frame building, with wings on either side; warmed all through with a furnace, has a bathing-room on the second floor; attached is a fine green-house, and in connection a large glass forwarding-house. The entire premises are in perfect order. Price, $15,000. Also, a two-story frame building, basement and attic finished, in perfect order. For particulars inquire at No. 118 West 13th-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—The residence of the subscriber, situate in Montgomery County, New-York, 44 miles west of Albany, on the line of the Central Railroad, comprising about 80 acres of land, under a high state of cultivation, and stocked with the choicest kind of fruits. The mansion, outbuildings, &c., are first-class. The situation is high and very healthy, and takes in a view of 25 miles of the beautiful Mohawk Valley. To a gentleman of means it offers rare inducements. Will be sold low, for cash or exchange, for real estate in this City, at a fair valuation. Address, WILLIAM HALL, No. 176 Chambers-st.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE, SITUATED at Rye Neck, Westchester County, at the entrance to the harbor of Mamaroneck, near the residences of Samuel L. Mitchell and Alexander Taylor, Esqrs., consisting of 14½ acres of land, with water front on three sides; on the premises there is a good dwelling-house and outbuildings, new cottage, stone dock; good fishing and bathing, plenty of fruit, and everything requisite for a genteel residence. Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to GEO. R. JACKSON, No. 201 Centre-st.

TO LEASE—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, A large first-class country house, with out-buildings, garden, lawn, beautiful shade trees, a variety of fruits, and 37 acres of land, fronting on Harlem River, Westchester side, near the Fordham landing. This is one of the finest as well as one of the most accessible country residences in the vicinity of New-York. Apply to A. FINDLAY, No. 31 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 50 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 40 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

A GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE,

situated in Llewellyn Park, N. Orange, N. J., within an hour's ride of the City.

The house is well and handsomely built, and the situation is very fine, commanding a very extensive view; has hot and cold water in every room, and is heated by one of Brown's hot-water furnaces. The grounds are well laid out, and the kitchen garden is amply supplied with fruit and vegetables in their season. There is also a fine stone stable and carriage-house. The house will be sold with either six or thirteen acres, or will be exchanged for a City dwelling. For further information, apply by mail to JOHN H. JAFFRAY, No. 350 Broadway.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT TO LET.

The residence of the late Philip Dater will be let, with furniture and appurtenances, to a desirable party, for one year, from this Spring. The house is of stone, fifty feet square, and has a two-story extension. There is a fine view of the East River. The place contains sixty acres of land in a high state of cultivation, two large vegetable gardens, and numerous fruit and ornamental trees of choice varieties; also, two graperies and an ice-house, filled. There are commodious outbuildings and a porter's lodge, built of stone. The situation is in Westchester, 1½ miles from Harlem Bridge, adjoining the property of the late Charles Denison and B. M. Whitlock. For further particulars apply to PHILIP DATER, No. 161 Front-st.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—A COTTAGE, WITH 10 rooms, kitchen, laundry and water coach house, stable, and about an acre of ground, situated on the Sound, near the Neptune House, Westchester County, and opposite Pelham Post-office; key there. Regular daily communication with the City. Address P. SCHUYLER, Pelham, or Box No. 2,326 New-York.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHY and desirable places on the Sound, 1¾ hours from the City. The house contains 11 rooms, besides cellars and attic, and well furnished. The outbuildings are large and new; the place contains 70 acres, about one-half wood land, and has a large water front. Apply at No. 3 Cliff-st.

FARMS.

A FARM FOR SALE—SITUATED IN CALDwell Township, Essex County, N. J., about one mile from Franklin, on the road leading to Fairfield, lately occupied by Jacob Bush; said farm consists of about 100 acres of good land, well adapted for the usual crops, grazing or dairy purposes; on the premises is a large and convenient dwelling house, barns, corn-cribs, sheds, &c.—all recently built; terms easy. For further particulars, apply to D. CAMPBELL, Newark, or T. & H. MESSENGER, No. 161 Maiden-lane, New York.

WORTH ATTENTION.—FOR SALE, A FARM of 67 acres, two minutes from railroad station, convenient to New-York. Price $15,000; buildings worth $3,000. Fine location for improvements, which, if made, small payment required. There is a value on the farm not generally known. Also, a fine country residence, with 2½ acres, well fruited, at $4,000. Also, 22 acres of land. Inquire of JOHN STEVENS, at office of Mount Vernon Gas Light Co., No. 42 Pine-st., second floor, 27th inst., from 11 to 5 o'clock, or at Mount Vernon any time.

FOR SALE.—A FARM OF TWENTY ACRES beautifully situated on the east bank of Passaic River opposite the Village of Belleville, with good house, barn and other outbuildings; a variety of fruit trees, grapery, &c. Apply to J. D. ACKERMAN, No. 19 8th-av., N. Y., or of W. M. ACKERMAN, on the premises.

FOR SALE—ONE AND A HALF MILES FROM White Plains depot, a farm of 40 acres of fine land, free from stone; splendid view of the Sound; good house, with new barn, &c. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

TO LET.

TO RENT—A SLATE QUARRY SITUATED ON the main road, and about half way between Hackettstown and Washington, Warren County, New-Jersey; and on the line of the extension of the Morris and Essex Railroad—one-half mile from the Morris Canal—being one of the very best locations in this or any other State. The subscriber has worked the quarry enough to open and test the quality of slates, which are of the very best. The quarry will be rented for a term of years, or sold on easy terms. For further particulars address letter to, or call on the subscriber, HENRY MILLER, Stephensburgh, Morris Co., N. J.

TO LET WITH POWER OR WITHOUT.—No. 246 Canal-st.: store and basement opposite Earle's Hotel. Also, several well-lighted rooms, one a corner with eleven windows. Also, a pleasant cottage for a small family, at Bedford, Westchester County, with garden, &c. Apply to GUSTAVUS BAYLIES, No. 240 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—TO A PRIvate family only; location one block from Cooper Institute, containing 11 rooms, bath-room, gas, water and all modern improvements; handsomely furnished throughout. Apply to EDWARD F. MILLER, No. 48 Clinton-st., New-York, from 9 to 4 o'clock.

TO LET—THE LOFTS OF NO. 14 BROAD AND Nos. 14 and 16 New-st., for three years from the first of May next. Can be converted into desirable offices at a small expense. Possession can be given in February, if desired. Apply to SAMPSONS & BALDWIN, No. 14 Broad-st.

FRANKLIN-ST., NEAR BROADWAY—to lease for a term of years as it is, or will be improved to suit tenants. Also in Leonard-st., with an L, well adapted for manufacturing purposes. Apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

WALL-ST.—A PART OF AN OFFICE ON THE first floor, a large and light room, will be rented. Address Box No. 1,910 Post-office, stating the business for which it will be wanted.

TO LET—STORE, BASEMENT AND SUB-CELlar of No. 88 Chambers-st., from May 1st. Apply to GEO. R. JACKSON, No. 201 Centre-st.

TWO LOFTS TO LET—AT NO. 193 CHAMbers-st., near Washington, for $400. Inquire of A. A. ROBBINS, No. 193 Chambers-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x16 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
By ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.
JONATHAN W. ALLEN,
JOSIAH W. BROWN.

Several first-class HOUSES, either on Madison or 5th-avs., or on the streets between the avenues.

Also, wanted, HOUSES and LOTS in any good and desirable location.

WANTED.—TO PURCHASE, FOR CASH, A medium sized dwelling-house, which must be well built, in good order, and have all the conveniences; to be between 4th and 7th-avs., and not below 14th-st.; price not above $10,000. Address WILLIAMS, Box No. 3,036 P. O.

HOUSE WANTED—IN A GOOD LOCATION, any time after Feb. 1. High stoop preferred. Rent from $800 to $1,000. Address O. D., Box No. 178 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—AN 18 OR 20 foot English basement house, centrally located up town. Address E. B., Box No. 555 New-York Post-office.

IRON WORK.

CORNELL & WATSON,
NO. 199 WOOSTER-ST.,
Manufacture every description of
IRON WORK
FOR BUILDING PURPOSES,
IRON RAILINGS, BALCONIES,
VERANDAHS, SHUTTERS, DOORS,
BANK VAULTS, SKYLIGHTS,
FLOORLIGHTS, SASHES,
WINDOW GUARDS, &c.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE FIRM OF J. & J. C. CONROY, IMporters and manufacturers of fishing tackle, &c., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, by the retiring of MR. JOHN CONROY.
(Signed.) JOHN CONROY,
J. CHAS. CONROY.

The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of J. C. CONROY & CO., to continue the above business.
J. C. CONROY,
THOS. M. BISSETT,
FRANCIS M. ALLEN.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1864.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1864.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, under the name, firm and style of BURLOCK, RAMSEY & CO., for the transaction of the Hosiery and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods business, at No. 106 Chambers-st.
W. E. BURLOCK,
JOHN M. RAMSEY,
GEORGE W. CARRINGTON.

GOODMAN & JESUP HAVE THIS DAY ASsociated with them JOHN R. KENNADAY. They will continue the practice of a general law business at their offices, No. 112 Broadway, under the firm name of GOODMAN, JESUP & KENNADAY.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1864.

No. 54 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1864.
JOHN CAMPBELL IS THIS DAY ADMITted a member of our firm.
FEARING & DALTON.

MR. IRVING GRINNELL RETIRES from our firm this day.
GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO.
December 31, 1863.

MR. TALLMADGE NORWOOD IS THIS day admitted as a member of our firm.
A. G. NORWOOD & CO.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1864.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1864.
MR. JOHN CROSBY BROWN IS THIS day admitted a partner in our several firms.
BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

AMERICAN TRAVELERS WILL FIND excellent accommodations at fair rates at CATALDI'S HOTEL, (late Batt's,) Nos. 41, 42 and 43 Dover-st., Piccadilly, London. English, French, German and Italian spoken.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 15, 1864.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE ATHENEUM COLLECTION OF hymns and tunes for the Choir, Church, and Sunday School is now ready. It contains 512 pages, and nearly 700 hymns and tunes, such as, "Rest for the Weary," "Shining Shore," "Eden Above," "Shall We Know Each Other There," &c. Among the new and beautiful pieces, we would name: "Dare to be Right," "Faint Not, Weary Pilgrim," "Come to Me," "Lion of Judah," "Shall We Meet Beyond the River?" "Lord, Give Us Faith," "There is a Land of Love," "Oh! 'tis Glorious," "We'll Wait till Jesus Comes," "A Few More Years Shall Roll," "Sabbath Bells Chime On," "Over the River," "Shall We Meet No More to Part?" "The Vacant Chair," "Forever With the Lord," &c. Price, bound, 65 cents; $7 per dozen; $55 per hundred. Cloth bound, embossed gilt, 75 cents; $8 per dozen; $65 per hundred. Postage, 15 cents each.
HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

REV. CHAUNCEY D. MURRAY WILL be installed Pastor of Westminster Church, 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on SUNDAY, the 24th inst. Services commencing at 7½ o'clock P. M. Rev. Dr. POTTS will preach the sermon. Rev. Dr. PHILLIPS will deliver the charge to the people, and Rev. Mr. CLARK the charge to the Pastor. The usual morning services at 10½ o'clock.

REV. JAMES PRESTLEY, D. D., FORMERLY of this City, will deliver two lectures in the United Presbyterian Church, Jane-st., near northwest corner of Jane-st. and 8th-av. The first on TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 26; subject—*From Suez to Sinai*. The second on THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 28; subject—*What I saw in Jerusalem*. To commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets for both, 50 cents; for one, 25 cents.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Monthly meeting will be held at the Rooms, Bible House, 3d-av., corner 9th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at 7½ o'clock. An essay will be read by a member; subject—*Practical Christianity*. Address by Rev. F. BOTTOME. Young men are invited. R. R. McBURNEY, Recording Secretary.

THE FIFTH COURSE OF SERMONS ON THE LITURGY, will be preached by Rev. MORGAN DIX, D. D., on SUNDAY EVENING, the 24th inst., at St. Ann's Church, 18th-st., near 5th-av. Subject—*The Creeds*. Services to commence at 7½ P. M. A collection will be made in aid of the Fund, for the free distribution of Prayer Books.

"THE REPRESENTATIVE SINNERS OF THE BIBLE."—The fifteenth discourse of this series will be delivered on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, by Rev. WM. A. BARTLETT. Subject—*Solomon*. Preaching in the MORNING also, by the Pastor, at 10½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 A. M., and 2½ P. M.

REV. ISAAC WESCOTT WILL PREACH in the Bloomingdale Church, on 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The General Judgment—Its Necessity and Certainty*. Rev. Dr. FLETCHER will preach at 10½ A. M. Sunday School at 9 and 2 o'clock. Preaching every evening next week, at 7½ o'clock.

MARINERS' CHURCH OF THE NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY, corner of Madison and Catharine sts. The nineteenth in the course of Sabbath evening sermons will be delivered by Rev. M. S. HUTTON, D. D., of New-York, on SABBATH, Jan. 24, at 7½ P. M. Preaching at 10½ A. M. by the Pastor, Rev. A. McGLASHAN, as usual. Seats free.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—SUNDAY EVENING, a few lectures on the most prominent Christian denominations, will be commenced by Rev. MOSES BALLOU. Introductory—*The Roman Catholic Church, its Doctrines and Practices*. Mr. BALLOU preaches also in the MORNING.

CHRISTIAN ALLIANCE.—REV. C. C. GOSS will preach in Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, at 11 A. M., and Dr. R. B. WESTBROOK in the evening. Children's Meeting, 3 o'clock. Meeting in Cooper Institute in behalf of needy soldiers' families the last SUNDAY EVENING of the month.

SOUTH CHURCH LECTURES—SECOND SERIES—being discourses upon *Christian Life*, delivered in the South Baptist Church, 25th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Rev. J. T. DURYEA will preach the fourth of this series on SUNDAY EVENING, Jan. 24, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*Experiences Attending Conversion*.

NOTICE.—PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LARGE Hall, cor. 8th-av. and 33d-st. Rev. R. C. SHIMEALL, Minister. Regular services every SABBATH, morning and evening. Subject for evening—*The Nature, Design or End and Scope of Prophecy*. Very important. Services at 7½ o'clock.

MEMORIAL CHURCH—HAMMOND STREET, corner Waverley Place.—Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D., an assistant Minister of Trinity Church, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING. Services at 10½, 3½, and 7½ o'clock. Free seats. The quarterly collection in aid of the Church will be made at each service.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION—(Protestant Episcopal)—in East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Rev. ROBERT G. DICKSON, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers at hotels and all unconnected with any other church will find a welcome. All seats free.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH, 50TH-ST., BETWEEN Lexington and 3d avs., Rev. WM. A. W. MAYBIN, Rector. Services on SUNDAY, Jan. 24, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday school at 3 P. M. The Rev ALEX. H. VINTON, D. D., Rector of St. Mark's, in the Bowery, will preach in the evening. Seats free.

FRENCH EPISCOPAL CHURCH "DU ST. ESPRIT," West 22d-st., near 5th-av.—SUNDAY, Jan. 24. Morning services, by the Rector, Rev. Dr. VERREN, at 10½ o'clock. Evening services, in English, by Rev. J. CAMPBELL WHITE, D. D., commencing at 7½ o'clock.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Broome-st., opposite Centre-st. Preaching on SUNDAY by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES B. DUNN, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The subject in the evening will be the continuation of the series of lectures on "Pilgrim's Progress."

THE NEW-YORK SCRIPTURE REVIEWing Class will meet in Room No. 30 Cooper Institute, on THURSDAY EVENING next, at 7½ o'clock, to review the position of those who hold that the wicked dead will never have a resurrection. The public are invited to attend.

HELL, ITS ORIGIN, HISTORY AND DESTINY.—Rev. G. T. FLANDERS will deliver the first of a series of sermons on this subject, at the Second Universalist Church, Historical Society's Building, 11th-st., 2d-av., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. To these important lectures the public are cordially invited.

THE NEW DISPENSATION.—THE CONgregation that bears the standard to which all the children of God are to be gathered, meets for worship in Union Buildings, No. 163 Bowery. Preaching on SUNDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., by the Special Herald of Christ; seats free. Come and hear.

THE 50TH-STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—(The Rev. Dr S. B. BELL'S,) between Broadway and 8th-av. The Rev. Professor MARVIN, D. D., will preach in this church at 10½ A. M., and the Rev. SAMUEL D. BURCHARD, D. D., at 7½ P. M., SUNDAY, Jan. 24.

AT THE LAIGHT-ST. CHURCH, CORNER of Laight and Varick sts., St. John's Park, Rev. I. S. KALLOCH will preach SABBATH MORNING and EVENING. Subject for the evening—*The Future Prevalence of Christianity*.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—The Rev. Mr. STREET, of York, Penn., will preach in this Church, corner 9th-av. and 31st-st., SUNDAY MORNING, 10½ o'clock. Rev. S. H. COX, D. D., will preach in the EVENING, 7½ o'clock.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.—REV. GEORGE DANA BOARDMAN, of Rochester, will preach in the Calvary Baptist Church, West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avenues, on SUNDAY, Jan. 24th, at 10½ A. M., and 3 P. M.

PREACHING IN THE JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH on SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Dr. TRUE. Subject: *Entire Sanctification*. In the EVENING at 7½ by the Pastor. Prayer-meeting at 6½. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

ALL SAINTS' PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of Henry and Scammel sts.—Services at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Rev. J. H. HOPKINS, Jr., will preach MORNING and EVENING, Jan. 24. Seats for all.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, STANTON-ST., between Essex and Norfolk sts.—Services 10½ A. M., 3 and 7½ P. M. Seats free. Rev. HENRY L. JONES, Rector of Christ Church, Fitchburgh, Mass., will preach on SUNDAY, morning and evening.

THE REV. ARTHUR CLEVELAND COXE, D. D., will preach a sermon on behalf of the Society for the Increase of the Ministry, in the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, on SUNDAY, Jan. 24, at 7½ in the evening.

REV. ALFRED COOKMAN, WILL PREACH in Trinity M. E. Church on 34th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7 o'clock P. M. Strangers made welcome—seats cheerfully provided on main floor. Pews in galleries all free.

ATHENEUM—BROOKLYN.—REV. MATTHEW HALE SMITH will preach on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, on *The Lessons of the Sea*. At 7½ P. M., second sermon of the course on *The Saviour and Practical Life—Christ a Preacher*.

CHRISTIAN UNION.—THE SEVENTH SERmon in this series will be preached by the Rev. J. P. NEWMAN, D. D., in the Church in 28th-st., just west of Broadway, SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Unity of the Christian Church*.

A SALVATION MEETING.—THE REV. B. T. ROBERTS, editor of the *Earnest Christian*, will preach on SUNDAY at Heitzelberger's Hall, No. 206 Eighth-av., between Twentieth and Twenty-first-sts. Union prayer meeting at 3 o'clock.

PROF. MATTISON WILL PREACH AS usual in his Church in 41st-st., near 6th-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and at 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 2½ P. M. Free seats and a cordial welcome to strangers.

THE REV. WILLIAM FREELAND WILL preach in the Presbyterian Church, corner of Thompson and Houston sts., on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and 7½ in the evening. The public are invited to attend.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH—BOTANIC Hall, No. 68 East Broadway. Preaching on SUNDAY by Elder RUFUS WENDELL, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. All who are interested in a future life, and Christ's coming kingdom, are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

FOURTEENTH-ST. CHURCH.—REV. PROfessor SEELY, of Amherst College, will preach in the 14th-st. Presbyterian Church, corner of 2d-av., on SUNDAY, Jan 24, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR, LEXINGTON-AV., corner of East 30th-st. Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr., Rector, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING. Services will commence at 7½ o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION.—The Rev. Dr. SCHAFF will deliver a discourse in the German language in this Church, corner of 6th-av. and 20th-st., on SUNDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

MRS. CORA L. V. HATCH WILL SPEAK in Clinton Hall, Astor-place, on SUNDAY, at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M. Evening subject selected by the audience. Questions after the lecture. Seats, 10 cents.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE UNITED STATES IN PROPHECY.—Rev. NEWTON HESTON, Pastor of the State-st. Congregational Church, (near Hoyt-st.) Brooklyn, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., the third sermon of the series on the "Baptism of Fire," and at 7½ P. M., the third sermon of the second series on the United States in Prophecy. Subject—*The Mission of the Stone Kingdom, or Fifth Great Empire*. A course of lectures on Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress every Tuesday evening at 7½ o'clock.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING IN BEHALF OF THE FREEDMEN AND COLORED SOLDIERS.—EDWARD GILBERT, Esq., Col. JAMES FAIRMAN, and Prof. DAY, of New-York, recently returned from Europe, will speak in their behalf on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the Bedford-av. Baptist Church, Brooklyn. A collection will be taken at the close of the exercises.

SPIRITUAL MEETING OF THE COMMONWEALTH, or Church of the New Dispensation, on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M.; 3 and 7½ P. M., at Hall No. 8½ Broadway, southwest corner 13th-st., up stairs. Removed from Broadway and 21st-st. Free to all, without respect to doctrinal or denominational differences. Collections taken up to aid the movement.

REV. HENRY BLANCHARD WILL COMmence a course of four lectures on *God, Christ, Scriptures, Destiny*, in the Church of the Restoration, corner of Monroe place and Clark st., Brooklyn, on SUNDAY EVENING. The attention of liberal Christians and of the public generally is especially called to this course of lectures.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH—BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts., Rev. JOHN K. WARDLE, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. Experience meeting at 3½ o'clock P. M. Extra services will be continued every evening next week, except Saturday. Seats free.

REV. THEODORE L. CUYLER WILL will preach to young men by invitation of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association, in the 14th-st. Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr McELROY'S,) between 5th and 6th avs., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

UNION PRAYER MEETING IS HELD daily from 12 to 1 o'clock, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, Bible House, 3d-av., corner 9th-st. The public are invited.
R. R. McBURNEY, Rec. Sec.

REV. S. D. BURCHARD, D.D., WILL preach at the rooms of the New England Soldiers' Relief Association, No. 194 Broadway, on SUNDAY next, 24th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The public are invited to attend.

IRVING HALL.—REV. W. H. MILBURN WILL deliver one of the course of lectures on the *First Christian Century*, on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A COMpetent woman as cook, who thoroughly understands her business; willing to assist in washing and ironing; good city references from her last place. Apply at No. 124 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS COOKS, CHAMBERMAIDS, &c.—First-class servants, Protestant or Catholic, for City or country, can be procured at the PRIVATE SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, No. 16 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN DEsires a situation in City or country as cook; understands her business perfectly—jellies, cream, pastry, and boning of poultry; has the best of references. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID—A WILLING and obliging young woman, desires a situation in city or country; is a good washer and ironer, also an excellent laundress; has good references. Apply at 378 6th-av.

MALES.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED AS gardener on the 10th of February next, by a married middle-aged German, without incumbrance, who thoroughly understands his business, laying out grounds, the cultivation of flowers, greenhouses, fruits, ornamental trees and vegetables. Call for a month at No. 81 6th-av., second floor, front room.

HELP WANTED

TO PRINTERS.—WANTED, TWENTY COMPOSITORS on good fat work; also, a warehouseman accustomed to wetting and cutting up paper, doing up parcels, &c.; also a feeder boy for Adams' press. Apply to BAKER & GODWIN, Tribune Buildings.

A GARDENER WANTED AS PARTNER, with from $300 to $500, with one already in the business; one that is a good plant grower. The place requires two, as there is a large jobbing to be attended to. Address GARDENER, Box No. 288 *Times* Office.

A GOVERNESS.—WANTED, A DAILY GOVerness, from 9 A. M. to 1; must be an excellent arithmetician. Moderate salary, with French and Drawing lessons. Apply for a week, at 2 P. M., at No. 7 East 27th-st.

A LAD.—WANTED, A LAD ABOUT 16 YEARS old, to learn the retail hardware business. Must understand figures, and write a good hand; with a good recommendation. Address, for two days, C., postage paid, Madison square Post-office.

WANTED—TWO SMART YOUNG WOMEN, TO make paper-boxes back of Jersey City. Wages $4 50 to $5 per week. Call on the Lodi Manufacturing Company, No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

SILVERSMITHS WANTED—GOOD WORKmen. Apply immediately at No. 3 Maiden-lane.
GORHAM & CO.

WANTED—IN A DRY GOODS COMMISSION house a boy 16 years of age. Address Box No. 1,099 Post-office, in handwriting of applicant, stating reference.

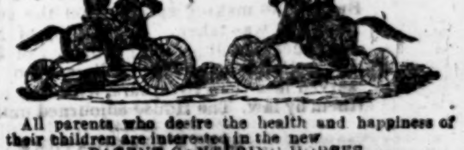
WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SUGAR BOILER to go to the Pacific coast. Address Box No. 2,221 New-York Post-office, with reference.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

LUMBER.—A FULL ASSORTMENT OF LUMBER and timber suitable for shipping to every part of the world, for sale by JOHNSON & SPADER.
Corner of Kent-av. and Hewes-st., (near Naval Hospital,) Brooklyn.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City to purchase cheap and well-finished Mantels is at A. Klaber's Mantel Manufactory, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Cut this out.

MISCELLANEOUS.



All parents who desire the health and happiness of their children are interested in the new PATENT CANTERING HORSES.
Call and take a ride, or send stamp for circular.
S. W. SMITH, No. 498 Broadway.

DIAMOND PARLOR MATCHES
ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER.
The demand for them is large and increasing. No one having used them once will ever use any others.
Parties remitting by mail may have them sent to any part of the country, put up in packages of a dozen boxes each, at 15 cents per dozen. A liberal discount to the trade, by the case of five or ten gross. Address
LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

LIBRARIES AND SMALL PARCELS OF BOOKS BOUGHT.
10,000 Photographic Albums at our price.
100,000 Works on Geology at your price.
200,000 Photographic Scrap, &c., Pictures at any price.
LEGGAT BROTHERS,
No. 119 Nassau-st., near Beekman.

TURNER BROTHERS, MANUFACTURERS OF
TURNER'S GINGER WINE,
BITTERS, SYRUPS, CORDIALS,
NATIVE WINES, &C.
Removed to corner of Pine and Water sts.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.—FOR SALE—ANALYSIS of and Recipe for preparing the following popular concoctions used as coffee—materials furnished to prepare 10 pounds, if desired, at a great saving: Gillie's Old Plantation Coffee, Osborn's Java Coffee, Babbitt's O. K. Coffee, Kent's East India Coffee, Vandeveer's Eureka Coffee, Liebig's Essential Coffee, Davis' Rye Coffee—$1 for each recipe, or $5 for the whole seven. All applications must contain a remittance. Analysis made of any other popular article of coffee and recipe furnished, by remitting a sample and $2. Address Dr. M. E. MONTGOMERY, chemist, Brooklyn Post-office, New York.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for OLD NEWSPAPERS of every description, old PAMPHLETS of every kind, old BLANK BOOKS and LEDGERS that are written full, and all kinds of WASTE PAPER from bankers, insurance companies, brokers, patent medicine depots, printing offices, bookbinders, public and private libraries, hotels, steamboats, railroad companies, express offices &c.
STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st.

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS AND SHIPMASTERS.—At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Pilots, held 19th inst., the license of Pilot C. C. Freeman was revoked for intoxication while on duty. By order, F. PERKINS, Secretary.

SEVEN CENTS PER POUND PAID FOR old books, newspapers and pamphlets, magazines, manuscripts, &c. MANAHAN & MILLER, No. 10 Spruce-st.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6, first floor, over Park Bank.

SHOW-CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER, white metal, and all kinds of cases, to order.
HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 132 CHATHAM-ST.

ILLUSION WIGS AND TOUPEES.—JAPONICA of the Societe Hygienique, for restoring and beautifying the hair. Depot at L. BASTET'S, 365 Broadway.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JAN. 23, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S—Rosedale.

WINTER GARDEN—The Ticket-of-Leave Man.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Mazeppa; Or, The Untamed Rocking Horse.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Connie Soogah; or, The Jolly Peddler.

PARK THEATRE—(Brooklyn)—Ireland as it is—Black-eyed Susan.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Great French Giant—Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Moving Wax Figures, The Tyrolean Whistler, &c., at all hours—Ticket-of-Leave Man—at 3 and 7½ P. M.

BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 485 Broadway)—Equestrian Performances.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—Moral Exhibition and Egyptian Caravan.

HOPE CHAPEL—Stereopticon.

HOWE'S GREAT CIRCUS—(Nos. 199 and 201 Bowery.)

PERHAM'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—Mirror of the Rebellion.

IRVING HALL—Cordova's Poem.

FIFTH-AVENUE POND—Grand Fancy Dress Carnival.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The arrival of the steamships *Creole* and *George Washington* at this port yesterday puts us in possession of news from Louisiana, Texas, and Mexico. The recent Proclamation of Gen. Banks authorizing an election for the restoration of the State to the Union, upon the plan of the Amnesty Proclamation, was received with great favor, and the consideration of the candidates for the Governorship seemed to tend to the nomination of Thomas J. Durant, an eminent lawyer of the city. There is nothing especially new reported regarding army matters. Gen. Dana has relieved Gen. Washburne of the command in Texas, and the latter had taken passage for this City. An affair had occurred on the 29th ult., at Matagorda Bay, between our gunboats, a company of the Thirteenth Maine regiment and a large force of rebel cavalry and a rebel gunboat. Our small party of troops, under Gen. Herron, had landed with the object of cutting off the rebel pickets, but were attacked by the cavalry, who were driven off by our gunboats. The cavalry, aided by the rebel gunboat subsequently attacked our men and caused them to vacate their position, but next morning a strong gale of wind drove the steamer ashore, and she was destroyed by fire. Her name was the *J. G. Carr.* Another revolution had broken out at Matamoras. Ruiz was in temporary command of the city. Gen. Serna had been making himself obnoxious by forcing a loan from foreigners as well as Mexicans, including among the former four Americans. Gen. Dana, however, demanded prompt restitution of the money, and backing his demand by a sufficient force, Serna sent it back.

A correspondent of the Boston *Traveller*, writing from Newbern, represents that information had reached there that a call had been issued at Raleigh for a convention, to secede from the Confederacy. He further says that five thousand men, under Gen. Butler, could march and take possession of Raleigh, and free the State from rebel rule. This may be termed very important, if true.

A letter from Lieut.-Col. T. C. Chandler, Fifty-fifth Illinois Volunteers, Provost-Marshal at Larkinsville, Ala., to his father, residing at Dayton, represents that large numbers of deserters from Bragg's army, chiefly Tennesseeans, and many refugees, are continually seeking the Federal lines to take the oath of allegiance under the Proclamation of Amnesty.

Nassau (N. P.) advices are to the 16th. The number of steamers still engaged in the blockade-running business was considerable, though not so numerous as formerly. Four or five had arrived at Nassau from Wilmington, during the month, up to the 16th.

CONGRESS.

The Senate was not in session yesterday.

The House considered and finally passed the amended Internal Revenue Bill, after rejecting Mr. Stevens' substitute, which did not differ materially from the old act. A synopsis of the bill, as amended will be found in the report of the proceedings. The House then resumed consideration of the confiscation resolution, Mr. Stevens and Mr. Spaulding making speeches on the subject, but no action was taken. Mr. Ward, of New-York, introduced a bill granting a bounty of $100 to all honorably discharged soldiers who may have served less than two years, which is now denied them by law. The House adjourned until Monday.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, among the bills reported favorably, was one to incorporate the Roosevelt Hospital, in this City, and one to incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company. A bill was noticed authorizing a railroad in Lexington-avenue, and other avenues and streets in the City. The resolutions proposing an amendment to the Constitution, providing for five Commissioners of Appeals, was ordered to a third reading.

In the Assembly, a report was presented calling for the punishment of adulterators of milk. Bills were noticed providing for the better protection of passengers on railroads; to authorize the First-avenue and Jersey Ferry Railroad Company to lay a track in certain streets; to incorporate the Manhattanville and Carmansville Railroad, also the Lexington-avenue and Thirty-fourth-street Railroad; for the construction of a railroad in Grand and other streets; to incorporate the Grand-street and South Ferry Railroad; also, the Christopher-street and Houston-street Railroad; also, the New-York and Westchester Railroad; for the construction of a railroad through Fulton, Ann, and other streets. A bill prohibiting the use of chain bridges at ferry landings was introduced; also, a bill authorizing the building of a public market in Brooklyn.

GENERAL NEWS.

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen, yesterday, a resolution by Mr. Ottiwell was adopted, for the appointment of a Committee to confer and act with Mayor Gunther and Mr. Sandford in extending a suitable reception to the returned veteran soldiers of this City, who have reënlisted and are now here on furlough. A communication was received from the Comptroller, stating that since his estimates for the City appropriations for 1864 were made, a resolution had been passed by the Common Council, and approved by the Mayor, increasing the wages of all Corporation laborers from $1 75 to $2 per day, and that this action necessitated an addition to several of the items to his budget to meet the increased expense. It was referred to the Finance Committee. City Inspector Boole's Annual Report for 1863 was received and ordered to be printed. It may be found entire in the official proceedings. The report contains earnest recommendations for the reforms heretofore suggested by Mr. Boole to the Common Council. The Mayor transmitted a long communication from Thomas N. Carr, being his rejoinder to Mr. Boole's reply to the charges made a short time ago against the management of the City Inspector's Department, and it was referred to the Special Committee on Retrenchment and Reform. Mr. Carr says that Boole and the reputed "Aldermanic Ring" have combined to "break down the Mayor," and proposes James R. Whiting, Judge Bosworth and Wm. Curtis Noyes as a Committee to make honest investigation of his charges, or that the "Astors, Stewarts and men of that class unanimously petition the Legislature for power to examine, through a Committee of their own selection, and to recommend all needed amendments to the charter. The Board adjourned to Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M.

A notorious character of Morgan's command, named Dick Low, escaped from Camp Morton about three months ago, and managed to get to Owen County, Ky., where his friends reside. The Deputy Marshal of Owen County, hearing of his arrival, immediately arrested him, and he was incarcerated in the County Jail. His friends, it seems, banded together to the number of about fifteen or twenty, and on the night of the 13th attacked the jail, overpowering the guard, and effecting the rescue of the prisoner. They carried him off in defiance of the citizens, amid the wildest shouts of triumph.

The subscriptions to the Five-twenty Loan at the time the books were closed on Thursday night, overran the amount authorized ten million dollars, and further subscriptions were expected from the West. It is supposed that all *in transitu* on Thursday will be received, and that Congress will authorize the issue of that amount extra.

The California State Senate, on the 22d, adopted a resolution recommending the renomination of Mr. Lincoln for President.

The New-Orleans *Price Current*, always a thoroughly reliable commercial sheet, after a protracted suspension, has been revived, and is now issued regularly.

The Popular Loan was closed out at the Treasury Department on Thursday night. Yesterday, in Wall-street, the Stock rose to 103 @ 103½ ℘ cent., including interest from 1st November. The Railway speculation was partially weak early in the day, but soon after recovered, and closed firm. Gold, 157; Bills on London, 171@171½ ℘ cent.

Breadstuffs were more active yesterday; Wheat and Oats advanced, while Corn declined slightly. Provisions were rather quiet; hog products depressed. A good inquiry prevailed for Candles, Chemicals, Dry Cod, Mackerel, Fruit, Hay, Hops, Manila Hemp, Leather, Cotton, Sugars, Salt, Wool, and the principal kinds of Oils. Hides, Laths, Lime, Seeds and Tobacco were inactive. Whisky was lower and unsettled. The freight market was very quiet, and rates were rather easier.

Permanent Confiscation.

The question of *permanent* confiscation which is now engaging the attention of the House, is one of very great moment. It will be remembered that the original measure concerning confiscation, which passed Congress eighteen months ago, made a general sweep of the property of rebels, both real and personal, and for all time. The President returned the bill with objections against that clause making confiscation of real estate extend beyond the lifetime of the traitor, because of its doubtful constitutionality. The clause was modified, so as to confine the confiscation to the life interest, and in that shape became a law. A strong effort is now being made to restore the clause to its original shape, so as to make the confiscation permanent. The matter has become one of immediate practical importance. A large amount of real estate, belonging to rebels, is now in the hands of the Government, and in justice to the National Treasury, as well as to the neglected property itself, some disposition must be made of it. But if anything more than a life interest is to be transferred, new legislation is necessary before the sale.

The constitutional bearings of the question, turning upon the legal signification and effect of the term "attainder of treason," we do not care to discuss. It seems to us that undue attention has been given to it in Congress—many seeming to think that if the right of wholesale confiscation could be established, there could be no further question. But there is a further question, and one of vast consequence. It is that of equity and good policy. Is it wise to exercise the right?

It will not do to gauge these great State measures, as many are disposed to do, by the stern standards of abstract justice. If the old Pagan Romans could say, the highest justice the highest injury—*summum jus, summa injuria*—it certainly behooves a Christian nation to be mindful of it. Abstract principles are good in their place, but political problems involve so many and often so conflicting interests, that a large survey is needed, and a practical expediency and liberal equity should have play as well as abstract right. Extreme measures against the rebels, which shall involve not only themselves, but women and children, in an indiscriminate ruin, may, perhaps, satisfy a certain grim craving for terrible retribution, but they will not be sanctioned by the public opinion of Christendom, and will, sooner or later, induce a reaction of sympathy which will deprive them of all beneficial effect. We must not forget that our enemies are men, whatever their wrongdoing. Any *present* injury we can do them, in order to bring them to terms, consistent with the laws of modern warfare, is admissible and becoming. We have, ourselves, continually urged that the blows should fall heavily and rapidly. But when measures are proposed, like the Confiscation Bill now before the House, that inflict misery for the future rather than the present, that are retributive rather than restorative, we can no longer urge. It is a subject that should be reserved for the calmest deliberation.

We have not searched history particularly upon the subject, but we can recall no instance of such sweeping wholesale confiscations as this bill contemplates. The old Roman Empire has the name of being about as hard a conqueror as the world has seen, and yet its usage was not to confiscate the property of its enemy entirely, but to reserve for the original proprietor one-third, for the subsistence of himself and family. Cromwell's confiscations in Ireland, which have always figured as particularly severe, were yet attended with allotments in Connaught, such as the Protector deemed sufficient for family support. Russia's *régime* over Poland after the insurrection of 1830 has been considered almost merciless. Fifty thousand Poles were sent to Siberia, and about ten thousand estates were confiscated. But these estates were only a small proportion of the old soil of Poland. In the State of Virginia alone there are over a hundred thousand freeholds; within the limits of the "Confederacy," at least three-fourths of a million. Nearly all of this vast amount of real estate would be forfeited forever by its present proprietors if this confiscation measure were carried out according to its terms; for there is hardly a real estate owner in the South who has not participated in the rebellion in one way or another. Such sweeping work, were it practicable, would throw into the shade everything of the kind known to history.

The object of the Polish and the Irish confiscations was to make quiet *subjects*. Their success may be read in the chronic discontent and repeated insurrections of the two countries down to the present day. The object of our confiscations must be to make willing *citizens*, for our republican system admits of no such condition as that of subjects. We may strip these rebels of their possessions, if we please, but we have got hereafter to share political power with them, and so have our children with their children. We would like to have some of these wholesale confiscators answer us this question: *If qualified or limited confiscations in Ireland or Poland failed to make good subjects, how will unqualified and unlimited confiscations make good citizens?*

There are two great objects, each of supreme consequence. The first is to bring this war to the speediest close consistent with the preservation of the Union. The second, to bury the bitter feelings of the war as soon afterward as possible, in order that the Union may be ever afterward at peace with itself.

Permanent confiscation does not help the first object one whit more than would the confiscation of the life interests. It directly defeats the second object, for it would entail inextinguishable heart-burnings upon the posterity of the present rebels for generations to come. The one sort of confiscation, succeeded by a restoration of property to the family, might in a few years be forgotten. The other, so long as human nature remains what it is, would never cease to rankle.

We trust that Congress will study not simply the constitutionality of this measure, but its expediency. It is a subject which passion should not be allowed to approach. The coolest judgment alone should settle it. So far as depended on the President it was so settled, and most wisely too.

The Dangers Escaped—Our Relations With England.

As we read the important diplomatic correspondence of which we have before spoken, we shall all breathe freer, in seeing how near at one moment this country was to a war with Great Britain. During the fitting out of the iron-clads, our people were roused up to the highest pitch of excitement, and even the remotest western communities, as well as the commercial sea-border, felt that an open war could hardly be worse for us than this secret piratical warfare waged from British ports. Mr. Seward, in his remarkably bold and spirited dispatch of July 11, only spoke the universal popular judgment, when he said the Confederate pirates, under the British flag, should be treated as if they were public enemies, and that all damages inflicted by them must be indemnified by the British Government. The very distinct threat accompanying this expression was justified by the feelings and reason of the whole nation; that is, that the pirates should be considered as British cruisers and pursued into British ports by the naval forces of the United States. Nothing was possibly left to us, consistently with our national dignity, but this summary proceeding, which would have been tantamount to a declaration of war with Great Britain. With the six fast and powerful iron-clads afloat on the ocean, receiving supplies and coal from English colonial ports, our commerce would have been almost ruined, our ports open to attack, and the blockade often interrupted. A general naval war with England could scarcely have been worse, while the opportunity for reprisals and plunder on every sea would have been incalculably greater.

Mr. Seward and Mr. Adams could not have taken any other position, and we have reason to be grateful that their courage and moderation gained what more bluster and less determination might have lost. For the month of September succeeding these dispatches was the turning point to the destiny of the Confederacy in its foreign relations. Had the rams sailed, war with England would have inevitably followed, and the greatest victory yet won been gained for the rebels—even the recognition of their Government by Great Britain, and possibly by France. The material aid which England, with all her fleet, could have afforded to the rebels, we do not believe would have been important.

All the men she could have sent to the Southern States would have hardly been worth considering. In a gigantic war like this, an army as large as her whole Crimean army would have been but one unimportant corps. It is true, more arms and supplies could have been introduced in harbors, when the blockade was temporarily broken; but that any serious interruption to the blockade would have taken place, we do not believe. Whatever may be thought of our monitors as sea-going vessels, there is no doubt that as coast and harbor guards they are unequaled; and in a naval battle near shore, probably no ships in the world could at all compete with them. The same species of vessels would have guarded our Northern ports and harbors. With recognition, the interior war would have gone on much as it has done without it, be it must be remembered that the great forces of war are moral. Somebody has remarked that the greatest damage inflicted by the bombardment of a city is metaphysical. The effect on the feelings of the besieged is the great thing aimed at. So in battle or in war, your enemy is usually beaten not alone by material causes, but by the impressions produced on his feelings and by moral causes. The recognition of the Confederacy and their alliance with Great Britain would have been worth a hundred thousand men to their cause. The spirit which we now see so plainly sinking, and whose moral depression will ere long unnerve the rebel armies, would have then been aroused to the most intense pitch. The war might have lengthened itself for a decade. And who can measure the calamities to humanity and civilization which would have resulted from such a world-wide struggle between two leading Powers?

Let us be thankful that the discretion and sense of justice of one side, and the determination and moderation of the other, have saved their country and the world from such a horrible conflict.

Raffling at the Sanitary Fairs.

We publish several communications this morning on this subject—two of them from clergymen, one of them sustaining, the other opposing our view. We are going into no labored argument on this subject. It is not necessary. The plain, practical sense of patriotic, Christian men, intuitively settles the question.

The statement is simply this: There is a statute against raffling. The managers of the fair have decided to permit raffling, as one source of income, and have appointed a committee to regulate it. Shall good men, therefore, discountenance the fair?

So far as regards the decision of the managers we think it unwise. Though we freely recognize that the spirit, rather than the letter of the law, is what binds the conscience—that the law was intended particularly to apply to restrain appeals to chance for the purpose of gratifying cupidity and not charity—that the very essence of the sin of gambling is that it takes from your fellow-man that for which no equivalent is yielded, whereas in this case an equivalent is yielded in the satisfaction of helping on a good cause—yet, in view of the evil tendency of the example upon the undiscriminating, we think the managers would have done better to have conformed to the strict letter of the law. But the real question is not whether the Committee have erred, but whether this error, if there be one, justifies a repudiation of the fairs.

In our judgment it does not. The same rule of practical Christian morality applies here that applies to all other relations to men and things of mixed character. Your duty is discharged in opposing the evil *in* the man, or *in* the thing, and goes no further. You oppose Slavery; but you do not repudiate the Union, which contains Slavery. You oppose liquor-selling; but you do not cut loose from the Government which grants licenses to liquor-selling. You oppose running railroad trains on Sunday; but you patronize on week days the corporations which thus, as you consider, violate the Sabbath. There is a law in this State which requires that a clergyman solemnizing a marriage between parties not personally known to him shall first obtain legal proof that they are actually the parties they represent themselves to be. Most clergymen fail to comply with that requirement, and yet, notwithstanding this, you contribute to their support, and go to hear them preach, and are edified.

Every intelligent Christian man feels that his duty requires him to oppose the wrong, and not to discard the wrong-doer. What Christian pastor in this City denies this? What man of them is willing to have his daily practical conduct toward society judged on any other principle? Who could abide it? And yet here the extraordinary spectacle is presented of certain clergymen—very few, we are happy to believe, in comparison with the whole number—refusing to join the most effective of all movements for the rescuing of the defenders of our country from sickness and death, because, forsooth, its directors have in, their judgment, made a moral mistake in one of its details! It is almost incredible. With all respect, we can hardly help thinking that this is essentially the spirit which murmured against the Saviour for healing on the Sabbath-day.

We beg not to be misunderstood. If these managers have erred, let them be put right. We care not what moral constraint is brought to bear upon them to effect this. But in the name of the Christian patriotism of the land, nay, in the name of the common sense which belongs to every American, we protest against suspending the lives of our soldiers on the question, whether there shall be sportive games of chance in some nook of the great fair, which is designed solely for their relief, and which, if not thwarted, will produce the grandest results. We would sooner take the responsibility of all the grab-bags in the universe than the responsibility of letting one of those heroes die, whom it was in our power to save.

Reform of the City Government.

To the Editor of the New-York Times.

I perceive by your paper of this morning that an effort is to be made to amend the Charter of the City Government.

Will you allow me to suggest a change in the constitution of its government deemed absolutely necessary to restrict the unnecessary expenditure and waste of the public money, which, if not soon effected, will involve our City in bankruptcy. The taxes for the next year are represented to be $2,000,000 more than last year, and if we go on at that rate, how long can it be sustained? As a remedy in part for such a state of extravagance, I would suggest that the Aldermen be elected in *each Ward*, as was formerly the case, and by the suffrage of the *real state owners only*, the Councilmen by general ticket.

It is but reasonable that those whose property is responsible for expenditures of the City Government should have some control over the appropriations.

A single item of the extravagance indulged in by the Corporation will be found in the buildings that have been erected for engine houses. They have been built three-stories high, with ornamented freestone fronts, and finished throughout in a most expensive style. I have no doubt that more than $100,000 have been wasted in that alone.

A SUBSCRIBER.

The suggestion of our correspondent is a very good one, but, at present, utterly impracticable. In a Municipal Corporation it is certainly just and proper that those who pay the taxes should have *some* check on the expenditure of the money thus raised, and having one of the two Boards elected by them in the way proposed, would give them as much power in this direction as they ought to have.

But the State Constitution contains a provision that "*every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years,*" possessing certain qualifications of residence, &c., "*be entitled to vote for all officers that now are, or hereafter may be, elective by the people.*" Of course, this puts it out of the power of the Legislature to restrict the voters for Aldermen to taxpayers. This can only be done by first amending the State Constitution. Such an amendment, applicable to all city corporations, it seems to us would be eminently wise and useful. Universal suffrage is necessary in everything relating to government, in the proper sense of that term; but municipal corporations scarcely come under that head. They do not make *laws*, embodying any principles of civil or political right; they only *regulate* certain details of city life—such as cleaning, paving and lighting the streets, erecting buildings, and expending the public money in other ways. There is nothing in the principle of republican government which makes it necessary to apply universal suffrage to all these matters, or which would forbid taxpayers from having some check on the expenditure of the funds they contribute to the public.

Gratifying Intelligence.—We find the following in the Washington *Republican:*

> Future Plans.—We are requested to state that the indiscreet publication in the New York Times, of yesterday, by its "special correspondent" in this city, of the supposed Government plan of operations for the coming Spring, was made by William Swinton, an attaché of that paper, and *is not only without authority but will be news to the Government."*

The information which our Washington cotemporary gives as to the authorship of the letter referred to, is certainly very important—especially as the letter was signed by the writer's initials, which are sufficiently well known to be identified by every habitual reader of the Times. There was no intimation in the letter that it was written by authority, that it had anybody's sanction but the writer's, or that it revealed any Government plan of operations whatever. On the contrary, it stated expressly that it embodied simply the writer's speculations as to what *ought* to be done, with the inference, that *if* it ought, it *would* be done by the Government. If this is "news to the Government," we congratulate ourselves on having been able to instruct them. But why its publication, if all this is true, should be pronounced "indiscreet," we do not understand.

Personal Explanation.—Hon. Mr. Griswold, the Democratic Member of Congress from the Rensselaer district of this State, voted recently against laying on the table the resolutions of Mr. Rogers, of New-Jersey, for negotiations with the rebel authorities. In the House, a day or two afterwards, he explained that he did so under a misapprehension; that he was utterly opposed to sending Commissioners to Richmond, and saying that in his judgment "any offer at the present time on the part of the Federal Government, to negotiate or compromise with rebels defiantly in arms against that Government, would be unpatriotic, unwise, and only pernicious in its tendency." This shows pretty clearly that Mr. Griswold does not intend to be drawn, by party relations, or any other influences, into hostility to the Government in its prosecution of the war.

GEN. BUTLER'S DEPARTMENT.

A Union Soldier Hanged by the Rebels—Retaliation for the Guerrilla Executed by Gen. Wild.

From Our Special Correspondent.

Norfolk, Va., Wednesday, Jan. 20, 1864.

A UNION SOLDIER HANGED BY THE REBELS.

In my account of Gen. Wild's raid into North Carolina last month, you will recollect that mention was made of the hanging of a guerrilla—one Daniel Bright by name. He was taken prisoner in an attack upon a guerrilla camp, by Col. Holman, of the First United States, was regularly tried by Court-martial, was proved by the testimony of rebel prisoners of war in our hands, by that of his neighbors, as well as by his own confession, to belong to a gang of banditti known as the "Sixty-sixth North Carolina State Defenders," that had filled the adjoining counties with terror for several months, plundering the defenceless inhabitants, running off slaves, stealing horses, impressing conscripts, and committing outrages of every name. The same cowardly outlaws had been prowling nightly in the vicinity of Elizabeth City, and firing at our guards and pickets whenever an opportunity was found for doing so and running away with impunity. Moreover, Bright was recognized as a *spy*, who had narrowly escaped the halter during the previous occupation of this region by our troops. All this, as I have said, was clearly proved, and the villain was justly executed, even in his own opinion, for he made not the slightest remonstrance against his sentence when informed it was death, but met his fate with a realizing sense, expressed by every word and action, that it was deserved.

This transaction had nearly passed out of mind, when Gen. Getty, on Friday last, received the following communication, to which ten names were appended:

State of North Carolina, }
Pasquotank County, Jan. 13, 1864. }

Gen. Getty:

Dear Sir: We, the subscribers, request to say that there was found this morning a dead man, and still hanging, in our neighborhood, as the inclosed scrip, which was found pinned to his back, will show you by whom it was done. We have made a suitable box and buried him near the place he was found hung. Should his friends wish to get his body, they can get it by applying to any of the subscribers. We trust that you will not attach any blame to any of the citizens of this neighborhood, as we were entirely ignorant of any of the circumstances until we found the body. From all we can learn, he was brought across the Chowan River to this place, and as soon as the men who had him in charge hung him, they went back.

The following is the inclosed "scrip" to which reference is made:

NOTICE.

Here hangs Private Samuel Jones, of Company B, Fifth Ohio regiment, by order of Maj.-Gen. Pickett, in retaliation for Private Daniel Bright, of Company L, Sixty-second Georgia regiment, (Col. Griffin's,) hung Dec. 18, 1863, by order of Brig.-Gen. Wild.

Immediately upon the reception of this intelligence Gen. Getty ordered Col. Spear, of the Eleventh Pennsylvania cavalry, to obtain possession of the body, and bring the same to headquarters, which the subjoined report will show was done the next day:

Headquarters, Deep Creek, Va., Jan. 16, 1864.

Colonel: According to instructions, I sent out a company of cavalry, under command of Capt. Allman. They proceeded to South Mills, and sent a detachment of twelve men and a Lieutenant to the turnpike gate, where Samuel Jones, of Company B, Fifth Ohio regiment, was executed. He was hung on Tuesday, the 12th inst. One Mr. Williamson, living near by, on Wednesday made a coffin, cut him down, and buried him in the field opposite.

Capt. Allman was instructed to bring the remains in, which he has done, and I send them in an ambulance to headquarters, for your disposal; also, a pair of handcuffs which were taken from his wrists, which are rather ugly things.

Very respectfully
M. B. SMITH,
Lieut.-Col. Com'g Deep Creek.

The body was found dressed in the national uniform, with the exception of the cap and shoes, which the rebels had appropriated. The handcuffs alluded to were of barbarous design, being composed of a single bar of iron, with a bow or yoke at either end, and a nut compressing the same to the wrist. In explanation of the statement in the "notice" that Bright belonged to the Sixty-second Georgia, it should be remarked that according to his own account, he formerly belonged to a Georgia regiment, but had *deserted*, and joined the guerrillas.

There being no Ohio regiment in this Department whence the Union soldier was procured, why he in particular was selected could at first only be surmised. Our secession friends, however, who somehow usually manage to obtain very late intelligence from Richmond, give this account of the matter, which may be correct. When Gen. Pickett heard of the execution of Bright, he wrote to the rebel authorities at Richmond demanding a Union prisoner to hang in retaliation. After a little delay, this demand was acceded to, and the Federal prisoners were required to cast lots to ascertain which of their number the victim should be. The lot fell upon one of the Fifth Ohio, who was accordingly brought down from Richmond, and executed. It was the original intention of the rebels to hang him on the spot, where Bright was hanged, but a rumor reaching the party having him in charge, while on their way thither, that a Union cavalry force was near at hand, they suspended him to the limb of a tree, some five miles away, and hastily decamped.

This affair has created no little excitement here, and serious consequences are likely to result from it. As soon as he was placed in possession of the facts, Gen. Butler left for Washington, to confer with the authorities there. No one can doubt that he will act vigorously and effectively, as well as wisely and prudently, in the matter.

Norfolk, Va., Thursday, Jan. 21.

STEAMBOAT CHARTERS.

The Military Commission, Gen. Wistar President, now in session here, bids fair to be worth to the Government all it will cost, if in no other way, for the searching *exposé* it is making of fraudulent steamboat charters. There are new developments of interest every day. In the case of the charter of the steamer *South America*, witnesses testify that she was more than 21 years old when she was hired by the Government; that she was not worth over $20,000, of which more than half was in her engines; that she was in charter some five months at $400 per day, earning for her owners $60,000; that when she went out of service her hull was so rotten that her engine was taken out and put into a new boat.

A prominent steamboat owner testified that a ship broker named N. L. McCready, had greater facilities and influence in chartering vessels to the Goverment in New-York City, than any one else; that in Philadelphia, E. A. Snider & Co. enjoyed the monopoly; and at Fortress Monroe there was a similar ring. The commission extorted by the New-York and Philadelphia brokers was never less than five per cent. on the charter money.

In one case, a ferry-boat chartered by Brown & Wild, (the Boston agents of E. A. Souder & Co.) was made to pay a commission of $50 per day before she could be got into the Government employ. She afterwards fell into the hands of the Fortress Monroe ring, and her owners had to pay the same exorbitant tax on a charter party of $200 per day. One of the parties in the ring was a Quartermaster's Clerk, whose influence was such that he was paid a commission of $25 per day to secure the charter of the steamer *Champion*, and made $2,500 in three months.

IMPORTANT FROM NORTH CAROLINA

Important if True—A Convention Called to Secede from the Southern Confederacy.

Boston, Friday, Jan. 22.

A correspondent of the *Traveller*, writing from Newbern, N. C., states that information had reached there that a call had been issued at Raleigh for a State Convention, for the purpose of seceding from their allegiance to the Southern Confederacy. The writer says Gov. Vance and nearly every leading man of North Carolina desire to return to the Union. He also says: "An army of 5,000 men under Gen. Butler could march to Raleigh, take possession of the capital, and free the State from the rule of the traitors in one month's time. Such an army would receive an enthusiastic welcome there and all along the line of march. So say men who know."

Gen. Curtis at Leavenworth.

St. Louis, Friday, Jan. 22.

A special dispatch to the *Democrat*, from Leavenworth, says the welcome given to Gen. Curtis was the most enthusiastic demonstration ever given in that city. Over 5,000 persons were present, and the Union League procession was more than a mile long. Gen. Curtis made a speech, saying Missouri was as radical as Kansas; he expected no trouble there, and the true and radical men of the two States should coöperate.

Speeches were also made by Col. S. J. Parrott, D. W. Wilder and others.

Col. Chapin has been made Gen. Curtis' Chief of Staff. Gen. Ewing will have an important command. Gen. Blunt will command the Fort Smith District. He left St. Louis this evening for Washington.

From Albany.

Albany, Friday, Jan. 22.

The Court of Appeals, before adjournment to-day, adopted a memorial in recognition of the legal ability and purity of public and private character of the late Judge Greene C. Bronson, and directed the same to be entered upon the records of the Court.

William McMurray, the President of the Board of Police Commissioners appointed by Gov. Seymour, arrived here to-day, and was in consultation with the Governor relative to the Commission.

The Traitor Vallandigham.

Washington, Friday, Jan. 22.

A question affecting the banishment of Clement L. Vallandigham came before the Supreme Court of the United States to-day. It was originally *exparte*, Vallandigham being the petitioner. The motion for a writ of *certiorari* to the Judge-Advocate-General was argued by Ex-Senator Pugh for, and by Judge-Advocate Holt in opposition thereto.

Amusements.

German Opera.—The second performance of "La Dame Blanche," last evening was, in all respects so thoroughly delightful, that we find ourselves unable to add a single word in the way of criticism. We may, however, ask a question. Do people know that this is one of the most celebrated and remarkable of *semi*-modern operas? The German public is acquainted with the fact, but all other publics (except, of course, the French,) seem to be strangely ignorant of it. Boildieu is one of the positive geniuses of his period. He is as absolute in this work as Mozart is in "Don Giovanni." No comparison is intended in this remark, and, in fact, no comparison is possible. But Boildieu is a man who will live, and ought to be known to a musical community as well as Mozart is known.

Our neighbors in Brooklyn will have an opportunity of hearing this work on Monday next, when Mr. Anschutz's company will play it at the Montague-street establishment.

The season at our Academy (a successful one we believe) ended last night. A supplemental performance will be given on Wednesday next, when Nicolai's famous opera of the "Merry Wives of Windsor," will be given for the first time.

Irving Hall.—Mr. de Cordova, the best and most genial of humorists, recites his touching and vivid poem of "The Soldier," here to-night. It was written for a benevolent purpose, and is repeated at the desire of a number of military friends who, in their own persons—or more sadly through their lost friends—have felt its aptness. Mr. Helmsmuller's Germania Band also takes part in the entertainment.

Arrivals in the City.

Brig.-Gen. Spinola, from Washington; Hons. M. Rutan and H. Christy; Hon. Ben. C. Fields, New-York; Col. F. Wheeler, Philadelphia, and William Thatcher, Boston, are at the Astor House.

Capt. D. R. Larned, New-Haven; D. Newhall, Wisconsin; J. M. Whitney, Rochester; H. H. Brackett, California; A. S. M. Morgan, U. S. Army, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Capt. Murphy and wife, Boston; J. E. Emerson, Trenton, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Renshaw, Baltimore, and A. Richmond, Syracuse, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

C. B. Mount and C. H. Harkness, Philadelphia; W. McDowell, Quebec; C. B. Blake, Denver; S. S. Bryant, Iowa, and H. B. Bigelow, Columbus, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

THE NEW-YORK MEDICAL INSTITUTE.—This institution, devoted to the treatment of all diseases by the new school practice of medicine, is under the personal charge of DRS. J. WALTER SCOTT, TALBOT CLARKE and WILLIAM TRIPP. It is claimed to be one of the most complete and extensive medical establishments in the country, and is daily visited by patients from all parts of the country. The Professors invite investigation to remarkable cures they have performed. On the first page will be found the Annual Report of this Institute.

A Neglected Cold may cause months of suffering, and often ends at last in Consumption, Bronchitis or other Pulmonary Affection. Where neglect is attended by results so dangerous, what can justify the careless indifference "of waiting for a cold to get well itself?" If those who are now troubled with Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, &c., would surely avoid the dreadful sufferings of the consumptive, let them take at once Dr. D. JAYNE's Expectorant, a remedy whose efficacy has been established thirty years. Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

All Dr. D. JAYNE & SON's Family Medicines are sold by KITCHEN, TYLER & CO., No. 141 Chambers-st., and No. 1 Hudson-st., and by Druggists generally.

Why be Duped to the Tune of $300 to $1,000 by the barbarous treatment of passing a wire up the nostrils and into the ears, when a box of DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF will effect a cure of your CATARRH AND OTHER DISEASES OF THE HEAD, at a cost of 25 cents? Sold by all druggists.

Miss Mina Geary, the Talented Vocalist, writes as follows:

KENDALL & Co.:

GENTLEMEN: My hair, which has been very strong and abundant, commenced falling out by the handsfull, so much so that I would soon have been left without any, but that I was fortunately recommended to try your AMBOLINE, and I have much pleasure in stating that, after using two bottles of it, my hair quite ceased falling out, and is now getting as strong and heavy as could be desired.

MINA GEARY,

DEC. 23, 1863. No. 52 West 44th-st., New-York.

KENDALL'S AMBOLINE is a stimulating extract, prepared from roots, flowers and herbs. It is put up in boxes containing two bottles, one to be used at night as a restorative, and the other for morning use as a dressing. Sold by all druggists. KENDALL & CO.,

No. 506 Broadway, New-York.

Fifty First Premiums in 1863.—Grover & BAKER'S CELEBRATED ELASTIC-STITCH SEWING-MACHINES were awarded the highest premiums over all competitors at the State Fairs of New-York, Vermont, Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Oregon, and at every respectable Institute and County Fair held in 1863. Sales-rooms, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 182 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

New Sewing-Machines

To RENT, by

HICKS & COMPANY, No. 380 Broadway,

Three doors below Broome-st.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York

A Letter from Dr. B. C. Perry.

NEW-YORK, Jan., 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

SIR: One of the most annoying difficulties connected with the Hair and its diseases is Dandruff, in its various phases. Its philosophy being very little understood, I will give my views on the subject for the benefit of those afflicted.

There are to the square inch of the scalp three thousand pores, for the purposes of throwing off the secretions or fluid matter that forms between the cuticle and the inner or sensitive skin. If from any cause, such as to neglect to keep the scalp clean, or from the use of glutinous oils, the pores become partially closed, the remaining portion are overtasked, the cuticles somewhat debilitated, the pores fail to perform their functions, inasmuch as only the limpid or more etherial portions of the secretions can pass off, leaving a white, bran-like substance deposited on the scalp, called Dandruff; that is the first phase of the difficulty.

When more of the pores are closed by exhaustion, less of the limpid secretions flow off; the deposit on the scalp assumes a yellow, sticky appearance, and is called thickened secretion. This is the second phase of dandruff. The third phase is when most of the pores are closed, the cuticle completely debilitated; none of the fluid portions of the secretions can pass off; the deposit adheres closely to the scalp; has the appearance of yellow matter, and is called maturated secretion, which inevitably results in loss of hair. If at this stage of the disease it is not arrested by a proper course of treatment, it finally terminates in exzema, one of the most difficult diseases of the scalp for a physician to manage.

As to the remedy—Nature is always true to herself. If the scalp is kept clean, and the pores not glued up with oils or pomades, the secretions will pass off, and such a thing as dandruff would not be known, and people would not lose their hair. But when a difficulty of the kind does exist it should be treated rationally. It is little use to remove the effect while the cause exists. Dandruff in its first stages is early cured, and it should receive the earliest attention, as it is one of the primary causes of diseases of the scalp and loss of hair. For further information I can be consulted free of charge for all diseases of the scalp that destroy the hair or induce premature blanching, at my office, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York.

Yours truly,

B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief. Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by Druggists generally.

Marvin's New Patent

DRY PLASTER AND ALUM,

FIRE, BURGLAR AND DAMP-PROOF SAFES.

(Patent issued Dec. 1, 1863.)

We have letters from the following eminent scientific gentlemen, proving their superiority over all others:

Prof. John Torrey, of U. S. Assay Office.
Prof. J. C. Booth, of U. S. Mint, Philadelphia.
Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer, Boston.
Prof. A. H. Everett, New-York.
Prof. Chas. A. Seely, New-York.
Dr. D. D. Parmelee, New-York.
Messrs. Munn & Co., of Scientific American.

MARVIN & CO., Sole Manufacturers.

No. 265 Broadway, New-York.

Send for a Circular, with testimonials.

Hoyt's Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.—People smile with derisive incredulity on being told that a preparation will restore faded and gray hair and whiskers to their original color and life appearance. Yet this is exactly what

HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE

is warranted to do. It does not claim to make hair come in where it has once fallen out, but it will prevent it from falling out, make it soft and silky, cleanse it and the scalp from all impurities and humors, and entirely overcome the bad effects of the previous use of preparations containing sulphur, sugar of lead, &c. Sold everywhere. JOSEPH HOYT & CO., 10 University-place.

Armless Soldiers! The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture. Full information given by the Inventor. Offices, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's legs, also.

B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Batchelor's Hair Dye,

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Leslie's Ginger Wine.

A Healthful Tonic.
A Refreshing Beverage.
A Delightful Wine.

For sale by all the leading grocers in the City.

The Bellevue or Perfected Stereoscope, sliding focus and field-piece, accommodating all eyes, costs but $2, with 12 views $5. Liberal discount to dealers. HENRY CRAIG, 335 Broadway, 2d floor, New-York.

Gold Pens.

FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.

Store and Factory No. 163 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium

LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.

Office, No. 505 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 760 Broadway.

A large Stock of Ladies' and Gents' Furs, at greatly reduced prices, at WHITE'S celebrated Hat-store, No. 216 Broadway.

DEAFNESS,

IMPAIRED SIGHT,

NOISES IN THE HEAD,

CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS

IN THE

THROAT,

CHRONIC CATARRH,

CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED,

CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to

BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,

NO. 816

BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

TESTIMONIAL FROM ONE OF THE MOST RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH CURED.

No. 420 SIXTH-AV.; NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1863.

I was deaf for several years, and hearing of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I was induced to place myself under his care, and I am now happy to state that my hearing was entirely restored after a short treatment. I was also suffering from chronic catarrh, of which I was also cured by the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I do but justice to the Doctor in stating that in treating me he displayed that skill and knowledge which have already procured for him such a deserved reputation, and that the principles which direct his system of curing Deafness and Catarrh are such as to render success certain, in my opinion. Many months have passed since Dr. Von Eisenberg restored my hearing, and it continues as good as ever.

O. HOPKINS.

READ NEW TESTIMONY OF CATARRH CURED.

CATARRH CURED.

READ!

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were constantly obstructed with a pouring fluid. That frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, often attended with a fullness of my throat, great soreness, and a continual dropping. Dr. Von Eisenberg has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I may, indeed, say that I feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg is as skillful as it is successful. It is in my opinion impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured.

W. S. HUTCHINS,

Lightning Calculator,

Barnum's Museum.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. I *hear perfectly*. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,

Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

NO. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

READ.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."

FREDERICK WEBER, No. 569 4th-st.

DR. VON-EISENBERG'S OFFICE

NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

THE NEW-YORK SOCIETY LIBRARY,

No. 67 University-place, between 12th and 13th sts.,

By its system of

TEMPORARY SUBSCRIPTIONS,

offers great advantages to strangers resident in New-York for the Winter, and others who may not desire to become permanent shareholders:

1. A Circulating Library of about fifty thousand volumes, embracing all the new and interesting works.

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TERMS:

For temporary subscribers;	
One year	$10
Six months	6
Three months	4

TO THE VALENTINE TRADE.

If you want Elegant Valentines, choice new styles, in endless variety, from 3c. to $50 each.

SPLENDID ASSORTED LOT,

that retail for five, ten, and twenty dollars, including all the different grades, from three cents up to one dollar, with cards and envelopes; each set a complete assortment of itself, specially suited to the Retail Trade.

VALENTINE PACKETS, SOLDIERS' PACKETS, ARMY PACKETS, TORCH OF LOVE PACKETS in elegant illuminated wrappers.

NEW COMIC VALENTINES,

that are Rich, Racy, Spicy, Sparkling, to suit the times. MILITARY COMICS, and capital hits, called for by the times.

FRIENDLY COMICS,

for a friendly joke or two, or more.

PHOTOGRAPH COMICS.

A new feature in the Valentine Trade, that will be largely wanted by every dealer.

And an endless variety of Valentine Cards, Valenetne Envelopes, and everything pertaining to the Valentine business. Send to the

AMERICAN VALENTINE COMPANY,

NO. 165 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

UPHAM'S HAIR DYE.

ONLY 50 CENTS A BOX.

Gray, Red or Flaxen Hair can be changed in a few seconds to a natural Black or Brown, by using UPHAM'S LIQUID HAIR DYE, the best and cheapest in the world. Each box of UPHAM'S HAIR DYE is warranted to contain more than others sell for $1. Try it. It will not injure the gloss of the most delicate hair. Sold by J. J. KROMER, No. 403 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, and by all respectable druggists in the United States and British Provinces. Ask for "UPHAM'S HAIR DYE," and take no other. New-York Agency, HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, No. 594 Broadway.

THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION

Is in urgent want of funds. Its operations for the relief of the army were never more extensive and effective than now. Its depots and agents are at every military centre, from Washington to the Rio Grande. The money value of the supplies it issued to the Army of the Potomac during and immediately after Gettysburgh, exceeded seventy thousand dollars. Its issues at Chattanooga were on a like scale. Thousands of men needing "Special Relief" are daily cared for in its "Homes." Its steamboats and wagon trains follow our soldiers everywhere. Its other and equally important departments of work, Sanitary Inspection, Hospital Inspection, Hospital Directors, Transportation of the sick and wounded, &c., are in full operation. The cost of all this life saving work is not less than forty-five thousand dollars per month. Its funds are now much reduced, and immediate contributions are requested to sustain it.

The Fairs that have been got up with such admirable and unprecedented energy and success at Chicago, Cincinnati and Boston, though reported everywhere as "for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission," have not as yet contributed a dollar to its treasury. The large sums thus raised have been received by the branches of the Commission at those cities respectively.

These branches apply them most usefully, mainly to the purchase of material to be made up into clothing, bedding, &c., and for like purposes. They thus relieve the treasury of the Commission from the necessity of purchasing supplies belonging to certain classes. But they render no aid to any other department of its work.

Those who desire fuller information as to the organization, method and cost of the Commission are referred, to a statement of its system and of the application of its funds just published, copies of which may be had on application at the office of the United States Sanitary Commission, No. 823 Broadway, or at the bookstore of A. D. F. Randolph, No. 683 Broadway.

It is submitted to all humane and patriotic men that the Commission has saved, and is daily saving lives the country cannot afford to lose; what it is doing to economise the life and health of our soldiers is worth to the country ten times the money the Commission has received, and is of direct practical importance to every one interested in diminishing the cost and the duration of the war.

Contributions may be sent to the Treasurer, at No. 68 Wall-st., or No. 823 Broadway, New-York.

By order of the Standing Committee.

GEORGE T. STRONG,

Treasurer United States Sanitary Commission.

DEC. 28, 1863.

NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE,

OFFICE, NO. 240 BROADWAY.

30,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down	$300
STATE BOUNTY	$75
UNITED STATES BOUNTY to new recruits	302
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional to veteran soldiers	100—$477
Total	$777

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

GEORGE OPDYKE, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
County Committee,
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS!

MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new Inventions in this and all foreign countries.

Messrs. MUNN & CO. have had seventeen years' experience in soliciting patents, and have acted as Attorneys for more than 20,000 inventors.

Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.

Consultation and advice free. Address

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No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th sts., Washington, D. C.

MARSHALL'S

PINE TREE TAR DROPS,

The most popular remedy extant,
For Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds,
Tickling or Soreness of the Throat,
Are very pleasant and effectual,
Neatly put up in sliding cases,
Convenient for the pocket,
Sold at 15 and 25 cents per box,
By dealers in Medicines generally.
Prepared only by Thos. F. Marshall, Trenton, N. J.
New-York Agency at HELMBOLD'S
Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Many have been happy to give their testimony in favor of the use of WILBOR'S PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME. Experience has proved it to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Diphtheria, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Manufactured only by

A. B. WILBOR, Chemist,

No. 166 Court-st., Boston.

In New-York by J. MILHAU & SON, No. 183 Broadway; D. S BARNES & CO.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer CITY OF LONDON, and for the German States, via Hamburg, per steamer TEUTONIA, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 23d day of January, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town stations as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.; Stations E and F, 9¼ A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M. ABRAM WAKEMAN, P. M.

UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—A Special meeting of the above Committee will be held at Headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., this (SATURDAY) evening, Jan. 23, at 7½ o'clock.

By order, WM. A. DARLING, President.

HENRY H. HUELAT, CHAS. H. HALL, } Secretaries.

BROWN'S METALLIC WEATHER-STRIPS AND WINDOW BANDS totally exclude wind, rain and dust from doors and windows; saves half the fuel, and is warranted good for five years. Principal and only depot for New-York and vicinity, No. 644 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st.

Local agents wanted everywhere.

LADIES' FINE GOLD BRACELETS—NEW STYLES—EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS each.

For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,

No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

FINE GOLD WATCH CHAINS—NEW STYLES—FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—FIFTEEN, TWENTY, TWENTY FIVE, THIRTY-FIVE, FIFTY to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS each.

For sale by G. C. ALLEN,

No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

DYSPEPSIA TABLETS—FOR INDIGESTION, Heartburn, &c., manufactured only by S. G. WELLING, and sold by druggists generally. 50 cents per box. Depot No. 207 Centre-st., 2d floor.

PURE COUNTRY MILK—CAN BE OBTAINED at 8 cents per quart, by applying at or addressing C. SMITH'S Old Establishment, No. 124 East 46th-st. None but a pure article served.

PURE COUNTRY MILK.—FAMILIES SUPPLIED at 8 cents per quart. Address T. W. DECKER, office No. 155 East 27th-st.

We have learned to be astonished at nothing. Years of experience and a correspondence extending throughout all nationalities of the habitable globe have turned theories into facts, and established a basis from which we need not err. We are not surprised at such facts as the following—although the persons who write them are. We know the persons and circumstances, hence feel at liberty to indorse their statements:

"NEW-BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 24, 1864.

DEAR SIR: I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. While visiting some friends in New-York who were using Plantation Bitters, they prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I have not done for years. I feel like another being; my appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSELL."

"REEDSBURY, Wis., Sept. 16, 1863.

" * * * I have been in the army hospital for fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * * Three bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * *

C. A. FLAUTE."

The following is from the Manager of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers:

"HAVEMEYER MANSION, FIFTY-SEVENTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Aug. 2, 1863. }

DR. DRAKE: Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak lungs with most happy effect. One little girl in particular, with pains in her head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill had been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite and strength rapidly increased, and she is now well.

Respectfully, MRS. O. M. DEVOE."

" * * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, New-York."

" * * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use.

Thy friend.

ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

" * * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

REV. J. S. CATHORN,

Rochester, N. Y."

" * * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which is daily increasing with the guests of our house.

SYKES, CHADWICK & CO.,

Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C."

" * * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

G. W. D. ANDREWS,

Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

" * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, Ohio."

" * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.

C. C. MOORE, No. 254 Broadway."

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly Pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860.—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and impostor. It is put up only in our log-cabin bottle. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork unmutilated, and signature on steel-plate side labels.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,

No. 202 BROADWAY, New-York.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!

DOCTOR KENNEDY,

OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR, FROM THE WORST SCROFULA TO A COMMON PIMPLE.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of boils.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four or six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most dangerous case of rheumatism.

Three or four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five or eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it has been caused by cancer in the stomach.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.

One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.

One to two bottles will regulate all derangements of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.

One to three bottles have cured the worst cases of piles; a relief is always experienced. What a mercy to get relief in such an excruciating disease.

By following the directions in the pamphlet around each bottle and by a judicious application of the SALT RHEUM OINTMENT,

SCROFULA OINTMENT,

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OFFICE OF VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS, No. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

WE HAVE NOTICE FROM THE GENERAL Subscription Agent Five-Twenty Loan, that the whole amount of this Loan authorized by law has been taken by subscribers. We cannot, therefore, furnish, as heretofore, the Bonds at par and interest.

We shall be pleased to fill orders for these Bonds at market rate, and shall endeavor to keep constantly on hand, ready for immediate delivery, a full assortment.

We also buy and sell all kinds of Government Stocks:
The new 5 per cent. Interest-bearing Legal-Tender Notes.
6 per cent Certificates of Indebtedness.
7 3-10 Treasury Notes.
6 per cent. Coupon and Registered Bonds, 1881.
U. S. Quartermaster Checks.

Maturing certificates collected or cashed on favorable terms.
VERMILYE & CO.,
JAN. 22, 1864. Govt. Agents Five-Twenty Loan.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

$2,000,000 LOAN OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

Subscriptions are hereby invited to a Loan of Two Million Dollars, authorized by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, approved by the Mayor October 31, 1863, entitled "An ordinance for the procurement of Substitutes for drafted soldiers for the armies of the Union, provided the same can be counted and allowed on the quota of the City and County of New-York in any future draft."

The proper books for such subscriptions will be opened at the Comptroller's office, on and after TUESDAY, the 17th day of November instant, and remain open until the whole sum shall be taken.

Subscribers will be required to deposit with the County Treasurer, at the Broadway Bank, within five days after entering their subscriptions, the amounts subscribed for by them respectively, and on presenting his receipts for the money to the Comptroller, they will be entitled to receive Bonds of the County for equal amounts, redeemable on or before June 1, 1864, with interest from the date of payment at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Nov. 16, 1863.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Dec. 17, 1863.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to chapter 236, laws of 1859, that the circulating notes of the Merchants' Bank, New-York City, an incorporated bank whose charter has expired, will be redeemed AT PAR by the Superintendent of the Banking Department, at the New-York State Bank, Albany, and at the Merchants' Bank, New-York. The outstanding notes of the said Bank must be presented for redemption within six years from the date of this notice; and all notes not presented, for payment and redemption within the time above specified, will cease to be a charge upon the funds in the hands of the Superintendent for that purpose. H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.
d19-law6mS*

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Jan. 19, 1864.
THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE CAPITAL stock of this Bank are hereby notified that a further installment of Twenty-five Per Cent. on their respective subscriptions will be required to be paid in on or before THURSDAY, the 4th day of February next, at the Banking-house, No. 29 Pine-st.
GEORGE OPDYKE, President.

OFFICE OF THE McGREGOR WESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 22, 1864.
THE COUPONS FROM THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds (Eastern Division) of the McGregor Western Railway Company, due Feb. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at this office.
H. H. BOODY, Agent.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1864.
IN ADDITION TO OUR ESTABLISHMENT in Liverpool, (BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO.,) we have opened a house in London under the same firm. The business will be conducted in both places in connection, as hitherto, with our houses in Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and this City.
BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

IRVING BANK, NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank, and for three inspectors of the next election, will be held at the Banking-house on Monday, Feb. 1. The poll will open at 1 and close at 2 o'clock P. M.
DANIEL V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
THE PUBLIC MINING AND MANUFACTURING STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD MEETS DAILY AT NO. 52 WILLIAM-ST.,
Commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., punctually.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Manager.

NOTICE—EAST RIVER BANK.—THE ANNUAL election for fifteen Directors and three Inspectors of Election of the East River Bank will be held on TUESDAY, the 2d day of February, 1864, at their banking-house, No. 680 Broadway. Poll open from 2 to 3 P. M.
W. S. CARMAN, Cashier.

$500.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, THIS amount in Interest Coupons of the 5.20 Bonds, due May 1, 1864. Parties having these Coupons who are desirous of disposing of them will be dealt with satisfactorily.
WINN & WEAVER, No. 61 Barclay-st.

COLLECTIONS IN NEW-JERSEY.—E. W. RUNYON, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Plainfield, N. J. Special attention given to collecting claims in all parts of the State. Satisfaction guaranteed. Refers to D. J. Sprague, No. 37 Park-row; Thos. B. Stillman, No. 30 Wall-st.; Webster & Marsh, Plainfield, N. J.

AN ELDERLY GENTLEMAN, FOR MANY years a merchant of this City, desires a position in a counting-room, bank or insurance office; is a good accountant and thoroughly acquainted with business affairs. Address MERCHANT, care of A. G. H., Box No. 2,307 Post-office.

KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE CLAIMS bought or collected. Parties wishing claims collected or desirous of selling, address T. H. McCOY, Post-office, Box No. 5,001.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE. Apply to CORN EXCHANGE INSURANCE Co., corner William and Beaver sts.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NO. 27.
The Directors of the NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT. for the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.
No. 67 WALL-ST., Jan. 13, 1864.
JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.
P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

THE FIREMEN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 110 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1864.
A Dividend of Three and a Half per Cent. has been declared payable on demand, free from Government tax.
HENRY BEECKMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HOME INSURANCE CO., No. 135 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1864.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT, and an extra dividend of thirteen (13) per cent. free from Government tax, have been this day declared on the old capital stock of one million dollars, payable on demand to stockholders entitled to receive the same, as holders of said stock on the 16th day of December last.
JOHN McGEE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PETER COOPER FIRE INSURANCE CO., 3D-AV., COR. 9TH-ST., NEW YORK, Jan. 20, 1864.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE DEclared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 1st day of February. The transfer books will be closed from the 25th inst. to the 1st of February.
WILLIAM H. RIBLET, Secretary.

STANDARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE No. 11 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Five per cent. free from Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand.
WM. M. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

BROADWAY INSURANCE CO., No. 433 Broadway.
DIVIDEND—JAN. 18, 1864.—A SEMI-ANNUAL Dividend of Five Per Cent., free from tax, has this day been declared, payable at the office, No. 433 Broadway, Feb. 1.
JOHN WRAY, Secretary.

MARKET FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Jan. 12, 1864.—A Semi-annual Interest Dividend of Three and a Half per Cent., (3½) free of Government tax, has this day been declared on the capital stock of the Company, payable on demand.
HENRY P. FREEMAN, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—THE FARMERS' BANK OF KENtucky has declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Three and One-half (3½) per Cent., payable to the New-York stockholders on demand.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW-YORK.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1864.
The DIRECTORS of this COMPANY have this day declared a semi-annual CASH DIVIDEND to stockholders of FOUR (4) PER CENT., payable on demand.

Also, a SCRIP DIVIDEND of FIFTY (50) PER CENT. to its customers upon the premiums earned during the year ending Dec. 31, 1863, on all policies entitling the holders to participate in the profits of the Company's business; and scrip will be issued on the 15th day of February. Also, an INTEREST DIVIDEND of SIX (6) PER CENT. in cash on all outstanding scrip, payable on demand, all free of Government tax.
LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, Secretary.

HAMPSHIRE AND BALTIMORE COAL COMPANY.
OFFICE, No. 49 EXCHANGE-PLACE.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1864.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a CASH DIVIDEND of SIX PER CENT., payable on and after the 1st day of February next. The transfer books will be closed from the 23d inst. to Feb. 2d, inclusive.
By order,
E. L. BOLLES, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.
OFFICE OF THE HOWARD INSURANCE CO., NEW-YORK, Jan. 4, 1864.
The BOARD of DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of TEN (10) PER CENT. (free from Government tax,) payable at their office No. 66 Wall-st., on and after Jan. 8, 1864.
HENRY A. OAKLEY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GERHARD FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 1 PINE-ST., Jan. 12, 1864.
TENTH DIVIDEND.
The Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, payable on the 18th instant.
JOHN R. SMITH, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 187 West-st., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMpany have this day declared a dividend from the earnings of the road for six months ending 31st December, 1863, of Four per cent. on the Common Capital Stock, free of the United States Income Tax.

Also a dividend of Three and one-half per cent. on the Preferred Stock, the Company assuming and paying the United States Income Tax out of the undivided earnings belonging to the Preferred Stock account.

Both payable at the Treasurer's office, Erie-place, on the first day of February next, to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The Transfer Books of both Preferred and Common Stock will be closed at the close of business on Saturday the 16th inst., and be reopened on the morning of Tuesday, the second day of February.
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

OFFICE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD CO., (AS REORGANIZED,) CHILLICOTHE, Jan. 10, 1864.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE BOARD OF DIRECtors have declared a Cash Dividend out of the earnings of the past six months, of Three (3) Per Cent. on the First Preference Shares of this Company; also, a Dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the Second Preference Shares will be paid in shares of the same class. These dividends are payable on the 10th of February next. Those appearing on the books as stockholders on the 1st January at the Transfer Office, in New-York, will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in that city. Those registered on the books at this office will be paid in Chillicothe.
W. E. WATSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN COAL COMPANY, No. 29 TRINITY BUILDING, 111 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMpany have declared a Dividend from the earnings of the Company for six months ending 31st December, ult., of Four per cent., payable at the Office of the Company on or after the 10th day of February next to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The Transfer books will be closed at the close of business on the 30th day of January, and be reopened on THURSDAY, the 11th day of February.
G. P. LLOYD, Secretary.

NORWICH AND WORCESTER R. R. CO., NORWICH, CONN., Jan. 13, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Three and One-half of One per Cent., free of Government Tax, payable to the Stockholders on the 21st inst., whose names are on the Stock Ledger of the Company on the 15th inst. Dividend payable at the Farmer's Loan and Trust Company's office, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 23d inst.
G. L. PERKINS, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 106 BROADWAY, CORNER OF PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 11, 1864.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Ten (10) Per Cent., payable on demand, free of Government tax.
J. L. DOUGLAS, Secretary.

RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 176 Chatham square, corner Mott-st.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (free of Government tax,) payable to the Stockholders on and after the 1st of February next. The transfer books closed from the 24th instant to February 1, inclusive. By order
E. B. FELLOWS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 102 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1864.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Seven per Cent., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on THURSDAY, 14th inst.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.

KNICKERBOCKER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 9, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECtors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Five per cent. on the Capital Stock, (free from Government tax,) payable on and after the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 11th inst. until that day. By order.
GEO. HODGSDON, Sec

CORN EXCHANGE BANK, Jan. 20, 1864.
A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. has been this day declared by the Board of Directors, payable on and after MONDAY, Feb. 1, and the Government tax. The transfer-book will be closed from the 20th inst. to the 1st of February. By order.
W. A. FALLS, Acting Cashier.

MARINE BANK, NEW-YORK, Jan. 15, 1864.
A DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank has been declared, payable on and after Feb. 1, prox., free of Government tax.
The Transfer Books will be closed until that date.
J. DE LAMATER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 50 Wall-st.

Capital Stock	$300,000 00
Assets Jan. 1, 1864	3[illegible]9,375 27

A semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent., free of tax, payable on demand, has been declared by this Company.
ISAAC R. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—A Dividend of Ten per Cent. has been declared, payable the 18th inst., at the office of the Company, No. 68 Wall-st. By order of the Board.
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

CLINTON FIRE INS. CO. No. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 7, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent., payable on demand, free of Government tax.
JAMES B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 1st day of February.
The Transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. to the 1st proximo.
R. BUCK, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE HUMBOLDT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 10 WALL-ST., Jan. 13, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free from Government tax, payable on demand.
A. WILEY, Jr., Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE "BREVOORT INSURANCE COMPANY," No. 70 WALL-ST., NEW YORK, Jan. 13, 1864.
THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on demand.
JOHN G. HAVILAND, Secretary.

OFFICE OF YONKERS & NEW-YORK FIRE INSURANCE CO. No. 161 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Jan. 13, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. payable on demand, free of Government tax.
JOHN W. MURRAY, Secretary.

LENOX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No 16 Wall-st.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS day declared a Dividend of Five per cent., payable on demand, free of Government tax.
JAN. 13, 1864. WALTER M. FRANKLIN, Sec'y.

SAINT NICHOLAS BANK, No. 7 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 20, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Four per Cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 1st of February next. The transfer books will be closed until 2d of February next.
A. PARKHURST, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—THE BANK OF KENTUCKY HAS declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Three (3) per Cent., payable to the New-York stockholders on demand.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK, NO. 1 3D AV.—The Trustees of this institution have directed that interest at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. per annum, on all sums of $500 and under, and of (5) FIVE PER CENT. on deposits over $500, free from Government tax, be allowed to all depositors entitled thereto, payable on and after WEDNESDAY, Jan. 20.
All interest not withdrawn will draw interest as principal.
Bank open daily from 9 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 P. M.
THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.
No. 1 THIRD-AVENUE, Dec. 24.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 237 Broadway, entrance on Park-place, New-York, Jan. 13, 1864.—The trustees of this institution have directed that interest on deposits entitled thereto, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum on sums not exceeding $500, and FIVE PER CENT. over $500, free from Government tax, will be paid on and after MONDAY, Jan. 18. Interest placed to the credit of depositors, and if not withdrawn will draw interest the same as a deposit from Jan. 1. Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Secretary.
PETER CUMMING, Accountant.

INSURANCE.

ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.

OFFICE NO. 18 WALL-ST.

CASH CAPITAL ALL PAID IN,
$500,000.

ASSETS, JAN. 1, 1864, EXCLUSIVE OF LIABILITIES,
$585,058 02.

CONSISTING of (First Lien) BONDS AND MORTGAGES, UNITED STATES BONDS, LOANS ON CALL (secured by pledge of United States Bonds and New-York City Bank Stocks,) CASH IN BANK, &c., &c.

THIS COMPANY CONTINUES TO INSURE against LOSS or damage BY FIRE, AND THE RISKS OF INLAND NAVIGATION AND TRANSPORTATION, at rates as low as the nature of the risk, and the real security of the Company and of the insured will permit.

AGENTS IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES IN THE UNITED STATES. ALL LOSSES LIBERALLY ADJUSTED AND PROMPTLY PAID.

J. MILTON SMITH, President.
VINCENT TILYOU, Secretary.
JOSEPH W. WILDEY, Assistant Secretary.

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 102 BROADWAY.
CASH CAPITAL $500,000.
SURPLUS $845,386 92.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1864.

The following is the twenty-second semi-annual statement of this Company, showing its actual condition on the 1st day of January, 1864.

ASSETS.

Cash Balance in Bank	$65,308 10	
Cash Balance in Office	87 76	
Loans on Stocks of Solvent Institutions, worth over $168,583, (payable on demand)	123,003 00	$188,398 86
Real Estate, owned by the Company		92,000 00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, first lien on Real Estate, worth over $1,095,150		507,600 00
Stocks and Bonds owned by the Company		533,225 00
Interest on Loans due and unpaid. (all paid except $600 prior to this date)		16,407 66
Premiums due		5,905 40
Rents accrued, not yet due		1,350 00
United States Internal Revenue Stamps		500 00
Total		$1,345,386 92

LIABILITIES.

Losses unpaid, and all other liabilities of every description	$48,592 85

GEO. T. HOPE, President.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.
CYRUS PECK, Assistant Secretary.

COMMONWEALTH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 151 BROADWAY,
ONE DOOR ABOVE LIBERTY-ST.
JOSEPH HOXIE, President
GEORGE T. HAWS, Sec'y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the premises Nos 99 and 101 West 18th-st., in the City of New-York, were set on fire on the morning of the 7th day of January, inst., and there is every reason to believe that the same was caused by some evil-disposed person or persons: Now I. C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor of the City of New-York, by virtue of the powers in me vested by the ordinances of said City, do hereby offer a reward of two hundred and fifty dollars for the detection and conviction of the said incendiary or incendiaries who fired the said premises, to be paid on the certificate of the District Attorney, or of the Judge before whom the said person or persons were convicted of the said crime, that in his opinion the evidence of the person applying for said reward was conclusive in the said conviction; but all claims for said reward, not presented to the Mayor within twenty days after said conviction will be disregarded.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all Houses and Lots, improved or unimproved Lands, affected thereby, that the following Assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For paving North-Moore-street, from Washington to West streets, with trap-block pavement.

For paving Beaver-street, from Broadway to Pearl-street, with trap-block pavement.

For paving Fifty-second-street, from Third to Fourth avenues, with trap-block pavement.

For building a sewer in Twenty-fifth-street, from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River.

The limits embraced by such Assessment, include all the several Houses and Lots of Ground, vacant Lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of North-Moore-street, between Washington and West streets, and upon the east side of West-street, and upon the west side of Washington-street to the extent of half the block north and south of North-Moore-street.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Beaver-street, between Broadway and Pearl streets, and upon the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block on both sides of Beaver-street.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Fifty-second-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue, and upon the west side of Third-avenue and the east side of Fourth-avenue, and upon Lexington avenue to the extent of half the block north and South of Fifty-second-street.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Twenty-fifth-street, from Ninth-avenue to the Hudson River.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-st., basement new Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEILL,
JACOB F. OAKLEY, } Board of Assessors.
WM. A. DOOLEY,
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, New Court-house, Dec. 31, 1863.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner, or owners, occupant or occupants of all Houses and Lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following Assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For regulating the First-avenue, from Thirty-seventh to Ninety-first streets.

For laying cross-walks in Third-avenue, at One Hundred and Sixth, One Hundred and Seventh, One Hundred and Eighth, and One Hundred and Ninth streets:

The limits embraced by such Assessment, include all the several Houses and Lots of Ground, vacant Lots, pieces and parcels of Land, situated on both sides of First-avenue, and upon both sides of the streets intersecting said First-avenue, to the extent of one-half the blocks east and west thereof, from Houston-street to One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street.

Also all the lots on both sides of Third-avenue, and upon both sides of the streets intersecting said Third-avenue to the extent of one-half the blocks east and west thereof from One Hundred and Fifth to One Hundred and Tenth streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY,
WM. A. DOOLEY, } Board of Assessors.
LOREN JONES,
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, Jan. 21, 1864.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN, will meet on MONDAY, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., in the Chamber of the Board, to consider the subject of improving the pavement in Broadway; persons having plans are requested to hand them to the Committee, and all interested are respectfully invited to appear without further invitation; the Committee are desirous of hearing all parties and to test some of the recommendations if practicable.

CHARLES J. CHIPP,
JOHN HARDY, } Committee on Streets.
JOHN FOX,
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—ALFRED L. ROWE, Plaintiff, against ALBERT DE PENNEVET and H. N. LAURENT, Defendants.—50 cent United States stamp on original canceled.—Summons for relief—(Com. not served.)—To the Defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 290 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of the summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Dec. 7, 1863.

COWLES, WATSON & TOWNSEND,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 290 Broadway, New-York.

The summons and complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 13th day of January, 1864.

COWLES, WATSON & TOWNSEND,
jan.16-law6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON DEPOT, Dec. 8, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., Alexandria and Fort Monroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.

Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.

Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.

The price must be written out in words on the bids.

Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.

The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered must be stated in the proposals.

All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of a United States District-Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.

All bidders will be duly notified of the acceptance or rejection of their proposals.

The full name and Post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."

Bonds, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

Blank forms of bids, guarantees, and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

(Town, County, and State.)
(Date)

I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ——, agreeably to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington, Depot, Dec. 8, 1863, the following articles, viz.:

—— bushels of Corn, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 56 pounds.
—— bushels of Oats, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
—— tons of baled Hay, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
—— tons of baled Straw, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Delivery to commence on or before the —— day of ——, 186 , and to be completed on or before the —— day of ——, 186 , and pledge myself to enter into a written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.

Your obedient servant,

Brigadier-General D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARAN

We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the County of ——, and State of ——, hereby, jointly and severally, covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of —— be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 8, 1863, under which the bid was made, and, in case the said —— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said —— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

Witness, { Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186 .
[Seal.]
[Seal.]

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors are good and sufficient as sureties for the amount for which they offer to be security.

To be certified by the United States District-Attorney Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known to this office.

All proposals received under this advertisement will be opened and examined at this office on Wednesday and Saturday of each week at 12 M. Bidders are respectfully invited to be present, at the opening of bids if they desire.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR BLANKETS.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Jan. 12, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M. on the 30th January, 1864, for the delivery at the New-York Agency, No. 45 Worth-st., of the following Blankets, viz:
60,000 Regulation Cavalry Blankets, Prussian blue or Gentian dyed.
20,000 Regulation Artillery Blankets.

These Blankets must be of pure wool, close woven, of stout yarns.

FOR THE CAVALRY.

Blue, with an orange border three inches wide, and three inches from the edge, and the letters "U. S." six inches high, orange color, in the centre of the blanket.

FOR THE ARTILLERY.

Red, with a black border three inches wide, and three inches from the edge, and the letters "U. S." six inches high, black color, in the centre of the blanket.

All the blankets are to be 75 inches long by 67 inches wide, and of the weight of 3.1875 lbs., or say 3 3-16 lbs., on which a variation of 0.1875, or 3-16 of a lb. may be allowed. They must be single, and not in pairs, and packed in cases of one hundred each. The value of the cases to be paid for at a price to be determined by the Inspector.

The blankets are to be inspected at the factory where made, and none will be accepted or paid for but such as are approved on inspection.

Deliveries must be made as follows: One-tenth of the amount contracted for per week, commencing within one month from the date of the contract.

Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the quantity due at that time.

No bid will be considered which does not come from a manufacturer of blankets or regular dealer in such goods.

Bids will be considered for the delivery of the blankets a the factory, as well as at the agency above mentioned.

Each bid is to be accompanied by the names of the sureties of the proposer.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds with approved sureties for the faithful execution of the same.

Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified and furnished with forms of contract and bond.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all the bids, if deemed unsatisfactory on any account.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington City," and will be indorsed "Proposals for Blankets."

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Ordnance.

ORDNANCE OFFICE.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Jan. 15, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, the 28th day of January, at 4 o'clock P. M., for filing, assembling, plating, finishing, packing and boxing 10,000 United States artillery curb bits, of the latest pattern, to be delivered at the United States Arsenal, Springfield, Mass. The side bars and mouth pieces as they come from the drops to be furnished from the Springfield Armory, where specimens and the model bits can be seen. The shell bearing the letters U. S. A. are to be made from No. 24 sheet brass, (Providence wire gauge,) and filled with lead before being soldered. The plating is to be not less than No. 0, and to be of fine quality. The rings are to be of the best iron clock wire, and the lower bar of brass wire. The bits are to be subject to inspection in all stages of the work, and before being packed are to be marked with the maker's name and residence. They are to be packed in paper bundles of six each, labeled 10 bundles in a box, as prescribed by the Department.

Packing boxes to be valued by the Inspector.

Deliveries are to be made at the rate of 400 per week; the first delivery of 600 to be made on the 20th of February.

The stock furnished by the United States will be inspected before issue, and for every set of parts delivered to the contractor, a bit is to be returned. No bids will be considered except from parties actually engaged in the plating and finishing business, and who can give good security for the performance of the work. Bidders will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties over their own signatures.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds with approved sureties for its faithful execution. Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified and furnished with forms of contract and bond.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and will be indorsed "Proposals for Artillery Curb Bits."

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brig.-Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE, CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 15, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until MONDAY, Jan. 26, 1864, for furnishing this Department with:
Kerseys—Army Standard;
Cavalry Jackets;
Uniform Cloth—D. B., ¾, Standard.
Uniform Cloth—D. B., 6-4, Standard.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked thereon.

Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, marked and numbered to correspond with their proposal, and distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price and the time of delivery.

Bids will be opened on Monday, Jan. 26, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are invited to be present.

Awards will be made on Tuesday, the 27th, when bidders, or duly authorized agents, are expected to be prepared to give security that the goods will be furnished if an award is made.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ICE.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., January, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of February, 1864, at 12 M., for furnishing the Hospitals within the following Departments, until the 1st day of January, 1865, with a supply of pure ICE, viz.:

Department of the East, Headquarters at New-York.
Department of the Susquehanna, Headquarters at Philadelphia.
Middle Department, Headquarters at Baltimore.
Department of Western Virginia, Headquarters at Cumberland.
Department of Washington, Headquarters at Washington.
Department of St. Mary's, Headquarters at Point Lookout.
Department of Virginia and North Carolina, Headquarters at Fort Monroe.
Department of the South, Headquarters at Hilton Head.
And such other Hospitals as may be established near the Texas coast.

Proposals will be made according to the following form:

PROPOSALS FOR ICE.
(RESIDENCE AND DATE.)

The undersigned proposes to furnish daily, or otherwise, (as determined by the Medical Director,) the best quality of ice to such hospitals in the Department of —— and in such quantities as the Medical Director of this Department may order, at the following price per hundred pounds, namely:

The ice to be subject to the approval of the Surgeon in charge of each hospital, who will receipt for the correct amount delivered.

Payment to be made on duplicate bills, certified to by the Medical Director of this Department.

As a guaranty of the faithful performance of the above agreement, should the contract be awarded to me, I will enter into bonds in the sum of $5,000. I also append to the inclosed form of guaranty the names of guarantors, certified by the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

FORM OF GUARANTY.

We, ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, and —— of the county of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that —— is able to fulfill the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that should his proposition be accepted he will at once enter into contract in accordance with the terms of said proposition, and we are prepared to become his securities.
[Sig.]
[Sig.]

Certificate of the Clerk of —— District Court, or United States District Attorney.

Bidders must conform strictly to the above form of proposal, or their bids will be rejected.

An oath of allegiance to the United States Government must necessarily accompany the bid.

Bidders may be present in person when the Proposals are opened.

The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible party or parties, who will be duly notified, by mail or otherwise, that their bid is accepted, and they will immediately proceed to enter into contract, under bonds to the amount of $5,000. Bonds to be properly certified to.

The Post-office address of the parties proposing must be distinctly written upon the Proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to HENRY JOHNSON, M. S. K., U. S. A., and Acting Medical Purveyor, Washington, D. C., and marked, "Proposal for Ice."

The Medical Purveyor reserves to himself the right to reject any or all bids deemed unsuitable.

HENRY JOHNSON.
M. S. K., U. S. A., and Acting Medical Purveyor.

N. B.—Printed forms of above Proposals can be had by application to this office.

Information as to the location, capacity and about the amount of Ice required by the hospitals will be given by application to the Medical Director of each of these Departments.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, No. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 22, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., for furnishing at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City:
Dark Blue Worsted Lace, 1¼ inches.
Dark Blue Worsted Lace, ⅜ inch.
General Hospital Flags.
Post and Field Hospital Flags.
Ambulance Flags.

Specifications for which can be seen at this office. Bidders will submit samples of the Lace, and of the materials from which they propose to make the Flags.

A proper guaranty must accompany all proposals for the faithful performance of a contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Worsted Lace or Hospital Flags," and addressed to

Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General U. S. Army.

TO IRON WORKERS.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, ROTUNDA, PARK, Jan. 22, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. of Wednesday, Feb. 10, 1864, at which hour they will be publicly opened, for furnishing and setting in place around the New Reservoir, about 8,200 lineal feet of iron railing. Drawings and specifications can be seen on application at the Engineer's office, Rotunda, Park.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the school officers of the XVIIth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Monday, the 1st day of February, 1864, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the erection and completion of a new school-house, including the steam-heating apparatus, to be built on the four lots of ground known as Nos. 100, 102, 104 and 106 West 20th-st., in said Ward. Plans and specifications for said school-house, including steam-heating apparatus, can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st. Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed, "Proposals for mason work," "Proposals for carpenter work," "Proposals for painting," and "Proposals for heating." Proposals for heating must be accompanied with accurate drawings and descriptions of the apparatus intended to be furnished, otherwise they will be rejected. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no securities are named. The school officers of the Ward reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

JOHN DE LAMATER,
ALFRED MOORE, } Building Committee.
JAMES CONDIE,
Dated NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1864.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED.

The advertiser, who has had many years' experience in the PUBLISHING and RETAIL BOOKSELLING BUSINESS in this City, and has a thorough knowledge of its details, and has, likewise, a large acquaintance and connection with the bookbuyers of the City, is desirous of enlarging his present business by connecting himself with some gentleman with a moderate amount of capital, and who would like to engage in the business either as an active or special partner.

Communications addressed to SIDNEY, Box No. 4,3[illegible] New-York Post-office, will receive attention.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN, WHO, WITH his wife, have for the last ten years had a retail store in Broadway, for the sale of white goods for ladies' and children's wear, and who contemplate returning to France on account of ill-health of one of the parties, are desirous of connecting themselves in Paris with some large dealers, wholesale and retail, in the above-mentioned goods, to whom their thorough knowledge of the tastes of this market, and their consequent ability to select, or get up particular styles of patterns, would be of advantage. Address for information to FRANCE, Box No. 1,190 New-York City Post-office.

A PATENTED INVENTION OF IMMENSE value, relating to light and heat, is languishing for want of pecuniary aid. One-half interest in the City and several States will be disposed of, under a copartnership or otherwise, for $5,000. It is perfected, and customers ready. Half a million dollars can be made in one year. This is no humbug. Full satisfaction given on an interview, or by addressing ROBERT FULTON, No. 606 9th-av., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF SICKNESS, A large coal-yard and fixtures, with sheds, all in complete order, and a good stand for business, situated at the foot of 17th-st., East River; ground on lease; rent $350 a year. Apply to Mr. HIRAM FOGHT, Room No. 49 Trinity Buildings, Broadway, or to the subscriber, corner of Mary and Madison sts., Elizabeth, N. J.
A. K. TUTHILL.

ROLLING MILL FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The ROLLING MILL belonging to the subscribers, situated at Newark, N. J., with engine of 80 horse-power, rolls, &c., &c., all in good order and complete for the manufacture of bar iron or steel. Possession can be given immediately. NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY, No. 108 Liberty-st., New-York.

WANTED.—A SPECIAL PARTNER, WITH A capital of $15,000 or $20,000, in a very profitable business, being the business of two old houses of long standing, combined, and only requiring an increase of capital to render it one of the most profitable branches of mercantile business. Address M. A. H., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

RARE CHANCE FOR A COPARTNERSHIP, with a good party in a genteel business. It is a beautiful process for silvering glass. Profits immense. A half-interest will be sold for $1,000, nothing less. Full satisfaction given on an interview. Call on or address H. S. W., No. 439 West 47th-st., New-York.

A MEMBER OF THE NEW-YORK STOCK Exchange desires to meet with a party with from $50,000 to $100,000, to be either an active or a special partner in a general stock business. Satisfactory references given and required. Address D. A. J., Box No. 179 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A MERCHANT COMPETENT TO keep the books and conduct a country store selling $25,000 per annum; if suits, can have an interest; married man preferred; references required. Address, in handwriting, M. T. MORSS, Woodbourne, N. Y.

WANTED — A PARTNER, WITH ABOUT $15,000, in a paying business, established two years, in London, England, to enlarge it, which can be done to great advantage. Apply at No. 953 Broadway, 3d floor.

FOR SALE—A LARGE BUTTER AND CHEESE stand, in one of the City markets. For particulars apply, after 6 P. M., at No. 35 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

There is nothing more certain than that *pure* Nitrous Oxide is the *best* anesthetic known, and that it is perfectly harmless. Of course we advise parties to come to "headquarters," at No. 22 Bond-st. G. Q. COLTON, JOHN ALLEN & SON.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS.,—NO. 258 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $25; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10. Partial sets on gold, $2; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. DR. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris, and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call: it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., the only place. Call, send, or write for a circular.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints, enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st. (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., No. 13 Court-st., Boston.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks by Dr. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent will restore manhood to the most shattered constitution, whether arising from excesses, self-abuse, the effects of climate or natural causes. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is four weeks. Failure is impossible. Dr. RICORD'S Essence of Life is sold in cases, with instructions for use, for $3, or four quantities in one for $9. Sent, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance, by his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, No. 447 Broome-st.,
One door west from Broadway. New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy; price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and No. 403 Hudson-st., New-York; or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,359 New-York Post-office.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., N. Y.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of a cure.

CURED GRATIS.—EPILEPTIC AND ALL nervous fits cured by JOHN McDONALD, free of charge, who may be consulted for the same at the Stevens' House, No. 21 and 29 Broadway, every morning from 9 to 12 o'clock.

SKIN DISEASES CURED.—LADIES AND gentlemen loosing their hair, or turning gray, can have it permanently restored by F. TAYLOR, No. 435 3d-av., four doors below 32d-st. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. From No. 683 Broadway.

BAKER'S KIDNEY AND GRAVEL REMEDIES are the best known. Consultation by letter, or in person, at No. 154 10th-st., near Broadway. Fee, $5, including remedies.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND redemption in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first: he has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. HUNTER is in constant attendance from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment, and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. It is $1 a vial, with a medical work on *Human Frailty, Nervous Debility, Early Indiscretion*, and consultation gratis.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES have proved, from the most ample experience, an ENTIRE SUCCESS—Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use. They have received the highest praise from the Profession, the Press, and the people, and will always render satisfaction.

No.		Price of Single Boxes.
1.	Cures Fever, Congestion and Inflammation	$0 25
2.	Cures Worm Fever, Worm Colic, etc.	25
3.	Cures Colic, Teething, Crying of Infants	25
4.	Cures Diarrhœa of Children or Adults	25
5.	Cures Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Colic	25
6.	Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea	25
7.	Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis	25
8.	Cures Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9.	Cures Headaches, Sick Headaches, Vertigo	25
10.	Cures Dyspepsia, Weak or Bilious Stomach	25
11.	Cures Suppressed, Scanty or Painful Periods	25
12.	Cures Leucorrhea or Whites, Profuse Periods	25
13.	Cures Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing	25
14.	Cures Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	25
15.	Cures Rheumatism and Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	Cures Fever and Ague, Old Agues	50
17.	Cures Piles, Internal, or Blind, or Bleeding	50
18.	Cures Ophthalmy, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	50
19.	Cures Catarrh, Acute, Chronic, Dry or Flowing	50
20.	Cures Whooping Cough	50
21.	Cures Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	50
22.	Cures Ear Discharges and Impaired Hearing	50
23.	Cures Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings	50
24.	Cures General Debility, or Nervous Weakness	50
25.	Cures Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations	50
26.	Cures Sea Sickness, Prostration, Vertigo	50
27.	Cures Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi	50
28.	Cures Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges, and Nervous Debility	1 00
29.	Cures Sore Mouth, or Canker of Adults or Children	50
30.	Cures Urinary Incontinence, Wetting the Bed	50
31.	Cures Painful Periods, Pressure or Spasms	50
32.	Cures Suffering at Change of Life, Flushes	1 00
33.	Cures Epilepsy and Spasms, Chorea, St. Viti	1 00

PRICE.

Case of Thirty-five vials, in Morocco Case, and Book	8 00
Case of Twenty-eight vials, in Morocco and Book	7 00
Case of Twenty large vials, in Morocco, and Book	5 00
Case of Twenty large vials, plain case, and Book	4 00
Case of Fifteen boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book	2 00
Case of any six boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book	1 00

Single boxes, with directions, 25 cents, 50 cents, or $1.

These REMEDIES, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the Country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the Price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS, Office and Depot No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

Dr. HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his office as above for all forms of disease.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 13.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 20.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 27.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 3.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 10.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 17.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL, calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
LOUISIANA	2,879	Brooking.	——
VIRGINIA	2,878	Grace.	——
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	——	——

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 22 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin ... $80 / 75 } Payable in Currency.
Steerage ... 35

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON .... Saturday .... Jan. 23
ETNA .... Saturday .... Jan. 30
CITY OF NEW-YORK .... Saturday .... Feb. 6
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80 00	Steerage	$30 00
First Cabin to London	85 00	Steerage to London	34 00
First Cabin to Paris	95 00	Steerage to Paris	40 00
First Cabin to Hamburg	90 00	Steerage to Hamburg	37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR CALIFORNIA.
M. O. ROBERTS' LINE
TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
via Panama Railroad.
The steamship
ILLINOIS,
2,500 tons,
On WEDNESDAY, Feb. 3, at noon.
The finest, fastest and strongest steamship in the California trade will sail as above, from pier foot of Warren-st., North River.
For freight or passage apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, cor. of Warren and West sts.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP
EAGLE,
RICHARD ADAMS, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for HAVANA, direct.
All letters must pass through the Post-office.
No freight taken or Bills of Lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.
No. 29 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class U. S. Mail steamship
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
E. V. GAGER, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., on SATURDAY, Jan. 30, at 3 P. M.
Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

SHIPPERS' NOTICE.
FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.
In consequence of a delay in New-Orleans of these three days for dispatches from Maj.-Gen. Banks, the STEAMSHIP MORNING STAR will sail on SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 24, at 9½ o'clock, instead of Saturday, as advertised.
Passengers must be on board by 9 o'clock A. M.
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York. DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.
TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.
LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.
Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—THE UNITED States mail steamship CREOLE, JOHN THOMPSON, Commander, will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for New-Orleans direct on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely. No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing. For freight or passage, apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE.—Passports from the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILLMARTH, U. S. Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st., third story.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. NONES.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. R. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.
Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¼.
Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7½ P. M.
N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.
Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Islip, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.
Sunday excursion trains to Islip, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.
Fare for this train at excursion rates.
For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations. A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st.
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st., EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 3 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 2:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—Increased accommodations. Trains for Albany, Troy, the North and West, leave 26th-st. Depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M.
Sunday trains leave New-York for Albany at 4:25 P. M., and Albany for New-York at 9:15 A. M.
JOHN BURCHILL, Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:35 P. M., 4:25 P. M., 6:05 P. M., and on Mondays only at 5:30 A. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 7:30 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. B. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M., or remain on board [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

REAL ESTATE AUCTION SALES
Solicited and attended to on favorable terms, by
D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer,
No. 14 Pine-st.
Ten years with ADRIAN H. MULLER.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1864.

This Company will hold their Twelfth Regular Monthly Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of January, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of the Company, No. 35 William-st., at which time they will offer, by SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer,

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL,

embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of February next.

The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of, or on behalf of the Company.

Fifty cents per ton, in bankable funds, to be paid at the time and place of sale, and the balance, in like funds, on receiving the order for the coal, which must be called for within ten days thereafter, and the coal taken away within thirty days from the day of sale, unless navigation is obstructed. Buyers who wish, however, can have an additional thirty days for taking the delivery of their purchases, by making a further deposit of fifty cents per ton within the ten days above specified. Interest at seven per cent. per annum will, in such case, be charged on the balance, from the time stipulated for payment until paid; and twenty-five cents per ton to cover the expense of stocking the coal, both to be paid on delivery of order.

The other conditions of sale will be substantially those hitherto accepted by all purchasers, by private contract, of Coal deliverable at Elizabethport, so far as applicable. The coal will be delivered direct from the cars on their arrival from the mines, when practicable—otherwise from the stock. These conditions will be modified to meet the wants of Ocean Steamers, whose arrival cannot be definitely fixed. JOHN BRISBIN, President.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SUPREME COURT SALE
IN PARTITION OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON CHATHAM-SQUARE, EAST BROADWAY, CATHARINE, GRAND AND MARKET STS., AND ST. MARK'S-PLACE
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.
Will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Jan. 26, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom,

No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Benajah Leffingwell, Esq., Referee. Chatham-square—The large and valuable plot of ground, with the 4-story brick buildings thereon, northeast corner of Chatham-square and East Broadway, running through to Chatham-st., and known as the old Chatham-square Post-office. Also the lot, with the 4-story brick building thereon, No. 4 Chatham-square, running through and including No. 6 Catharine-st. Catharine-st.—The lot, with the buildings thereon, No. 19 Catharine-st., near East Broadway. Market-st.—3-story and attic brick house and lot No. 13 Market-st., near East Broadway. Grand-st.—The valuable plot of ground, with the buildings thereon, on the northeast corner of Grand and Cannon sts. St. Mark's-place—The 3-story, attic and basement brick house and lot No. 61 St. Mark's-place, near 1st-av.

The above sale includes some of the most valuable property offered at auction in this City for many years, and offers great inducements to capitalists.

Maps and more full particulars may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.

BY D. M. SEAMAN,
REAL ESTATE AND STOCK AUCTIONEER,
No. 14 Pine-st.
(Ten years with Adrian H. Muller.)

STOCKS AT PRIVATE SALE.

200 shs. Broadway Bank.	100 shs. Niagara Ins. Co.
30 shs. Shoe & Leather Bk.	7 shs. Goodhue Ins. Co.
15 shs. Nassau Ins. Co.	10 shs. Metropolitan Ins. Co.
8 shs. Lamar Ins. Co.	57 shs. Mer. (Mar.) Ins. Co.
50 shs. Equitable Ins. Co.	40 shs. Broadway Ins. Co.
10 shs. Continental Ins. Co.	17 shs. Imp. & Tr. Ins. Co.
20 shs. Fulton Ins. Co.	100 shs. Brooklyn Ins. Co.
40 shs. Jersey City Ins. Co.	10 shs. Harmony Ins. Co.
30 shs. N. American Ins. Co.	12 shs. Long Island Ins. Co.
30 shs. Astor Ins. Co.	32 shs. Eagle Ins. Co.
5 shs. Humboldt Ins. Co.	Metropolitan Gas Stock.
40 shs. Chatham Bank.	

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 18, 1864.

SALE OF CONDEMNED NAVY CANNON.

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of February next, at 12 o'clock M., there will be sold at public auction, at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, New-York, and at the Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, the following cannon, being 32-pounders of 61 cwt., known as "gradual increase," viz.

One hundred and six (106) cannon at Navy-Yard, Brooklyn.

Forty-six (46) cannon at Navy-yard, Portsmouth.

These guns are to be sold by the pound, and one-half the purchase money to be paid at the completion of the sale, and the other half upon the removal of the guns by the purchaser, which removal must take place within ten days after the sale and at the expense of said purchaser.
H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE
By BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on Feb. 2, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., at
The Union Stores, Brooklyn,
Cargo of the prize steamer NASSAU,
Consisting of
Coffee,
Salt,
White Lead,
Castor Oil,
Hardware,
Military Equipments,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE, TO CLOSE AN estate, by order of Henry James Anderson, Esq., of valuable property on Cortlandt, Canal, Greenwich, Charlton, and 36th sts.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway—

CORTLANDT-ST.—The five-story brick store and lot No. 62 Cortlandt-st., near Washington-st.; lot 20.6 front and rear, 67.6 on westerly side, and 66.11 on easterly side.

CANAL-ST.—The three-story brick store and lot No. 322 Canal-st., near Church-st.; lot 20 by 45.6.

GREENWICH-ST.—The three-story brick store and lot, with rear building, No. 575 Greenwich-st., near Hammersley-st.; lot 25 by 100.

GREENWICH-ST.—The three-story and attic brick houses and lots Nos. 554 and 556, and the two-story and attic brick houses and lots Nos. 558 and 560 Greenwich-st.

CHARLTON-ST.—The four story brick building and lot No. 113 Charlton-st., adjoining the Greenwich-st. houses in the rear. There is also a building on rear of the lot. The alley will be sold with the Charlton-st. house.

EAST 36TH-ST.—The 6 four-story brick houses and lots on the south side of 36th-st., commencing 100 feet east of 2d-av; lots each 18.9 by 98.9.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON SOUTH AND BROAD STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on MONDAY, Jan. 25, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y., by order of the Trustees of the New-York Corn Exchange—

SOUTH-ST.—The very valuable lot of ground, with the three-story brick building thereon, known as No. 15 South-st., northwest corner of Broad-st., being 23 feet 5 inches front and rear, 38 feet 3 inches on Broad-st. and 36 feet 9 inches on the easterly side, more or less.

ALSO, the lot of ground, with the five-story brick building thereon, known as No. 17 South-st., between Broad-st. and Coenties-slip, being 28 feet front and rear, 82 feet 2 inches on one side and 79 feet 10 inches on the other, more or less.

The property will be sold subject to a mortgage for $35,000, having two years to run from May 1, 1864.

Maps and further particulars may be obtained at the Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., or of the Committee of Trustees, David Dows, No. 20 South-st., Jacob R. Nevius, No. 11 South-st., and Josiah M. Fiske, No. 18 South-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ASSIGNEE OF the late firm of Jos. Coddington & Co., will sell at public auction, on MONDAY, Feb. 8, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway, by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., all the remaining assets of said late firm of Jos. Coddington & Co. and its members, which are vested in me as Assignee, including the following described real estate, viz.: 3 lots in St. Paul, Minn., Nos. 13, 14, 15, block No. 25; 80 acres land in Benton County, Minn.; 200 acres land in Worth County, Iowa; 3 lots in East Shakapeo, Minn. Also, a mortgage for $125 on lot No. 6, block No. 16, in village of Menosha, Wis. Also, an undivided one-fourth interest in house No. 148 Madison-st., and in the two stores No. 12 Coenties-slip and No. 16 Front-st., in the City of New-York, subject to the incumbrances thereon. Also, sundry book accounts, notes, &c., an inventory of which may be examined at the office of the auctioneer. BENJ. HAXTUN.
Assignee of late firm of Jos. Coddington & Co.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 9, 1864.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF STORES AND Lots—Nos. 98 John and 50 Cortlandt-sts. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Jan. 26, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of WM. S. BANTA, executor of ELIZA MOORE:

JOHN-ST.—The four-story brick store and lot, No. 98 John-st., near Gold-st.

CORTLANDT-ST.—The four-story brick store and lot, No. 50 Cortlandt-st., near Greenwich-st.

Maps, &c., at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, Jan. 23, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st., Household Furniture, consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved oak furniture, black walnut chairs, do. rockers, mahogany bedsteads, mahogany dressing bureaus, marble top centre tables, black walnut bedsteads, hair mattresses, straw paillasses, gilt frame mirrors, black walnut bookcases, china, crockery, glassware, &c., &c.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD. BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

JOB AND CARD PRINTING.—BILLHEADS, monthly statements, cards, circulars, labels, and all other printing neatly executed. Ball work at cost.
DAVID HYNE, No. 163 William-st., New-York.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 8 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL
ON THE
FIFTH-AVENUE POND!
The first carnival ever given in New-York
ON ICE!

The managers of the Fifth-avenue Skating Pond announce that on SATURDAY, Jan. 23, a
GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL
will be given, this being the reserve day of the season. Every arrangement that can possibly contribute to the comfort or pleasure of those who attend has been made.
TWO BANDS OF MUSIC
will be present, and will perform alternately during the day and evening.
At night there will be a grand display of
GORGEOUSLY ARRANGED FIREWORKS
from the celebrated laboratory of Lilliendahl, and furnished by Thurston & Scofield.
New, elegant and appropriate costumes can be procured within the inclosure of the Pond, from GEO. W. BUNKER, costumer. Masks not permitted.
Gates open at 1 P. M.; Carnival commences at 2 P. M. Without exception, the charge of admission will be 50 cents.
Tickets can be had at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel, and at the office of the Pond.

HOPE CHAPEL, No. 718 BROADWAY.
HOPE CHAPEL, NO. 718 BROADWAY.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 3 O'CLOCK.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 3 O'CLOCK.
EVERY NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK.
THE NEW SENSATION OF THE DAY.
The most refined and delightful resort in the City for ladies.
NINETY-SECOND AND NINETY-THIRD TIME
OF THE
MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON; OR,
"MIRROR OF THE UNIVERSE,"
WHICH IS STILL A BRILLIANT SUCCESS.
In connection with the TOUR OF THE WORLD, BY PARTICULAR REQUEST, THOSE THRILLING SCENES,
THE OBSEQUIES OF HIS GRACE
ARCHBISHOP HUGHES,
will be exhibited in succession, with the grand view of
HIS HOLINESS PIUS IX.
BLESSING HIS PEOPLE ON EASTER DAY
FROM THE
BALCONY OF ST. PETER'S, AT ROME,
and other
MAGNIFICENT APPROPRIATE PIECES.
Doors open at 7; Tours begin at 8 P. M. Admission, 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.
Grand Matinées every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock. H. B. McKEON, Manager.

GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ OF NEW-YORK.
This Society will give their
ANNUAL GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL,
AT THE CITY ASSEMBLY ROOMS,
On WEDNESDAY, Feb. 3, 1864.
The most extensive preparations will be made by the Committee to render the Ball as attractive and brilliant as on former occasions, and the great reputation of the Society will surely warrant its success. To prevent overcrowding, only a limited number of tickets, at $5 for one gentleman and ladies, will be issued, and can be obtained only by way of introduction through the members of the Liederkranz, viz:

O. Ottendorfer, 17 Chatham-st.	W. Jellinghaus, 14 Cooper Union.
E. S. Ballin, 24 Exchange-place.	S. Kauffmann, 39 Nassau-st.
Wm. Steinway, 82 Walker-st.	E. Schuberth, 98 Spring-st.
O. Sackersdorff, 237 B'way.	Fred. Kapp, 122 Broadway.
H. R. Baltzer, 50 Exchange-pl.	Carl Amann, 105 Wall-st.
J. Windmuller, Abingdon-sq.	H. Gebhard, 161 5th-av.

And others.
No tickets sold at the door; also, tickets are not transferrable. Further particulars hereafter.
GEORGE NEMBACK, Secretary.

SECOND SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC,
AT
DODWORTH'S HALL.
NINTH SEASON 1864.
On TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 26, at 8 o'clock P. M.
WILLIAM MASON,
THEODORE THOMAS,
J. MOSENTHAL,
G. MATZKA,
F. BERGNER.
Subscription for the remaining five soirées $5 each. No subscriptions received after the second soirée. Single tickets for each soirée $1 50.

IRVING HALL.
SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 23, 1864,
GRAND LITERARY AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.
MR. DE CORDOVA'S
New and Patriotic Poem, entitled
"THE SOLDIER,"
with musical accompaniments by
Mr. HELMSMULLER'S
CELEBRATED GERMANIA BAND,
who will also perform a choice selection of their popular Music.
Tickets .... 50 cents.
For sale at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway and at Irving Hall.
Doors open at 7, commence at 8 o'clock.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.
SATURDAY, Jan. 23, 1864,
for the last time,
LE VOYAGE DE MONSIEUR PERRICHON.
Comedy, in four acts, by Labiche.
Doors open at 7¼, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.
TUESDAY, Jan. 26,
THE GREAT SUCCESS,
"LES EFFRONTES."
Comedy, in four acts, by Emile Augier.

PERHAM'S,
No. 585 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel,
HEADQUARTERS OF PERHAM'S NATIONAL HOME ENTERPRISE.
A series of magnificent STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, comprising thrilling War Tableaux and beautiful Scenes in Architecture, Statuary and Landscape, and the gigantic MIRROR OF THE REBELLION.
A superb illustrated history of the war, DEVOTED TO THE AID OF INVALID SOLDIERS.
For details of the enterprise see descriptive bills. Exhibition EVERY EVENING at 7½, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 3 o'clock: single admission, 25 cents; National Home tickets, admitting four, $1 each.

MAISON DOREE.—AGREEABLE TO THE OFT expressed desire, the proprietor of the Maison Doree has recently opened to the public a spacious saloon, fitted with every accessory and convenience, and capable of dining 120 persons. The table is replete with a superb service, and the saloon and reception rooms furnished with luxurious elegance. Clubs and Dinner Committees should be made aware of this. Dinners served wheresoever desired, with or without dinner service and ornaments. Weddings and suppers supplied impromptu. Creams and confections to order at all hours daily.

BANJO INSTRUCTION BY A NEW AND original method; the pupil guaranteed proficiency after one quarter's lessons; each pupil taught separately, and furnished with banjo for practice; hours of tuition from 9 A. M. till 9 P. M. Address GEO. C. DOBSON, Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

INSTRUCTION.

IDLEWILD.
MRS. N. P. WILLIS will receive several additional pupils, between the ages of nine and fourteen, to educate with her own daughters at Idlewild. Address
MRS. N. P. WILLIS,
Moodna, Orange County, N. Y.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE,
A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Fourteen miles from New-York,
At Riverdale, on the Hudson.
Rector, Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, M. A.
Circulars at Messrs. D. Appleton & Co.'s, No. 443 Broadway, New-York.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
No. 204 6th-av., corner 26th-st. Opens Sept. 9.

FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.—This well-established and flourishing institution is pleasantly located on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, 2½ hours' ride from New-York. Special attention is paid to the common and higher branches of English, and superior advantages furnished in vocal and instrumental music. French is taught by a native and spoken in the family. For catalogues address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M., President.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—The Eightieth Semi-Annual Session of this well-known School of Engineering will commence Feb. 10, 1864. For the New Annual Register, giving full information, address
Prof. CHARLES DROWNE, Director, Troy, N. Y.

FRENCH FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT ELMIRA, N. Y.—Room vacant for five or six boys. No other language but French spoken in the family. For circulars, etc., address
LOUIS OLIVIER, Elmira, N. Y.

BENJAMIN MASON'S COMMERCIAL AND MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, YONKERS, New-York.
For making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian MEN. Circulars at No. 39 Nassau-st., and No. 674 Broadway.

GROVE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Great Barrington, Mass. Term commences WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24, 1864, and continues twenty weeks. Address the Principal, Mrs. M. W. ALLEN.

DEER PARK INSTITUTE—PORT JERVIS, Orange County, N. Y. (For Ladies.) Semi-Annual Session commences Feb. 9. For circulars, address
Rev. J. H. NORTHRUP, Principal.

MILITARY ACADEMY—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—For circulars, apply to the Principal, Gen. M. J. LOCKWOOD.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, OLIVER R. WILLIS, A. M.

TEACHERS.

A TEACHER.—WANTED, A FRENCH LADY or gentleman, to give lessons twice a week, in a young ladies' school, in Clifton, Staten Island. A teacher for drawing is also required. Address Miss E., Clifton Post-office, Staten Island.

SCHOOL WANTED.—A LADY, OF EXPERIENCE in teaching, wishes to hear of a desirable situation for establishing a first-class pay school, with a house suitable for the school and family. Reference given. Address TEACHER, Wallingford, Conn.

GERMAN LESSONS.—MISS THERESE MEYER informs her friends and the public that she continues to give lessons in the German language. Address Lockwood's bookstore, No. 411 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
LAST DAY POSITIVELY
OF
TOM TAYLOR'S SPLENDID DRAMA,
THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN,
the best Drama put upon the American stage for years.
It will be produced
THIS AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK, and
THIS EVENING AT 7½.
BUT IT MUST BE REMOVED
after this week, to give place to
ANOTHER SPLENDID DRAMA,
CAMILLA'S HUSBAND,
which has been long in preparation, and will be
BROUGHT OUT NEXT MONDAY,
with a splendid cast, new scenery, music, properties, &c., &c.
Just engaged, at great expense,
THE TYROLEAN WHISTLER,
who produces the most beautiful music on
THREE WHISTLES AT ONCE.
To be seen at all hours, every day and evening,
THREE COLOSSAL GIANTS!
THE GREAT FRENCH GIANT,
THE GREAT FRENCH GIANT,
eight feet four inches high,
Weighs 463 Pounds.
ANNA SWAN, THE NOVA SCOTIA GIANT GIRL,
aged 17 years, yet eight feet one inch high!
THE GIANT BOY,
THE GIANT BOY,
18 years old, and full eight feet high.
THE GREATEST PYRAMID OF GIANTS
ever beheld by mortal eyes.
ALBINO FAMILY FROM MADAGASCAR,
the most extraordinary phenomena in nature.
KELLY'S AUTOMATON MUSICAL TROUPE,
consisting of six figures, size of life, which play upon
NOVEL PIANOS OR HARPERIANS,
producing music equal to a full orchestra.
THREE GROUPS OF MOVING WAX FIGURES,
WAX FIGURE OF PRINCESS OF WALES.
THE MONSTER SERPENTS.
GRAND AQUARIA, Mammoth Bear.
ROBERT HOUDIN'S AUTOMATON WRITER.
EDUCATED SEAL, which plays a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, and a million other wonders.
Admission 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE
GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION
AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.
Hyatt Frost .... Manager.
Nos. 539 and 541 BROADWAY,
Between Spring and Prince sts.
Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.
The Menagerie is now in its
TENTH WEEK.
Although costing the proprietors nearly
$130,000,
(the largest 25-cent show in the world,)
HAS PROVED A BRILLIANT SUCCESS.
Vast numbers of animals and birds, the most beautiful of their kind, are here congregated.
A ZOOLOGICAL COLLECTION
of such magnitude and rare excellence has never before been exhibited on this continent.
INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT
are harmoniously blended in one. It is an
ELEGANT FAMILY RESORT,
where youths may receive proper instruction in the
GREAT BOOK OF NATURAL HISTORY.
Members of religious societies need have no conscientious scruples on the score of attending this
GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
for, aside from the absence of everything immoral, it furnishes instruction of value to every one.
The clergy and elite of the City daily visit this
SUPERBLY MAGNIFICENT EXHIBITION.
THREE GRAND PERFORMANCES,
MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING,
of Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Ponies, Mules, Elephants.
STRICTLY MORAL AND REFINED.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE
No. 485 BROADWAY.
L. B. LENT .... Manager.
ENTERTAINMENTS
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
including every variety of
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND WONDERFUL GYMNASTIC FEATS,
introducing the great French Equestrienne,
MADAME LOUISE TOURNAIRE,
an unprecedented array of
STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS,
and the most splendid stud of
DANCING AND PERFORMING HORSES
in the country.
Doors open at 2 and 7; to commence at 2½ and 7½.

HOWE'S GREAT CIRCUS,
NO. 199 AND NO. 201 BOWERY.
Performances every evening, and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.
Last week of Mr. J. H. CHILDERS.
THE GREAT MILITARY SENSATION.
THE SHERWOOD FAMILY
in their several daring acts of
EQUESTRIANISM,
and numerous other attractions.
Admission, 25 cents; children, 15 cents. Private box seats, 25 cents extra. Doors open at 2 and 7.

SKATING.
If there is no skating on the Pond to-day a grand SKATING CARNIVAL will take place in the large gallery of Mr. HENRY GEBHARD'S GYMNASIUM, No. 161 5th-av., corner of 22d-st., and No. 937 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Admission 15 cents. Please bring your rollers.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

NEW MUSIC.
"One at Home who Prays for Me,"—song and chorus.
"My Lowland Home,"—song and chorus, by Henry Tucker, composer of "When this Cruel War is over."
"Dear Mother I've Come Home to Die," &c.
"Tis Growing Very Dark, Mother,"—song and chorus;
"Tell Me, is my Father Coming Home."—song and chorus, by Frederick Buckley, composer of "Break it Gently to my Mother," "Kiss Me, Mother, ere I Die," "The War is Nearly Over," &c., &c.
Price of each of the above, 30 cents. Copies mailed, postpaid, on receipt of the price.
HENRY TOLMAN & CO., Publishers,
No. 291 Washington-st., Boston.

STEINWAY & SONS'
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.
The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., New-York.

HAINES BROTHERS,
PIANO-FORTE
MANUFACTURERS.
WAREROOMS
No. 758 Broadway.

STODART & MORRIS,
Manufacturers of grand
SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
Warerooms,
No. 526 Broadway.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS—One to twelve stops: prices $85 to $600. Is the best instrument of its class in the world. Nearly all the most eminent organists and artists in the country bear written testimony to this fact. (See illustrated catalogues.) No instruments in the world can present such weight of eminent testimony to their superiority as these. Also, Melodeons from $70 to $170 each. Warerooms No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York. MASON BROTHERS.

A MAGNIFICENT 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD pianoforte for sale, with all modern improvements: full iron frame; overstrung bass; made to order, and fully guaranteed; cost $650, for $300, including stool and cover. Inquire at 48 West 16th-st., bet. 5th and 6th avs.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—Upright and square 7-octave pianos, $250, $275, $300, $350. Melodeons at $40, $60, $90. All in elegant rosewood cases and fully warranted by T. H. CHAMBERS, 8th-st., corner 4th-av., Bible House.

A. H. GALE & CO.—PIANO-FORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
No. 107 East 12th-st., New-York.

NEW MUSIC.—THE LAST SONGS OF THE late STEPHEN C. FOSTER—"Wilt Thou be True?" "Mr. and Mrs. Brown," (comic duet,) "If you've only got a Moustache" and "When Old Friends were Here," price 25 cents each; mailed free. Just published by HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.
"She was All the World to Me" is his last composition, and will be issued in a few days.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES.
No. 204 5th av., New-York.
No. 137 Montague-st., Brooklyn.
NEW-YORK CLASSES—Mondays and Thursdays or Wednesdays and Saturday.
Children at 4, Gentlemen at 8 P. M.
BROOKLYN CLASSES—Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 P. M. for children, at 8 P. M. for gentlemen.
At 10 A. M. on Saturdays for children and young ladies.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—FOR A SINGLE gentleman may be had in a private family, having a large well furnished chamber, with large closet, with bath, fire, gas, &c.; situation convenient to Wall-st. Ferry. Address C., Box No. 1,455 New-York Post-office, with real name and place of business.

ROOMS TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD —In the fine house and desirable location, No. 132 16th-st., near Irving-place; convenient to Broadway, 4th and 3d avs. References exchanged.

SUITES OF ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, with board, to let, at the Falkland House, between 59th and 60th sts., opposite Central Park; 8th and 10th av. cars to house.

LOST AND FOUND.

$10 REWARD.—LOST ON WEDNESDAY, 20th inst., in Broadway, near Chambers-st., a white Spitz DOG, answering to name of "Looloo." Apply at No. 111 5th-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
SATURDAY.
Doors open at 7¼; overture commences at 7¾; curtain rises at its conclusion.
PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Reserved seats are retained until the conclusion of the first act. It is respectfully requested that parties securing such seats will be as punctual as possible, as there are many plays in which the first act does not last more than fifteen minutes.
MISS IONE BURKE,
in consequence of the severe indisposition of
MISS MARY GANNON,
will perform the part of Rosa Leigh
THIS EVENING,
in Mr. Lester Wallack's highly attractive standard play
ROSEDALE.

Elliott Grey	Mr. Lester Wallack
Miles McKenna, a returned convict	Mr. John Gilbert
Matthew Leigh, a village doctor	Mr. Charles Fisher
Bunberry Kobb	Mr. George Holland
Col. Cavendish May	Mr. H. Daly
Sir Arthur May	Miss Emma Le Brun
Romany Rob, a gipsy	Mr. John Sefton
Farmer Green	Mr. Browne
Corporal Daw, of the Lancers	Mr. Pope
Docksy	Mr. Parkes
Robert	Mr. Palmer
Lady May, mother of Sir Arthur	Mrs. Hoey
Rosa Leigh	Miss Ione Burke
Tabitha Stork, housekeeper to Matthew	Mrs. Vernon
Lady Adela Grey, mother to Elliott	Miss Fanny Morant
Sarah Sykes, Matthew's servant	Mrs. John Sefton
Primrose, lady's maid	Miss Mary Barrett
Mother Mix	Miss Carman

MONDAY,
EIGHTY-SECOND TIME,
ROSEDALE.
TUESDAY,
NAVAL ENGAGEMENTS
and
THE OLD ENGLISH GENTLEMAN.
WEDNESDAY,
EIGHTY-THIRD NIGHT OF
ROSEDALE.
THURSDAY,
THE LOVE CHASE.
Due notice will be given of the next representations of the CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE and MARRIED LIFE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Lessee and Directress .... Mrs. John Wood
Stage Manager .... J. H. Selwyn
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 23, 1864.
CHANGE. CHANGE. CHANGE.
MR. FRANK DREW
will make his first appearance as
MAZEPPA,
alias
CASSIMIR, A CHILD OF MYSTERY,
in the
extravagant extravaganza, founded (a very little) on a rather celebrated poem, and a great deal on a noted equestrian drama, entitled
MAZEPPA;
OR, THE
UNTAMED ROCKING HORSE.
Produced with
NEW MUSIC, NEW SCENERY AND APPOINTMENTS,
and in which
Mrs. JOHN WOOD,
will appear as
OLINSKA,
THE PEARL OF POLAND.
The performance every evening will commence with the highly successful and original comedy, in two acts, received every night with
SHOUTS OF LAUGHTER,
entitled,
A BULL IN A CHINA-SHOP.

Mr. Bagshot, a commercial gent	Mr. J. K. Mortimer
Mr. Jipthorpe, a married gent	Mr. W. Davidge
Mr. Flitter, a clerk in the War Office	Mr. G. Becks
Mr. Piper, a pianoforte tuner	Mr. J. Owens
Bellamy Brownjohn	Mr. J. H. Stoddart
Emily, Jipthorpe's wife	Mrs. Sloan
Lucy, Jipthorp's daughter	Miss De Lacy
Susan	Miss J. Walters
Arabella Fitz Kensington	Miss Harris

Doors open at 7. Performances commence at 7¾ o'clock.
Seats secured three days in advance.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—COMMENCES AT 7¾.
Lessee and Manager .... WM. WHEATLEY.
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, JAN. 23, 1864,
AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK.
SECOND WEEK. SECOND WEEK
OF CHARLES GAYLER'S NEW IRISH DRAMA,
written expressly for
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
entitled THE CONNIE SOOGAH;
OR, THE JOLLY PEDDLER,
substantiated by the unanimous opinions of the press as the best acted and most splendidly mounted drama ever presented
TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC.
A LEGITIMATE TRIUMPH,
AND A SUCCESS WITHOUT PRECEDENT.
This evening will be introduced in the second act a new scene, Dunluce Castle, near the Causeway, painted by Mr. Hilliard.
CORNEY McGRATH, assuming the disguise of the Connie Soogah,
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
with the songs of "Ellen Astore" and "The Irish Wedding."
NELLY NOLAN,
a jumping jewel, wid a honey comb between her chin and her nose,
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
MR. and MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS
will be sustained by Miss Ada Clifton, Mrs. Grattan, Miss Mary Wells, Mrs. Reeves, Mr. J. G. Burnett, Mr. J. Nunan, Mr. J. C. Collier, Mr. B. T. Ringgold, Mr. J. Seymour, Mr. F. B. Holmes, Mr. J. W. Blaisdell, &c.
Entire new scenery, from views taken expressly in and about
THE GIANT'S CAUSEWAY,
by Hilliard, Maeder and assistants. New decorations, accessories, &c., by Mr. S. Wallis, new costumes by M. Phillippe, new machinery by Mr. Runyan, original and characteristic music by Mr. H. B. Dodworth.
SEATS SECURED ONE WEEK IN ADVANCE.

WINTER GARDEN.
EIGHTY-SIXTH NIGHT
OF
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
AND
THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
THE LONDON TIMES,
speaking of this great moral drama, mentions a fact to which the Provincial Press of Great Britain and Ireland has given confirmation:
"A clerk who absconded from Liverpool with £2,000, the property of his employers, and after visiting many places, arrived at Birmingham, at about 5 o'clock; and, after taking some refreshment, he went to the theatre to while away an hour. As it happened, the piece which was being performed on the occasion of his visit was THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN, and the guilty man seems to have drawn a moral from the representation, for when the scene in which the interview between Hawkshaw, the detective, and the 'Ticket-of-Leave Man' took place, Parker, the clerk, was so affected that he went out of the theatre, got three envelopes, and sent £1,500 back to his employers."
Doors open at 6¾. Commences at 7¼. Carriages may be ordered at 10½ o'clock.

PARK THEATRE—BROOKLYN.
Lessee and Manager .... Mr. Gabriel Harrison
Stage Manager .... Mr. B. A. Baker
BENEFIT OF
MR. WALTER LENNOX,
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 23.
IRELAND AS IT IS.

Ragged Pat	Mr. Walter Lennox
Dan. O'Carolan	Mr. Geo Metkiff
Judy O'Trot	Mrs. G. F. Tyrrell

BLACK-EYED SUSAN.

William	Mr. J. Whiting
Susan	Miss Jennie Gourlay
Dolly	Miss S. Singleton
Gnatbrain	Mr. Walter Lennox

MONDAY EVENING,
THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GERMAN OPERA.
MONDAY, JAN. 25, 1864,
LA DAME BLANCHE,
OR, THE WHITE LADY.
Grand opera in three acts, by Boieldieu.
MME. JOHANNSEN, MME. FRIEDERICI,
MLLE. CANISSA, HERR HABELMANN,
HERR HERMANS has kindly volunteered to take the smaller part of Gaveston.
Conductor .... CARL ANSCHUTZ
Balcony, parquet and dress circle, $1. No extra charge for reserved seats, which can be had only during the day; family circle, 50 cents; amphitheatre, 25 cents.
The sale of tickets will commence on Saturday morning, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

FIFTH-AVENUE SKATING POND.
Season tickets for a gentleman .... $[illegible]
Season tickets for ladies .... [illegible]
Season tickets for boys under 15 years .... [illegible]
For sale at the Astor House, St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels. Principal office at the 5th-av. Hotel, in the Reading Room.

FAIRS.

NOTICE.
THE LADIES'
NATIONAL UNION FAIR
FOR THE
BENEFIT OF THE FREEDMEN AND SOLDIERS,
WILL BE OPENED ON
MONDAY, FEB 8, 1864,
AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BROOKLYN.

The Ladies earnestly appeal to a benevolent and Christian public to aid them in this good work.

All contributions of Clothing, Goods, Ornaments, Confectioneries, &c., &c., will be gladly received at Rooms No. 20 Cooper Institute and No. 118 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

Tickets 25 cents; for sale at Rushton & Clark's Astor House; at the Academy on the morning of the 8th; and at Freedmen's Rooms, No. 118 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

LECTURES.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—REV. DR. CHEEVER'S second lecture on the Holy War will be delivered SUNDAY EVENING next at 7½ o'clock, on *The First Military Assault of Diabolus against the Town of Mansoul.*

DRY GOODS.

GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES, 50 CENTS —Real Paris kid, ladies' and misses' fancy colors; also 2,000 dozen real Alexander's, closing at 75 cents, usual price $1 75. N. B.—The largest and cheapest stock of hosiery, gloves and undergarments in the City. A full assortment of best quality thread and needle and fancy goods. Zephyr worsted 18 cents, all colors; regular price 25 to 30 cents. At ELGER'S cheap store for first-class goods, No. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side. Remember ELGER'S.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG LADY, FAIR LOOKING, INTELLIGENT, and of good standing in society, sincerely wishes to correspond with a gentleman of means desiring to marry; all communications strictly confidential. Address Miss MARY W., Box No. 119 Times Office, N. Y.

FROM NASSAU.

Movements of Blockade Runners—Narrow Escape of the Hansa.

The steamship *Corsica* brings Nassau papers to Jan. 16.

The blockade runner steamer *Hansa*, at Nassau, reports:

At 5 A. M., on the 6th inst., while off Abacco, we sighted a large paddlewheel steamship about a mile ahead. We kept the east for half an hour, and were then first noticed by the stranger, who steered direct for us, with the intention of cutting us off, which assured us she was a cruiser. We, however, fortunately got ahead of her, and shaped our course for Egg Island Reef, she keeping a little on our starboard quarter and gaining on us rapidly, in consequence of a calm preventing us from obtaining a sufficient draft for our fires. About 7:30 the Federal commenced to fire at us, and continued to do so till 9:30. At eight o'clock she was so near us that we were obliged to lighten our vessel, by throwing overboard about 70 bales of cotton. On entering Six Shilling Channel, we ran inside the reef. She fired one more shot and then left us for the purpose of picking up the cotton we had thrown overboard. The Federal vessel is very fast, brig-rigged, has a straight stern, and is supposed to be the *Vanderbilt*.

The Nassau *Guardian* says the Captain of the schooner *Dart*, of Nassau, picked up some of the cotton, and was threatened by an officer in one of the four boats belonging to the Federal vessels engaged in the same pursuit, that, if he continued to do so, he would shoot him, at the same time holding a pistol towards him. The Federal commander also threatened to run him down if he should cross his bow. The Captain of the *Dart* (CURRY,) replied that he (the Federal commander,) was in British waters, and had no business there.

The blockade-runners *Alice, Wild Dayrell, Heroine, Pet*, and *Dispatch* arrived from Wilmington previous to the 6th, and the *Alice, Heroine, Wild Dayrell, Vatune*, and *Mary Ann* had sailed again, to again attempt the running of the blockade.

The *Dispatch* is commanded by the noted Capt. COXETTER.

The steamer *Commerce* had also sailed from Nassau, ostensibly for Cuba. Her Majesty's steamer *Vesuvius* had arrived from Halifax to relieve the *Virago*, which was to leave for New-Orleans.

Funeral Oration Upon Gen. Corcoran by Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher.

This oration was delivered last night at the Cooper Institute, before an audience of Irish citizens and ladies which crowded both seats and aisles. Gen. MEAGHER was invited to speak by the New-York circles of the Fenian Brotherhood, an organization formed about four years ago with the ultimate object of effecting the deliverance of Ireland from English rule. The General was introduced by Col. JOHN O'MAHONY, President of the Brotherhood.

The oration abounded in poetical and forcible though redundant illustrations and rich imagery, which were in full accordance with the enthusiastic temperament of the audience, who vociferously applauded the close of each rounded period.

The speaker perorated with an Irish legend of an aged exile and patriot, lauding those Irishmen, who never temporized with an enemy who had harmed their land, stating that this love of country and bitterness against its wrongs, culminated in the heart of the loyal and brave soldier to whom he was now doing honor.

Early in the Fall of 1860, there arrived in this City a young gentleman of prominent family and great expectations, who had just visited a portion of his estates across the St. Lawrence, and was now perambulating the domains which had been lost by his great-grandfather. He was a lively and courteous young gentleman, and a startling curiosity, even among the novelties which were almost daily washed upon the shores of this great land. He was the eldest son of a Queen, wearing the costliest diadem in the universe, and towered high in blood above the haughtiest noble of those whose ancestors had ever spurned serfs or lorded over imperial domains. He was heir to an empire belted by the zodiac, which was only striving to monopolize the earth and invade the sky. Among an excitable people like our own, the advent of this young man produced its due effect, and found vent in extraordinary extremes. One man alone stood sternly aloof from the general impulse, and refused to participate in any honors toward the representative of that crown under the weight of which the liberties of his country had been crushed. A man less fearless, less inflexible, than MICHAEL CORCORAN, would never thus have stood. He would, though ready to brave the storm of battle, have quailed before worldly sneers at supposed eccentricity, conceit or churlishness—influences that undermine many otherwise lofty characters and brilliant individualities. To parade his regiment before this youth, who was one day to wear the crown which had scourged his country, would have been to cancel the oaths made for centuries by his countrymen. He would not bow to a Prince against whose land it was the darling wish of his heart one day to head his regiment. For this he was condemned, and it was urged with indignation that neither he nor his regiment could ever be relied on at a critical moment. This falsehood was answered at a later period by CORCORAN, who, on the news of Sumter, sprung from a sick bed, and was among the first, with his noble men, to fly to the rescue of the land of their adoption.

The speaker drew a glowing eulogy of CORCORAN, dwelling upon his generosity, truth, judgment, clearness of head and calmness in battle, winding up with a touching description of the scene when he viewed his corpse, surrounded by candles, with the "dear old priest," who had well loved him in life, kneeling by his side, while the lifeless camps around glistened in the cold air, and the flags at half-mast beat heavily against their staffs to the sound of the slowly tramping sentinels.

In hoping that his remains would one day lie under the green sod of the land of his birth, the speaker was content in the meantime that they should dwell under the flag sacred to liberty, and within a City where the ashes of MONTGOMERY and THOMAS ADDIS EMMET lie entombed.

In the morning solemn High Mass was held at St. Patrick's Cathedral, corner of Mott and Prince streets. The Very Rev. Father STARRS was the Celebrant, Rev. EUGENE MCGUIRE the Deacon, and Dr. MCSWEENEY the Sub-Deacon. Rev. FRANCIS MCNIERNEY was the Master of the Ceremonies.

Remarkable Case of Death from Chloroform.

A DRUGGIST CENSURED BY THE CORONER'S JURY.

A widow lady, named JANE E. WARD, residing in One Hundred and Eighteenth-street, near Third-avenue, has been for some time past suffering from a carbuncle on her hand. Tuesday night last, the pain became so intense, that she sent one of her daughters to a drug-store to procure some chloroform with which to bathe the affected limb. The poison was procured, and Mrs. WARD at once commenced the operation of bathing her hand with it. Soon she had inhaled sufficient to reduce her to a state of insensibility. She was found by one of her daughters on an ottoman, with her face buried in a pillow, and breathing very heavily. Death ensued before a physician could be procured. Coroner RANNEY held an inquest on the body yesterday. The druggist who sold the poison was examined. He stated that he had been in the drug business for many years, and yet he seemed to be entirely ignorant of the law of this State, which requires druggists to label all articles of poison sold by them. In this case he had not labeled it as he is required to do. The jury rendered the following verdict: We find that the deceased came to her death from inhaling chloroform. We further believe that JAMES WOOD, the druggist, is censurable in selling the chloroform without labeling it 'poison,' or taking the name or residence of the deceased according to law. The deceased was 40 years of age, and a native of this State. Her husband was a clergyman at the breaking out of the rebellion, and had a church in Harlem. Being a patriot in the true sense, he took leave of his flock, recruited a company, and joined one of the New-York regiments. He was in most of the severe battles as Captain of his company, up to the second battle of Bull Run. In this conflict he received a wound that caused his death soon after. Mrs. WARD being left nearly destitute, with a family, the people of Harlem sought a comfortable home for her, where she lived up to the time of her death.

The Resignation of Senator White, of Pennsylvania, a Canard.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Jan. 22.

The following dispatch to the *Bulletin*, just received from Gov. CURTIN, fully contradicts a canard in this morning's *Inquirer*:

HARRISBURGH, Friday, Jan. 22, 1864.

Maj. WHITE's resignation never was in my hands. I have heard that there was such a paper, but I have never seen it.

The Speaker of the Senate is the proper official to receive the resignation and issue a warrant for a new election. I have nothing to do with it officially.

The report you allude to is false.

A. G. CURTIN.

Heavy Confidence Operation.

DETROIT, Friday, Jan. 22.

W. W. TARBELL, Cashier of the People's Bank of Hudson, Mich., absconded on Thursday with $6,000 belonging to the bank.

Non-Arrival of the Canada.

HALIFAX, Friday, Jan. 22—Midnight.

There are no signs of the *Canada* from Liverpool, now fully due.

The Running of the Blockade—Note from A. Hoffnung, Esq.

MONTREAL, C. E., Jan. 15, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A number of articles have appeared in recent editions of your journal, on the subject of "blockade-running," implicating myself and others with whom I have business relation, in alleged violation of the blockade, the shipment of contraband of war and other merchandise to Nassau, for the purpose of running the blockade, and other transactions of an illegal character. *The whole of which is utterly unfounded in fact.*

Feeling satisfied that the judicial inquiry which we have urgently demanded, would result in an entire refutation of these charges, I have been content to await its issue; but in a more recent number of your paper, I find aspersions against my private character most wickedly and grossly false, calumnies which are altogether irrelevant to the charges abovenamed, and such as I cannot hope the desired investigation will touch upon and refute. I appeal to you, therefore, in common justice and fairness, that as you have opened your columns to their insertion, to give equal prominence to my most emphatic denial.

It is charged in the article I allude to, that Mr. GEORGE WOLF and myself were implicated in "heavy swindling;" that we "absconded from Montreal without paying our debts;" that Mr. WOLF "married the daughter of an English Jew named MORRIS LUMLEY, a man of notorious character;" that we became bail for the said Mr. LUMLEY to the extent of $55,000, and that we absconded from Montreal, forfeiting our recognizance for this amount, and that "the blockade-running has been carried on with the money dishonestly obtained by LUMLEY."

All these are vile slanders of the most infamous and malicious nature, and must have been known to be such by the parties who gave you the information.

I have never been concerned in any business transaction with Mr. LUMLEY, either before or since his failure, and knew nothing whatever of his operations.

In the month of February of last year, Mr. LUMLEY came to Montreal, and was thrown into jail by his creditors. After repeated solicitation I was induced by his relatives, in order to rescue an old and feeble man from durance during the rigor of a Canadian Winter, and to give him an opportunity, as they stated, of putting his business affairs in order, to become security for his appearance before the Court when called upon. *I never forfeited this recognizance.* I am still surety, but only for a debt of some $1,700, however—not $55,000, as stated—and whenever I am legally called upon, I am ready to stand up to my obligation. This is the only connection, either directly or indirectly, that I have ever had with that gentleman or his affairs. The assertion that my brother-in-law, Mr. WOLF, married Mr. LUMLEY's daughter is an amusing fiction, invented doubtless for the purpose of establishing a plausible connection, an honor which I doubt not Mr. WOLF will duly appreciate.

As to the charge that I "absconded from Montreal without paying my debts," I have simply to state, and challenge a denial, that my departure from Montreal was public and well known, as I shall presently show; that prior to my leaving I paid in full every debt and obligation both large and small that I had incurred during many years' residence, and there is not, I believe, at this moment a single individual either in Canada, the United States or Europe who has a just claim upon me to the amount of one farthing. Permit me to state one significant circumstance, and I will trespass on your valuable space no further. A few days prior to my departure from Montreal, in May last, a number of my fellow-citizens assembled and presented me with a superb service of silver plate as a parting *souvenir*, accompanied by an address engrossed on parchment, inscribed with the most flattering sentiments of respect and esteem and their regret at my imminent departure; the occasion was noticed in the press of this City at the time. I trust I shall be pardoned the apparent egotism of this recital, my object being to show that a man who is thus publicly the recipient of such a testimonial from his fellow-citizens, with whom he has been in social and commercial contact for a number of years, may fairly lay claim to some respectability of character and position; and, when these priceless advantages are slanderously attacked, ought to have the encouragement and assistance of every honest man in giving them the most public denial.

I have the honor to remain your most obedient servant,

A. HOFFNUNG,

The Case of Count Joannes.

BOSTON, Friday, Jan. 22.

In the case of GEORGE JONES, *alias* Count JOANNES, the Court to-day gave the defendant one week to prepare a bill of exceptions, and twenty-four hours to find bail in $300 for his appearance.

Evening Exchange.

FIFTH-AV. HOTEL, Friday, Jan. 22.

(Reported by R. H. GALLAHER & BRO., Brokers, No. 18 William-st.)

$15,000 Amer. Gold	156⅜	100 Canton Co	b3 38
60,000 do	s3.156⅝	1300 do	39
100 Erie Railroad	108⅛	200 do	b3 39
300 do	108	100 do	s3 39
300 do	s3.108	50 do	38½
700 do p&c	s5.108	50 do	38¾
600 Reading R.	116⅛	300 Cumb. Coal Co.	49¼
300 N. Y. Cen. R.	137¼	1000 Bucks Co. L. Co	1⅛
100 Hudson R. R.	140¾	1000 Pittsburgh	b30.118
100 Harlem R	97	200 do	117¾
200 Mich. So.	89¼	100 do	b3.117½
100 do	s3 89¼	100 do	117⅝
100 Gal. & Chic. R.	s3.114¾		

Sales of Real Estate—JAN. 21, 1864.

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.

Store and lot No. 88 Front-st., 22x88	$25,950
Store and lot No. 128 Front-st., 24x64	28,350
Stores and lots Nos. 132 and 134 Front-st., 41x44	37,450
Store and lot No. 39 Pine-st., 20x41	9,100
Store and lot No. 87 Pine-st., 20x41	8,650
Stores and lots Nos. 138 and 140 Front-st., 35x48	29,450
Store and lot No. 27 Depeyster-st., 21x50	8,550
Store and lot No. 29 Depeyster-st., 20x48	8,700
Store and lot No. 26 Walker-st., 25x100	15,000
House and lot No. 44 Laight-st., 22x100	10,100
House and lot No. 55 Laight-st., 18x76	7,050
House and lot No. 53 Laight-st., 18x76	6,400
House and lot No. 51 Laight-st., 18x76	6,206

[Advertisement.]

"A SLIGHT COLD," COUGHS.—Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "SLIGHT COLD" in its first stage; that which, in the beginning, would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give sure and almost immediate relief. *Military Officers and Soldiers should have them, as they can be carried in the pocket, and taken as occasion requires.*

[Advertisement.]

A MAN SHOT IN HIS OWN HOUSE IN FIFTH-AVENUE BY BURGLARS.—It is astonishingly strange that people will be shot and robbed. The Burglar Alarm Telegraph, in an experience of six years has never been broken through, but has saved, where the bell has given the alarm, and a door or window has been found forced open, twelve houses in ten weeks. It is used by hundreds of our citizens, all of whom are referred to. It has not a single objection, if understood. It is applicable, and is used in the best houses in New-York. Still people will be shot and robbed. E. HOLMES, No. 252 Broadway. (Fairbanks & Co.)

[Advertisement.]

DEMOREST'S NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.—Splendid Illustrations; Horrible Tragedy in Chili, Burning 2,000 Persons; also, Ice Obstructions in the East River; Portraits of Every Man's Wife; White Slaves; Fashions, by Mme. Demorest, with other new attractions and interesting features; valuable Literary matter. All in new type. Do not fail to see *Demorest's N. Y. Illustrated News* of this week. Now ready. Price 8 cents. Sold everywhere.

[Advertisement.]

A beautiful complexion, free from tan, pimples and freckles, may easily be procured by using the "BALM OF THOUSAND FLOWERS." For shaving it is unsurpassed—a single drop making fine lather. When used for washing, night and morning, it renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

[Advertisement.]

The piratical excursion of the rebel steamer *Alabama* in the Indian Ocean will enhance the value of Eastern products; yet, for the present, KENT'S East India Coffee will be sold for 23 cents per pound, as usual. Ask your grocer for KENT'S. No other genuine. General Depot, No. 154 Reade-st.

[Advertisement.]

WHAT CAN WE DO BEST?—Organization indicates this. Examinations, with full written charts, given daily, by FOWLER & WELLS, Phrenologists, No. 308 Broadway. A class of ladies and gentlemen meet for instruction Tuesday and Friday evenings. Parents and teachers would do well to attend.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S *Patent Crystallized Iron*—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

CHENEY—HULL.—On Wednesday, Jan. 20, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Wm. H. King, ALFRED C. CHENEY, of New-York City, to ADA J., daughter of Samuel Hull, Esq., of Owego, N. Y.

LOSDELL—WATKINS.—On Thursday evening, Jan. 21, by Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, WM. C. LOSDELL, of Fort Plain, to KATE A., eldest daughter of James Y. Watkins, Esq.

RUSSELL—IVES.—In Providence, R. I., on Wednesday, Jan. 20, by Rev. R. B. Duane, HENRY G. RUSSELL, of New-York, to HOPE BROWN IVES, of Providence.

WHITING—BARNES.—On Thursday evening, Jan. 21, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. R. Vanhorn, GEORGE W. WHITING to EMILY E. BARNES, all of Jersey City.

DIED.

ARCHER.—On Friday, Jan. 22, LINA, wife of William A. Archer, and daughter of Benjamin D. and Maria Brush, aged 26 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 24 West 28th-st., on Monday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

CRAWFORD.—At White Plains, on Wednesday, Jan. 20, CATHARINE H., wife of Elisha Crawford.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, at her late residence, in White Plains, on Sunday, at 2 o'clock P. M.

GIBSON.—On Thursday afternoon, Jan. 21, FRANCES, wife of Charles Gibson, aged 28 years, 1 month and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Saturday) morning, at 9 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 354 8th-av., without further notice. Her remains will be taken to Matteawan for interment.

HUTCHINGS.—On Thursday, Jan. 21, S. LEWIS, eldest son of Stephen B. Hutchings.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the house of his father, No. 106 West 34th-st., on Sunday, at 2 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Carmel for interment.

HYSLOP.—At Rhinebeck, on Friday, Jan. 22, HARRIET HYSLOP, aged 77 years, a native of Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, relict of Thomas Hyslop, of Sanquhar, Dumfriesshire, Scotland.

HALLARAN.—In Harlem, on Thursday, Jan. 21, after a lingering illness, CATHERINE HALLARAN, widow of Francis Hallaran, a native of the Parish of Castletown-Roche, County Cork, Ireland, aged 60 years and 15 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons, Patrick, Michael, John and William, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 3d-av., corner of 114th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

MONELL.—On Thursday morning, at 11 o'clock, ELIZABETH C., wife of Walter J. Monell, in the 39th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday morning next, at 10 o'clock, from the Mitchell House, corner of 25th-st. and 4th-av.

McGRAW.—At Painesville, Ohio, on Wednesday, Jan. 20, NICHOLAS McGRAW, of this City, in the 59th year of his age, from injuries received in the recent accident upon the Cleveland and Erie Railroad.

Notice of the funeral will be given hereafter.

MARTIN.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday morning, Jan. 21, THOMAS MARTIN, aged 42 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the New-England Congregational Church, South 9th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., on Sunday afternoon, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

McKINSTRY.—On Friday, Jan. 22, EDWARD McKINSTRY, in the 28th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from No. 113 South 4th-st., Williamsburgh, on Sunday, 24th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

MILLER.—In San Francisco, Cal., on Wednesday, Dec. 16, of pneumonia, Mrs. SUSAN MILLER, widow of Stites Miller, aged 60 years.

PERRY.—In Hoboken, on Friday, Jan. 22, CAROLINE, daughter of Charles T. and Caroline Perry, aged 2 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, at the residence of her parents, No. 142 Hudson-st., Hoboken. The remains will be interred in Greenwood.

RIKER.—At Spencer, Tioga County, N. Y., on Thursday, Jan. 7, Major TUNIS RIKER, a veteran of the war of 1812, in the 94th year of his age.

RHODABACK.—In Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 20, JACOB RHODABACK, in the 86th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at 1 o'clock on Saturday, Jan. 23, from the residence of his son, No. 107 New-York-av., Newark, N. J.

SUCH.—At Beaufort, S. C., on Saturday, Dec. 26, JAMES SUCH, U. S. Navy, aged 28 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the receiving vault at Greenwood Cemetery. His friends are invited to attend.

SLACK.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 21, JOHN G. SLACK, in the 54th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 181 Livingston-st.

VOLCKMER.—Suddenly, on Thursday morning, Jan. 21, CATHARINE A. VOLCKMER, widow of the late Henry Volckmer.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. James' Lutheran Church, 15th-st., near 3d-av., on Sunday afternoon at 1½ o'clock precisely.

WILSON.—Suddenly, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 20, at his residence, No. 17 West 11th-st., A. D. WILSON, M. D., in the 63d year of his age.

The friends of the family, and those of his sons-in-law, George Ladd and Reuben Burkhalter, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, the 23d inst., at 12 o'clock, from the Reformed Dutch Church, (Rev. H. D. Ganse,) in 23d st., between 6th and 7th avs., without further invitation.

☞ The members of Chancellor Walworth Lodge No. 271, F. & A. M., are requested to attend the funeral of Past Master A. D. WILSON, M. D., from the Reformed Dutch Church in 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., this day, (Saturday,) at 12 o'clock. By order.

FREDK. B. DIXON, Master.

FREDK. W. HERRING, Secretary.

I. O. OF O. F.—The members of National Lodge No. 30, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of our late brother, A. D. WILSON, from the Reformed Dutch Church, (Rev. H. D. Ganse,) in 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., this day, (Saturday,) at 12 o'clock M. By order of GEO. SMITH, N. G.

ALEX. F. DANBERGER, Secretary.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Corsica, from Nassau and Havana—H. M. Mason and child, Charles Bryon, H. S. Showers, A. R. Krauth, Joseph Carey, Charles Brerane, Mr. McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. Vernert, Mrs. E. G. Frost, S. F. Cooke, John Kidd, Mrs. Hastings, Thomas Lewen, Mr. Hoyt, A. Smith, E. Decker, G. Tampson, R. W. Barrington, J. H. Jensen, J. Palliser, F. G. Brown, Mr. Andrews, W. Lamb, Mrs. F. Brown and son, Mrs. Clark, M. Davis, A. W. Gray, W. Carr, Arch. Maitland, James R. Gould, Mr. Alexander, P. P. Clauclet, A. Cabirra, F. Marshall, and 18 deck passengers.

In steamship George Washington, from New-Orleans—H. P. Morris, M. Rose, M. H. Berringer, H. Hoyt, R. L. Read, W. A. Howard, lady and 3 children, P. Leonard, Mr. Bryant, E. Fitzinger, lady and child, R. Green and lady, Jos. Holz, P. Laplanche, F. Gueble, E. Goursand, F. M. Dunham, U. Marinconi, J. Cornell, J. M. Roux, J. Chambers, H. Bloomlagh, J. Sherer, J. M. Maurice.

In steamship Creole, from New-Orleans.—Mrs. Andrews, Capt. Isaac Warren, C. Casper, H. Shorter, Lieut. Van Alstyn and servant, J. D. Frith, D. Harrison, J. G. Drew, Geo. Williams, L. Reynolds, S. Silverstine, M. Berwald, F. Balantine, F. Migra, C. Pellesier, D. Bernand, C. Werner, B. Deplay, M. Balantine, J. Bogen, J. T. Vandevier, C. H. Wells.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 17 | Sun sets....... 5 06 | Moon rises. 6 12

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 7 12 | Gov. Island.. 8 01 | Hell Gate.. 9 23

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Jan. 22.

Cleared.

Steamship City of London, (Br.,) Petrie, Liverpool, J. G. Dale.

Ship Antarctic, Salter, Liverpool, Zerego & Co.

Barks Theresa, (Br.,) Frazier, Liverpool, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Malaga, (Meckl.,) Gerlopp, Cette, France, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Norn, (Br.,) Maxwell, Cayenne, Brett, Son & Co.

Brigs Stadt Poppenberg, (Hamb.,) Robins, Belfast, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; B. L. Swan, Rice, Mayaguez, D. Trowbridge; Princess Royal, (Br.,) Mears, Cadiz, D. C. Murray & Nephew; J. D. Lincoln, Hubble, Elizabethport, R. P. Buck & Co.; Beaver, (Br.,) Warren, Port-au-Prince, H. de Cordova & Co.; Amanda Jane, Dairymple, Demerara, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Cyprus, (Br.,) McCullough, Cienfuegos, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Hedley Vickers, (Br.,) Reille, Marseilles, Baetjer & De Virtu; Sarah M. Newell, (Br.,) Ellis, Jacmel, Brett, Son & Co.; Milo, (Br.,) Smith, Matanzas, Trujillo & Vining.

Schooners P. S. Lindsay, Emery, Boston, W. H. Riversmith; Palmetto State, Nickerson, York River, B. F. Small & Co.; F. Satterly, Alden, Port Royal, Van Brunt & Slaght; Maggie Bell, Gilkey, York River, H. W. Loud & Co.; Truro, (Br.,) Burback, St. Johns, P. R., J. F. Whitney & Co.; Alice, Hallett, Baltimore, Merrill & Abbott; F. Nickerson, Henderson, Washington, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Abby Bradford, Freeman, Port-au-Prince, Brett, Son & Co.; Mary Brown, Perry, Fall River, J. V. Haviland; Mary & Adeline, Davis, Chincoteague, A. C. Havens; Charles Roberts, Gardner, Beaufort, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Caroline, Rhodes, New-Bedford, J. V. Haviland.

Arrived.

Steamship George Washington, Gager, New-Orleans morning of 16th, in 6 days and 4 hours from City to City, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Sld. in co. with U. S. transport Cahawba. The U. S. transport Empire City arrived at New-Orleans Jan. 14.

U. S. mail steamship Creole, Thompson, New-Orleans 15th, with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam, Heineken & Co. 18th, at 6 P. M., off Cape Florida, passed steamship Yazoo. 21st, at 8 A. M., 20 miles N. of Cape Hatteras, passed steamship George Cromwell, bound S.

U. S. steam transport Lancer, Rebitt, Newbern, via Fortress Monroe 34 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster Jan. 20, off Hog Island, spoke U. S. steam frigate Minnesota, on a cruise.

U. S. steam transport E. G. Clark, Wilson, Fortress Monroe, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 20th inst., saw a U. S. steam frigate at anchor off Hog Island.

Steamship Corsica, (Br.,) Le Messurier, Havana, via Nassau 18th, at 2:40 P. M., with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard.

U. S. steam gunboat Marblehead, Richard W. Mead, Lieut. commanding, Charleston Bar 4 ds. Has had heavy weather.

Steamer Empire, Hunter, Washington, D. C., with mdse. and passengers to J. Hand.

Steamer Osprey, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Pelican, Waldron, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

U. S. transport bark J. Godfrey, Clarke, Hilton Head 6 ds., in ballast to Wakeman, Geokin & Dickenson. 20th inst., at 3 P. M., was in co. with steamship Trade Wind, from Port Royal for New-York, Jan. 21, lat. 39 06, lon. 73, spoke bark Martha R. Lockhart, Lockhart, 25 ds. fm. Windsor, N. S., with plaster, bound to New-York, with loss of upper and lower foretopsails and other damage; was short of provisions; supplied her with both sails and provisions. Capt. Lockhart reported his vessel had been so iced up that he was compelled to go the southward to get rid of it.

Ship Guy Mannering, Doliard, Liverpool 40 ds., with mdse. and 386 passengers to R. L. Taylor. Had 2 deaths on the passage. Dec. 25, lat. 51 40, lon. 27 35, at 11 P. M., discovered a ship on the weather beam, apparently in distress; at midnight tacked towards her; at 1 P. M. got alongside, and found her to be waterlogged; she was about 1,000 tons burden, all masts and yards standing; courses, topgallant-sails and jibs furled, the topsails partly blown away; no boats or persons on board. Jan. 19, lat. 40 19, lon. 70 40, passed a schooner, bottom up.

Ship Pacific, Morgan, New-Orleans 17 ds., with mdse. to Wm. & Alfred Nelson. Jan. 13, lat. 28 42, lon. 19 29, passed part of the hull of a large vessel, with ribs of timber, stern and stern posts out of water; had apparently been a long time in that situation.

Ship Guardian, (new,) Borland, Damariscotta Jan. 17, in ballast to Metcalf & Duncan.

Bark Saito, (of Barbados,) Lee, Havana 17 ds., with old iron to Thomas Eastman. Was anchored off Rockaway on the 19th, and on the same night, during a gale from W. N. W., was compelled to put to sea. Yesterday, 50 miles S. of the Highlands, saw a large ship bound N., with loss of mizzenmast and topgallantmasts.

Bark Harriet Ralli, (Fr.,) Boniffanz, Marseilles 60 ds., with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken. Had fine weather up to Jan. 13, since heavy head winds from W. S. W. to N. W.

Bark Sierra Nevada, Penney, New-Orleans 11 ds., with sugar and cotton to H. D. Brookman & Co.—(Arr. 19th.)

Brig Brill, (Br., of Prince William, N. S.,) Cowell, St. Thomas Dec. 30, and Salt Cay Jan. 7, with salt to Boyd & Hincken.

Schr. Industry, (of Plymouth,) ——, Port Royal, with resin and turpentine to master.

Schr. L. B. Usher, McKenzie, Rio Grand del Sur 59 ds., with hides to Joseph Bento.

Schr. Wauponsa, Middleton, Frederick, Del., with corn to B. N. Fox.

Schr. Julia A. Whitford, Chichester, Baltimore 4 ds., with coal.

BELOW—Bark Licargo, from Palermo.

WIND—Sunset, S. W.

Sailed.

Ships Fawn, Corsair, Arkwright.

Barks Hannibal, Guerrilla, (U. S.,) Gazelle.

Brigs A. Bradshaw, Exampler, Nebraska, W. Nichols, R. B. Minturn.

Schooners Fanny Keating, E. S. Potter.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Jan. 22—Arr. bark Arna, Bathurst; brigs Frederico, Palermo; Orion, Malaga. Below—Bark Stramboul, Messina.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Peterhoff, recently stationed at Throgg's Point on guard duty, has returned to the Navy-yard.

The Br. steamship Sidon, for Liverpool, is anchored at Quarantine.

DEAFNESS

NOISES IN THE HEAD,

Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,

CATARRH CURED

BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

AT HIS CONSULTING ROOMS,

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1863.

Dr. Von Eisenberg:

DEAR SIR: Without recapitulating the numerous benefits I have received through your wonderful cure of the deafness I have labored under many years, the blessings I enjoy will convince the most skeptical.

I have tried many aurists, in Europe and America, without success. I was still deaf as a post.

Three years ago I entered your office, underwent one operation, hoping, yet doubting, I should receive any relief, but was agreeably disappointed in finding the genius of your profession.

The innate skill you possess cured my deafness in one almost painless operation.

The joy I experienced was indescribable; 'twas a new life to me.

My hearing is perfect to this day.

I strongly advise all who are suffering under a difficulty of hearing, or total deafness, to consult you immediately, as I also personally recommend all who apply to me. The numerous calls trespass on my time and patience, yet, remembering my own long, weary affliction, causes me to pity them.

This is not written to advertise your well-known, unrivaled reputation—that would be peurile; but as a measure of precaution, to induce all to call on you at once, without troubling me; yet I do not refuse to see any one who comes to me. This is the only way I can show my gratitude.

I also call the attention of those who are suffering from Catarrh, which disease I have labored under one year or more.

I experienced difficulty in breathing, langour, heaviness over the eyes, a sense of tightness on the brain, and copious expectorations of a hard and viscid nature. Accompanying this is a "polypus," quite filling the right nostril. On the 25th ult. you operated on both, killing the polypus, which is gradually passing away, and giving me great relief from the Catarrh. One more operation will effectually cure.

This testimonial brings with it my unalloyed and grateful thanks, with but a poor delineation of your wondrous skill as an Aurist.

I am, Sir, yours very gratefully,

EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE

NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

DEMULCENT.

THIS entirely new SOAP is beyond all comparison the best compound yet offered for

CHAPPED

OR

TENDER HANDS,

THE NURSERY, and all

TOILET USES.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

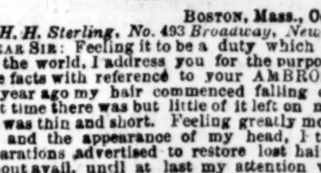
J. C. HULL'S SON,

No. 32 Park Row, New York,

Who also offers upwards of 100 varieties of

TOILET and STAPLE SOAPS and CANDLES.

For sale by most all respectable dealers.



BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 10, 1863.

Dr. H. H. Sterling, No. 493 Broadway, New-York:

DEAR SIR: Feeling it to be a duty which I owe to you and the world, I address you for the purpose of stating some facts with reference to your AMBROSIA. About one year ago my hair commenced falling out, and in a short time there was but little of it left on my head, and that was thin and short. Feeling greatly mortified at its loss and the appearance of my head, I tried various preparations advertised to restore lost hair, &c.; but without avail, until at last my attention was called to an advertisement of your AMBROSIA, with a cut from a photograph from life of Mrs. L. A. Brown. I then determined to try it faithfully, and commenced its use at once, and the result could not have been more satisfactory. My hair is now extremely thick, being an entirely new crop, and when let down reaches below my waist, and is still growing rapidly.

Attributing this gratifying and wonderful result solely to the use of your AMBROSIA, I beg to hand you this letter, with privilege to use it as you may please, and also offer you the use of my photograph, showing the remarkable effect of your preparation on my hair.

Very respectfully and gratefully, yours, &c.,

Miss MINNI APPLETON,

No. 134 South Russell-st., Boston.

RIDGEWOOD SMOKING CASE

This ingenious combination of a METALLIC CASE contains PIPE, STEM, MATCHES and CLEANER, with a handsome TOBACCO POUCH, self-loading, without the use of the fingers, or waste of Tobacco, is free from odor, and *portable as a Cigar Case*. Nothing can excel its UTILITY, COMFORT and ECONOMY for ALL SMOKERS, at HOME or ABROAD. For the ARMY and NAVY it is *invaluable*. As a *Gift to friends* nothing could be more acceptable. SKATERS will find *this Case* a most convenient and agreeable *companion*. It is in various and handsome styles, and at prices from $1 50, $2, $2 25, $2 50, $3 to $3 75 and $5—the two latter *richly plated and engraved*. *Single cases* sent by mail, *paid*, on receipt of price, and 25 cents. Also the

RIDGEWOOD SMOKING TOBACCO.

Nothing superior to it, in *quality* and *flavor*, in the market. Put up in packages to fill the CASE, and larger for the general Trade. SMOKERS, DEALERS and SUTLERS are invited to call and examine these goods. A liberal discount to *dealers*. All ORDERS promptly filled.

RIDGEWOOD MANUFACTURING CO.,

Office, No. 429 Broadway, corner Howard-st.

LATIMER!—PETER LATIMER IS REQUESTED to attend the wedding of "C. J." on the 28th inst. Any person knowing him will please communicate the same. Western papers please copy.

ΙΩΔΗΣ.

IODINE WATER:

A SOLUTION OF PURE IODINE IN PURE WATER.

PREPARED ONLY BY

DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,

Physicians and Chemists,

NO. 428 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

IT ACTS UPON THE

HEART,

LIVER, KIDNEYS,

DIGESTIVE ORGANS, AND GLANDULAR SYSTEM.

The unparalleled success in private practice and the indorsement of

HIGH MEDICAL AUTHORITY,

enable us to recommend

IODINE WATER

for the cure of Scrofula in all forms, Consumption, Cancer, Bronchitis, Heart, Liver and Kidney Diseases; Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, Female Weaknesses, Dyspepsia, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, etc.

AS A TONIC,

its operation is evinced by strengthening the digestive organs and exciting the appetite. In cases of Dyspepsia, Emaciation and Debility, an increased nutrition of the body is the result of the employment of Iodine Water. The patient recovers flesh, strength and color: hitherto pale, relaxed and feeble, he becomes full, strong and florid.

Iodine Water is put up with full directions around each bottle, that it may be used as a family medicine as well as by the practitioner.

Physicians may rely upon the uniform strength of this solution, as containing ¾ grains of Iodine in each fluid ounce pure water—no solvent being used. It is not liable to decomposition nor spontaneously formed inequalities; neither is the Iodine neutralized by combination with any ingredient, and as no unpleasant or injurious results can arise from its continued use, this solution will be found superior to any other method in which Iodine can be exhibited.

The great success which has attended the use of Iodine Water in our own practice, and in the hands of those who have used it, enables us to recommend it to the practitioner and the public as a superior remedy for the cure of Chronic diseases, which have resisted other treatment, feeling confident that with a fair trial it will attest its own excellence.

The genuineness of this solution and its excellence as a medicine are attested by the names of such distinguished men as Dr. Jas. R. Chilton, Professor E. H. Parker, Professor Jas. C. Booth, Dr. E. Whitney, Dr. H. Klingstein, and others.

Price $1 per bottle, $5 per half dozen. Sold by Druggists generally.

CONSULTATIONS FREE.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Bible Examiner for August, 1863, edited by the Rev. George Storrs, contains the following editorial notice:

"IODINE WATER.—In this number of our magazine we introduce to the attention of our readers this medical preparation. We have done so, not for pay, nor because our pages are used as a medium of advertisements—for we have uniformly declined them—but gratitude to God, and a sense of obligation to Dr. Anders & Co. have made us insert one following:

My only son, George F. Storrs, now 37 years old, has been afflicted, for some dozen years, more or less, with painful swellings and inflammations in various parts of his body; oftentimes, seemingly, he was near to death; then a respite for a season, but only for a return of the disease with more violence. For the past three years he has had an open sore on his breast; and latterly one near his collar bone, with ulceration in his throat, that was rapidly increasing, so that dissolution appeared inevitable. In this condition he applied to Dr. Anders & Co. By the use of the Iodine Water the ulceration in his throat disappeared in a short time. Continuing its use, in less than two months he was apparently healed, and his general health much improved. This son, whom I had feared would fall asleep in death before this Summer should close, is now, apparently, in a fair way to recover as perfect health as is common to our mortal state. In gratitude to God, who has thus answered prayer, and in justice to Dr. Anders & Co., I have made this statement, satisfied that there is virtue in the Iodine Water treatment which the readers of this magazine will thank its editor for bringing to their notice.

GEO. STORRS.

Rev. Geo. Storrs' residence, No. 63 Hicks-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

JULY 27, 1863.

Dr. H. Anders & Co.:

GENTS: I have taken one bottle of Iodine Water, with decided advantage, for a chronic bronchitis of several years standing. Yours, &c.,

A. MANN, JR.,

No. 39 Wall-st.

EAST HAMPTON, L. I.,
May 10, 1863.

Dr. H. Anders & Co.:

GENTS: The package of Iodine Water came all right. My disease is that of the *mitral* valve of the heart. Before using the Iodine Water a grating sound being very distinct, even so distinct that it could be heard without difficulty with my overcoat buttoned. Now that rubbing sound is not to be heard.

Yours truly,

GEORGE L. LESTER.

NEW-YORK, January 23, 1863.

Dr. H. Anders & Co.:

GENTS: It affords me the highest pleasure to inform you that your Iodine Water has entirely cured my son Felix of Chronic Inflammatory Rheumatism. His limbs and his extremities were drawn up, and his heart was so affected as to jar his whole body by its excessive palpitations.

T. BERTELING,

Musical Instruments,

167 Bowery.

THE WORLD OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1863.

DR. H. ANDERS & CO.—GENTS: Having used your Iodine Water in a very bad and long-standing case of Dyspepsia, I would offer my testimony to its superior efficacy in the cure of this troublesome and enervating complaint.

Respectfully,

ROBERT REA.

The original of the above, with other testimonials, may be seen at our office.

DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,

Physicians and Chemists,

No. 428 Broadway, New-York.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDIES

KNOWN AS

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

COMPOUND

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

a positive and Specific Remedy for Diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the *water* or *calcerous* depositions, and all unnatural enlargements, are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and is good for *Men, Women, or Children.*

H

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion,
Loss of Memory,
Weak Nerves,
Horror of Disease,
Dimness of Vision,
Hot Hands,
Dryness of the Skin,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.
Loss of Power,
Difficulty of Breathing,
Trembling,
Wakefulness,
Pain in the Back,
Flushing of the Body,
Eruptions on the Face,
Pallid Countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS.

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION!

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED BY ORGANIC WEKNESS

requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

E

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!

OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularities, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhea or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

See symptoms above.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

L

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or Unpleasant Medicines, for unpleasant and Dangerous Diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, at little Expense; little or no change of Diet; no inconvenience. AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing strictures of the urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling POISONOUS, DISEASED AND WORN-OUT MATTER.

Thousands upon thousands who have been the

VICTIMS OF QUACKS,

and who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and,

PERHAPS, AFTER MARRIAGE.

M

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs whether existing

IN MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,

AND IT IS CERTAIN

TO HAVE THE

DESIRED EFFECT

IN ALL DISEASES

FOR WHICH

IT IS RECOMMENDED.

B

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND

FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILIS.

This is an affection of the blood, and attacks the sexual organs, linings of the nose, ears, throat, windpipe and other mucus surfaces, making its appearance in the form of ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and removes all scaly eruptions of the skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of sarsaparilla.

O

HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH,

an excellent lotion for diseases of a syphilitic nature, and as an injection in diseases of the urinary organs arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended. Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

FROM 3 TO 20 YEARS' STANDING, with

NAMES KNOWN TO SCIENCE AND FAME.

For Medical Properties of Buchu,

SEE DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

See Prof. DEWEES valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSIC, Philadelphia.

See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medico-Chirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU, $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA, $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

IMPROVED ROSE WASH, 50 cents per bottle, or six for $2 50.

Or half dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

Describe symptoms in all communications. Cure guaranteed. Advice gratis.

L

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparation contains no narcotic, no mercury or other injurious drugs, but are truly vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854.

WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman,

9th-st., above Race-st., Philadelphia.

Address letters for information, in confidence to

H. T. HELMBOLD,

CHEMIST.

D

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS.

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 BROADWAY, N. Y., OR

594 BROADWAY, N. Y., OR

594 BROADWAY N. Y., OR

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South TENTH-street, Philadelphia.

104 South TENTH-street, Philadelphia.

104 South TENTH-street, Philadelphia.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,

WHO ENDEAVOR TO

Dispose of "their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE IMPROVED ROSEWASH.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S,

TAKE NO OTHER.

☞ Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.